

# PetroPlot, a plotting and data management tool set for Microsoft Excel

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PetroPlot runs on both PC and Mac, with Excel 97 (Office 97) or higher.

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## PetroPlot Tutorial

*(The development of the PetroPlot tutorial package is inspired by Professor [Dennis Geist](#), professor Bill White, and Professor David Christie)*

- [PetroPlot files](#) (Explains PetroPlot files and their functionality)
- [PetroPlot startup](#) (How to install PetroPlot and how to get the menu bar)
- [The "Muiti-XY Plots" function](#)
- [The "ChangeXY" function](#)
- [The "Add Data Label \(XY Chart\)" function](#)
- [The "Spider Diagram" function](#)
- [The "Label Log Scale" function](#)

- [The "Clear Values" function](#)
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- [The "Delete Sample" function](#)
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- [use "Cubic Spline Interpolation functions"](#)
  
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- PetroPlot known problems
  - [Install PetroPlot.xla on Macintosh](#)
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  - [Empty cells when using "Multi-XY Plots"](#)
  - [Chart type is not XY Scatter](#)
  - [A chart contains data from multiple files or sheets](#)
  
- [PetroPlot conventions](#)
  
- [Using Visual Basic Editor in Excel](#)

# PetroPlot FAQ

## *Excel questions*

- Q: How to move a chart from embedded object inside a worksheet into a separate chart sheet?  
A: Click Excel menu: Chart --> Location
- Q: Most people, including myself, would like multiple panels in a single figure when preparing publications. Can you make XY plots with fixed PLOT area (vs. fixed CHART area)?  
A: We have tried a variety of ways, but couldn't get a fixed Plot area. We'll continue to investigate the possibility. If you know any information about it, please [contact us](#).
- Q: When making log scale XY plots, the default minimum and maximum values on axes are fixed to 10's and 10th – i.e., 0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100, 1000 etc. ? Is it possible that maximum and minimum on an axis can be of any values, say, 0.2, 0.6, 20, 40, 200 etc?  
A: We couldn't get flexible scales on a real log scale axis.  
However, we manage to label a linear-axis using log scale. Please try our ["Label Log Scale"](#) function

## *PetroPlot Specifics*

- Q: I made an XY chart, why did PetroPlot tell me it's not an XY Scatter?  
A: Mostly likely you added some lines to connect the points. [Read more...](#)
- Q: PetroPlot used to have "Remove Data Label" function, why is that gone? How do I remove labels?  
A: To remove labels for a series in a chart, simply select the labels, and hit the "Delete" button on your keyboard.  
Since it's an easy operation, we deleted the "Remove Data Label" function.
- Q: I have always found it useful to leave the first 2 lines of each spreadsheet for titles and information about the contents. I encourage the authors to consider a modification to this effect.  
A: Though the examples we provided put header on the first line, and data start from the second line, PetroPlot doesn't reserve the second line for data. You can certainly put more info lines on the top of a worksheet. PetroPlot does reserve the **first line** to be column header  
  
Q: Even more useful would be giving the user the option of specifying which line contains the column headings.  
A: We consider this as a good suggestion, and will implement it in the next generation of

PetroPlot software.

- Q: The biggest change that I would like to see concerns the “Change XY” routine. At present, this routine works for only one plot at a time. It would be really useful to combine the rapid multi-plot functionality of “Multi XY Plots” with the ability to use a template to specify the symbols used.  
A: Excellent idea. We'll consider it for PetroPlot2.0.

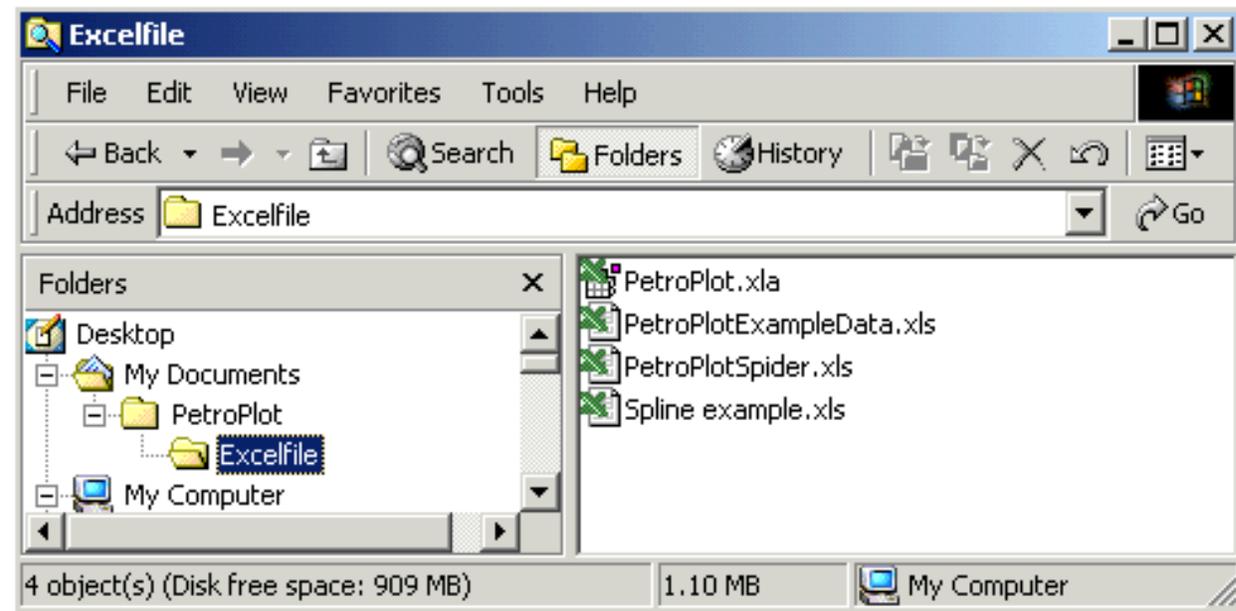
*Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su*

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot tutorial homepage**

# PetroPlot Tutorial

## Directories and files

The folder **Excelfile** contains four files: [PetroPlot.xla](#), [PetroPlotSpider.xls](#), [PetroPlotExampleData.xls](#), [spline example.xls](#).



### ***PetroPlot.xla***

As the core Excel add-in library file, "PetroPlot.xla" is required for all PetroPlot functions. Similar to other Excel add-in libraries, this file runs in the background in Excel. The source codes can be viewed in Visual Basic Editor. ([How?](#))

### ***PetroPlotSpider.xls*** (Note: the name of this file should not be modified.)

This file contains normalization standard values for spider diagrams. Required for the PetroPlot Spider Diagram function.

It is provided with three worksheets: REE, AllTrace and MyValues.

The REE and AllTrace worksheets contain chondrite, primitive mantle and average MORB values from Sun & McDonough (1989) and McDonough & Sun (1995).

	A	B	C	Z	AA	AB	AC
1	<b>Normalization standard</b>	Cs	Rb	Lu	-1	K2O	K
2	CI chondrite (McDonough & Sun 95)	0.19	2.3	0.0246		0.066253	
3	Pyrolite (McDonough & Sun 95)	0.021	0.6	0.0675		0.02891	
4	CI chondrite (Sun & McDonough 89)	0.188	2.32	0.0254		0.065651	
5	P mantle (Sun & McDonough 89)	0.0079	0.635	0.074		0.030115	
6	NMORB (Sun & McDonough 89)	0.007	0.56	0.455		0.072276	
7	EMORB (Sun & McDonough 89)	0.063	5.04	0.354		0.252966	2
8	-1						
9	[1] Mcdonough, W.F. & Sun, S.-S., 1995, The composition						
10	[2] Sun, S.-S. & McDonough, W.F., 1989. Chemical and is						
11	Footnote for P mantle (Sun & McDon In Table1, Sun & Mc						
12							

The MyValues worksheet is a demo showing how a customized worksheet could be added to the PetroPlotSpider.xls file.

The screenshot shows an Excel spreadsheet with the following data:

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1	Normalization standard	Li	Be	B	-1	My explanation B	
2	My Standard 1	1	2	3			
3	My Standard 2	4	5	6			
4	-1						
5	My explanation A						
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							
11							
12							
13							

The spreadsheet also shows a worksheet tab labeled 'MyValues' and a status bar with 'Ready' and 'NUM'.

All worksheets in *PetroPlotSpider.xls* obey 3 rules :

- (1) Each row represents a normalization standard; each column contains values for one element.
- (2) Standard names must be in Column A, and element names must be in Row 1.
- (3) “-1” is required as termination value in both Column A and Row 1. Extra information beyond the “-1” signs will not be used for spider diagram plotting.

Users may add an arbitrary number of worksheets. Inside each worksheet (including the provided AllTrace and REE), arbitrary numbers of standards or elements can also be added. The order of elements can be changed, and the data values can be modified. In another words, the spider diagram normalization values can be fully customized.

### *PetroPlotExampleData.xls*

An Excel file with petrology data for the demonstration purpose ONLY.

Data source is Niu and Batiza (1997).

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1	Series Name	Series No.	sample_id	material	latitude	longitude	elevation	SiO2
2	N5	1	WASRAI2-001-014	glass	5.777	-102.183	-1938	49.18
3	N5	1	WASRAI2-001-017	glass	5.777	-102.183	-1938	49.87
4	N5	1	WASRAI2-003-001	glass	5.775	-102.212	-1788	49.12
5	N5	1	WASRAI2-003-003	glass	5.775	-102.212	-1788	50.27
6	N5	1	WASRAI2-003-004	glass	5.775	-102.212	-1788	50.72
7	N5	1	WASRAI2-004-007	glass	5.6	-103.018	-2320	50.65
8	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-007-013	glass	8.145	-103.178	-2087	50.45
9	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-008-008	glass	8.353	-103.023	-3800	50.81
10	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-009-001	glass	8.392	-103.525	-3100	50.01
11	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-010-003	glass	8.348	-104.105	-2731	50.29
12	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-012-001	glass	8.363	-105.638	-2865	48.34
13	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-013-001	glass	8.402	-104.688	-2180	48.4
14	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-013-002	glass	8.402	-104.688	-2180	48.4
15	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-015-001	glass	8.768	-104.528	-1682	48.97

The format of an ordinary file should follow the format of this example file.

For instance, in a data sheet, each row represents a sample/analysis; each column represents a category (location, element, element ratio, etc) and the first row is always reserved for headers (i.e. element names etc).

However, unlike the PetroPlotSpider.xls, it is not required to put sample names in Column A. Data can begin on any row below row 1.

### *spline example.xls*

An Excel file for the demonstration of the spline functions.

Microsoft Excel - Spline example.xls

File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data Window Help

A1 = x (sorted ascending)

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	x (sorted ascending)	y	Spline (table of first derivative values)			
2	latitude	depth				x values to interpolat
3	33.17	2710	0			
4	33.256	2294	3277.50744			
5	33.34118333	2097	164647.146			
6	33.342	2099	-35102.0651			
7	33.47596667	2497	93003.2618			
8	33.61078333	4377	152435.93			
9	33.65	3907	-5639786.78			
10	33.72	3028	17464353.5			
11	33.7225	3860	-26161327.8			
12	33.76536667	3562	6800922.14			
13	33.81433333	3388	-2190544.77			
14	33.84	3356	303776.687			
15	33.88433333	3167	-99319.8887			
16	33.91033333	3070	142226.79			
17	33.9435	3043	98060.5102			
18	33.97333333	3073	-206308.53			
19	34.02516667	3050	425897.538			
20	34.06716667	3397	-404745.345			
21	34.16506667	3084	271764.89			
22	34.21283333	3197	-129227.436			
23	34.27	3168	-54201.2008			
24	34.35	2998	156880.371			
25	34.37666667	2954	-985564.362			
26	34.385	2855	411123.453			
27	34.44833333	2795	234965.224			
28	34.45166667	2922	924691.42			

**Paul Asimow:**  
 Spline is an array function (so you select entire range, type function, then command+Return for Mac; Ctrl+Shift+Enter for PC)  
 Arguments are:  
 XX, array of x values, must all be distinct and sorted (either ascending or descending)  
 YY, array of y values  
 n, length of arrays XX and YY  
 Return array: table of estimates of first derivative at each XX value; note functions presently assumes "natural" spline with 0 first

Sheet1 / Sheet2 / Sheet3

Ready

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This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Directories and files**

# PetroPlot Tutorial

## Installation

### System Requirements

Any system that runs Microsoft Excel 97 (Office 97) or higher.

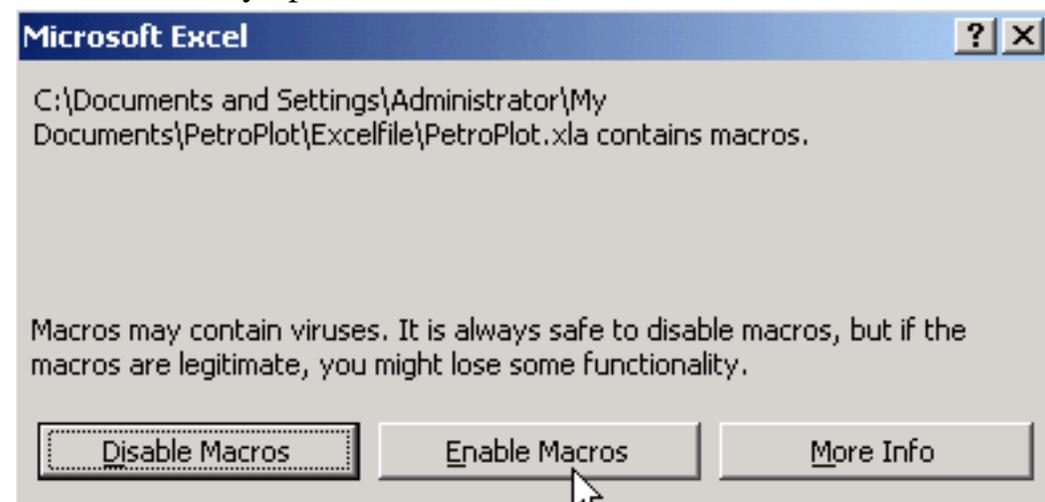
### Open PetroPlot library:

There are two ways to open the PetroPlot.xla library:

- 1) Manually open the file;
- 2) Install it once, then it will automatically open each time Excel starts.

#### 1) *Manually open*

You can directly open the "PetroPlot.xla" in Excel, and remember to "Enable Macros".

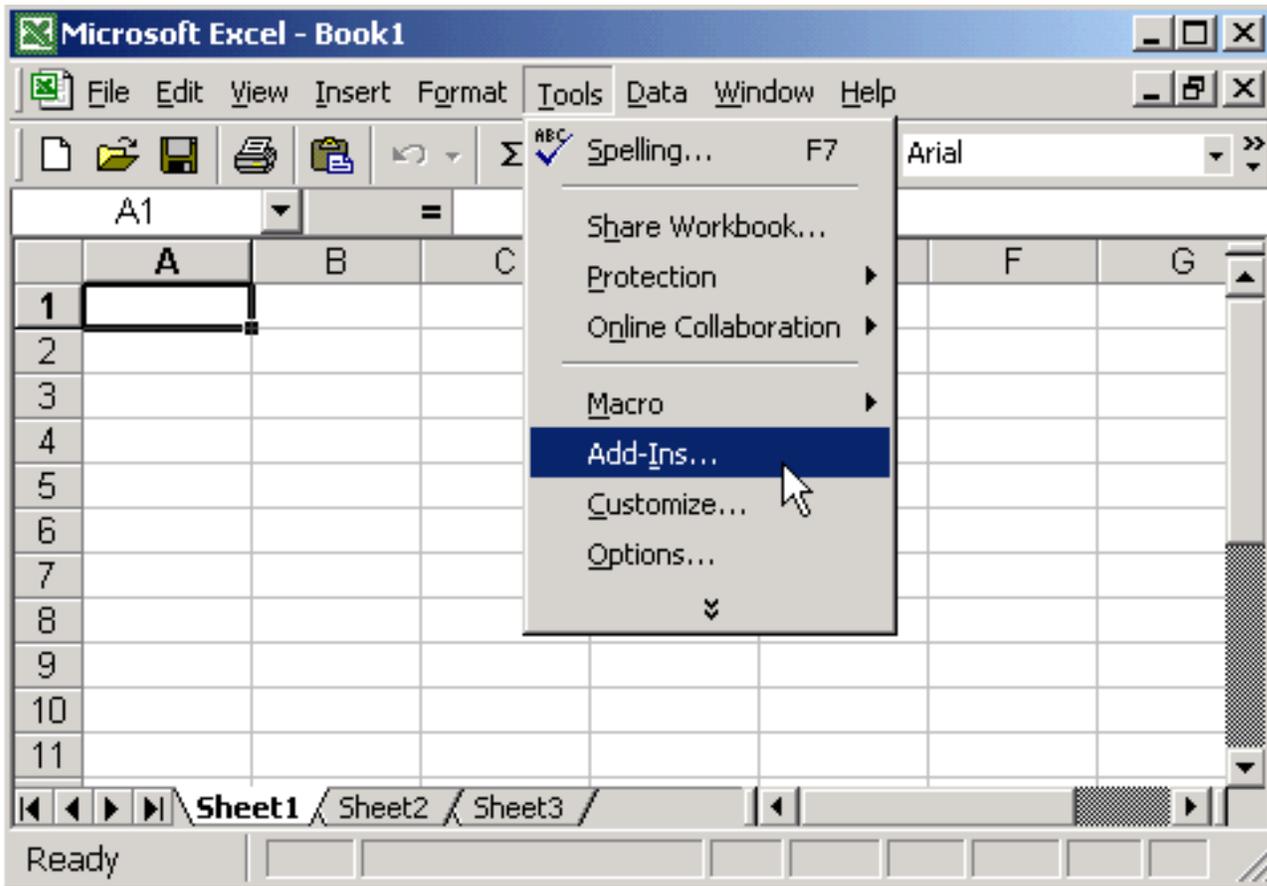


#### 2) *Install "Add-ins"*

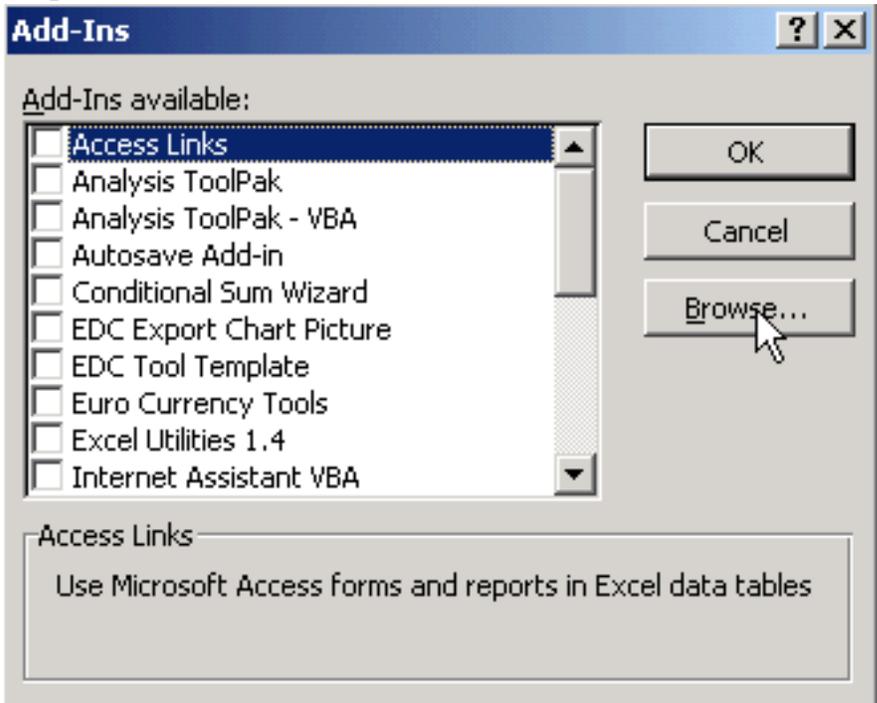
To avoid manually opening this file each time you want to use it, you can install it through "Add-ins"

*(Known problem for Mac: On some old MAC OS, the installation of PetroPlot Add-In may cause Excel to take a long time to start. If that happens, it is suggested you manually open the PetroPlot.xla instead of installing the Add-In.)*

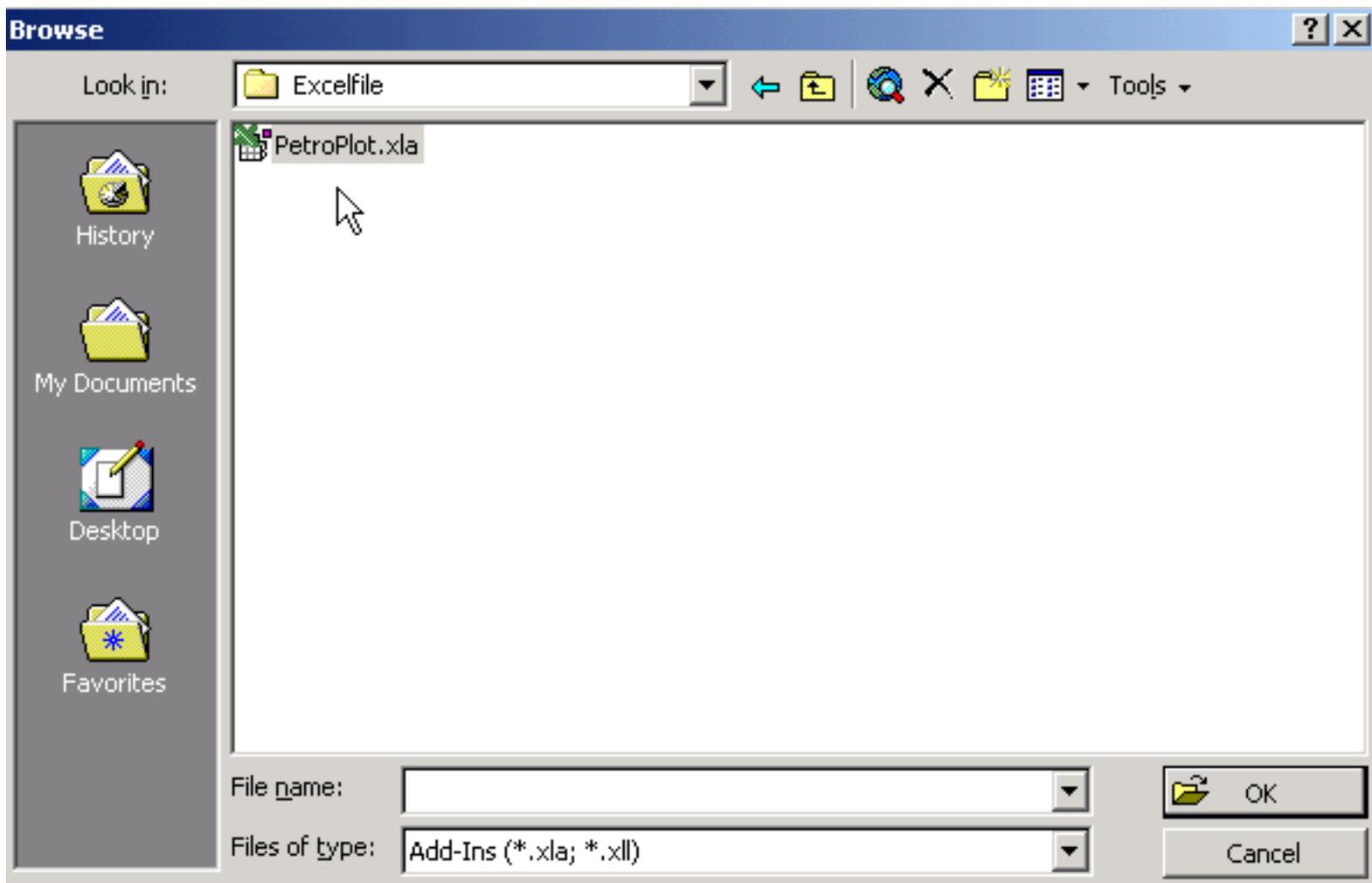
Step 1. In Microsoft Excel, open "Tools" menu bar, click "Add-Ins" button



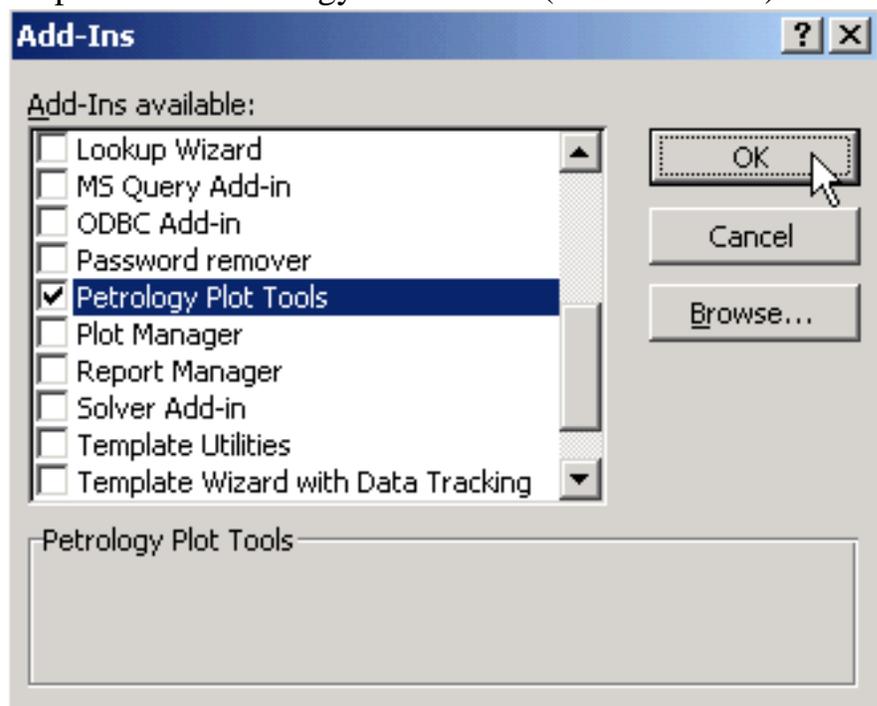
Step 2. click the "Browse" button to locate the PetroPlot.xla file.



Select the PetroPlot.xla



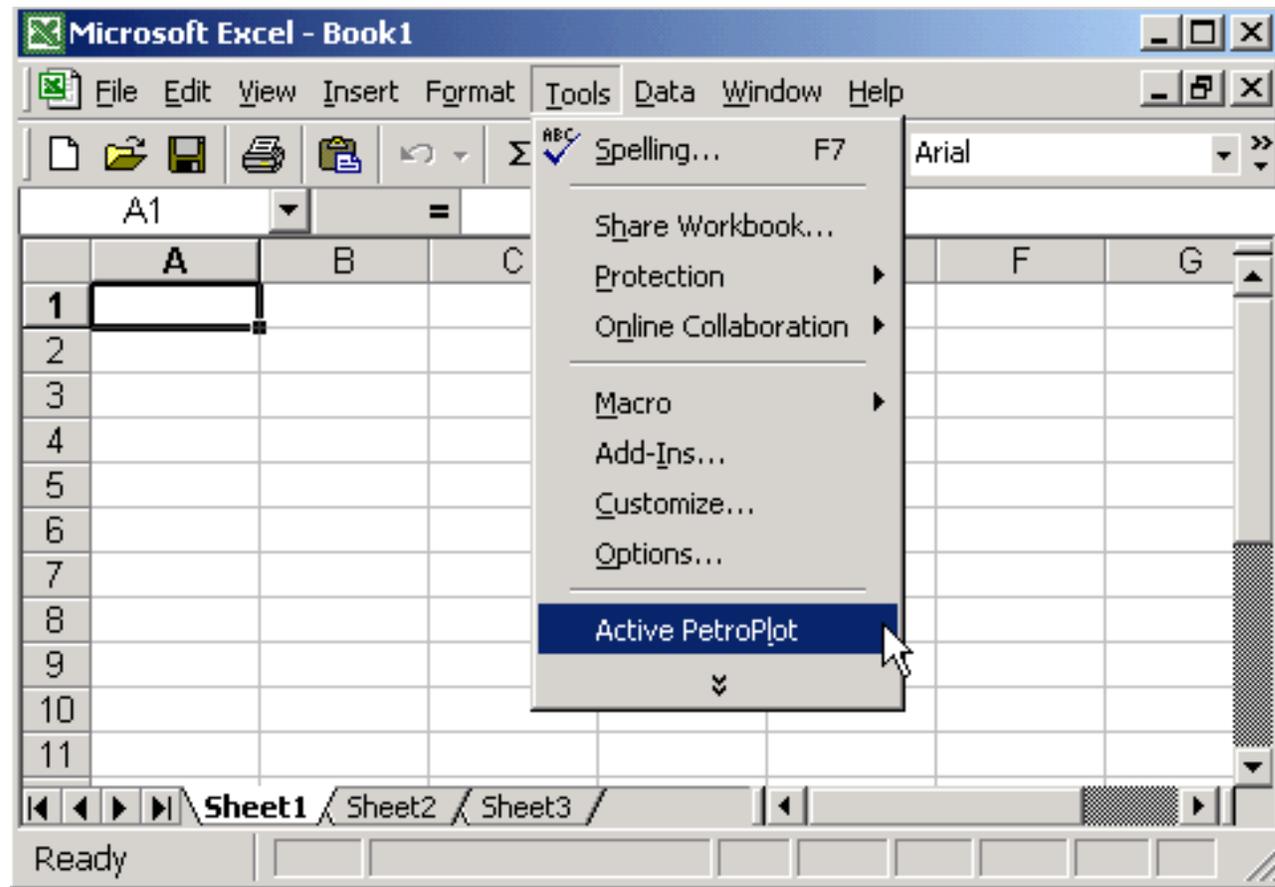
Step 3. Find "Petrology Plot Tools" (or "PetroPlot") and select it. Click the "OK" button.



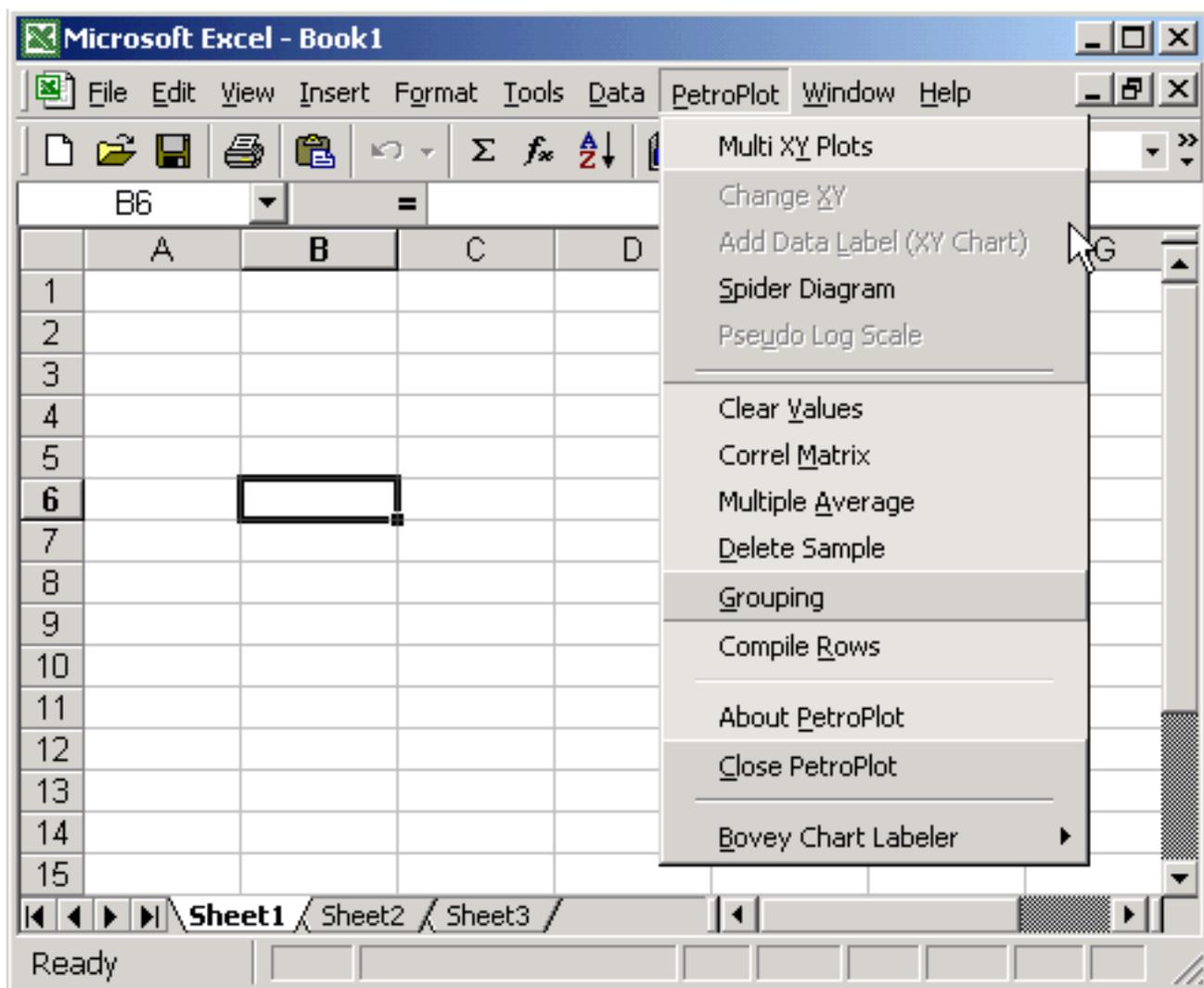
### Active PetroPlot library:

Now under "Tools" menu bar, there should be a button called "Active PetroPlot"

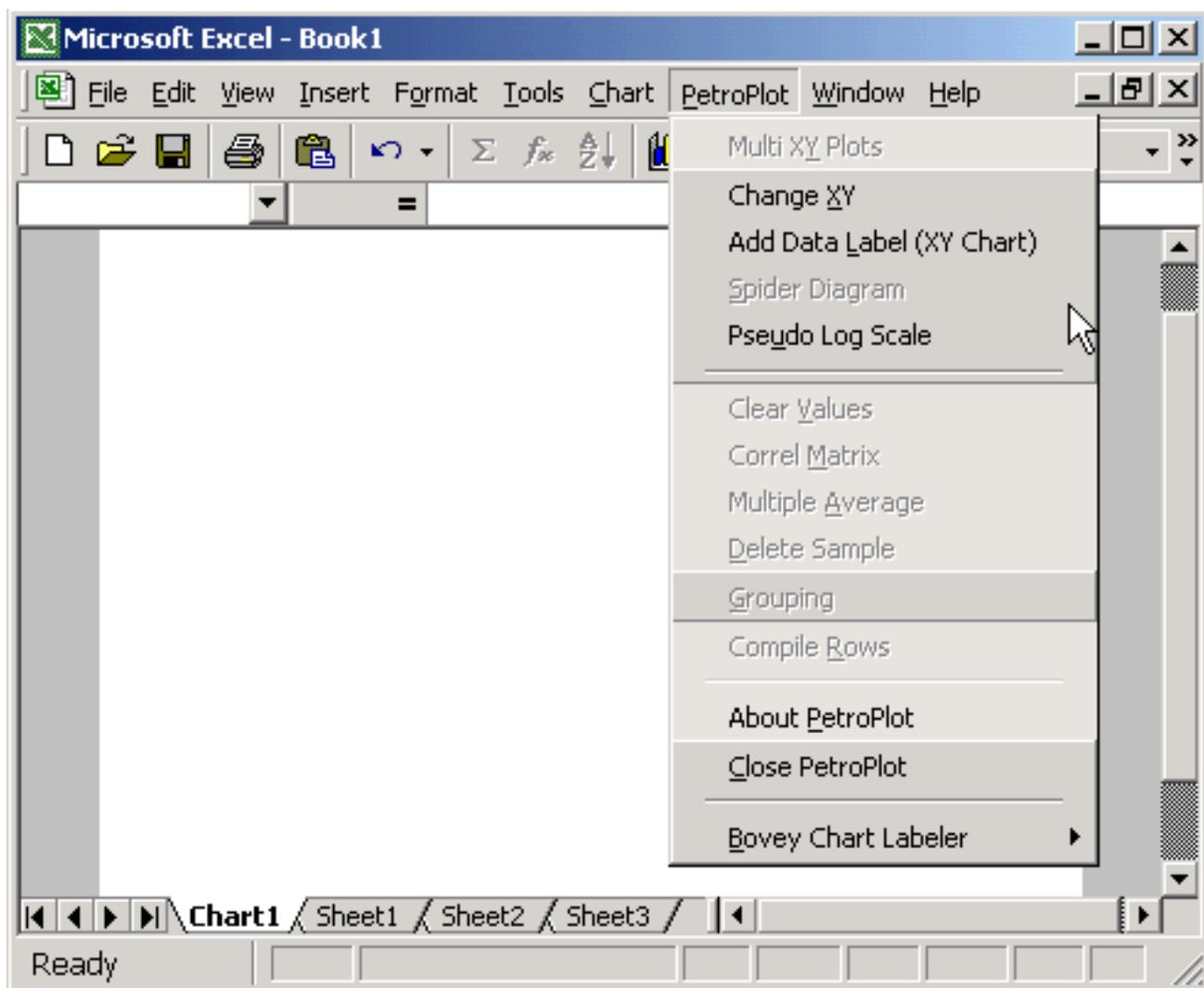
Click "Active PetroPlot" to activate "PetroPlot" Menu bar.



Here is an example of PetroPlot menus in sheet mode

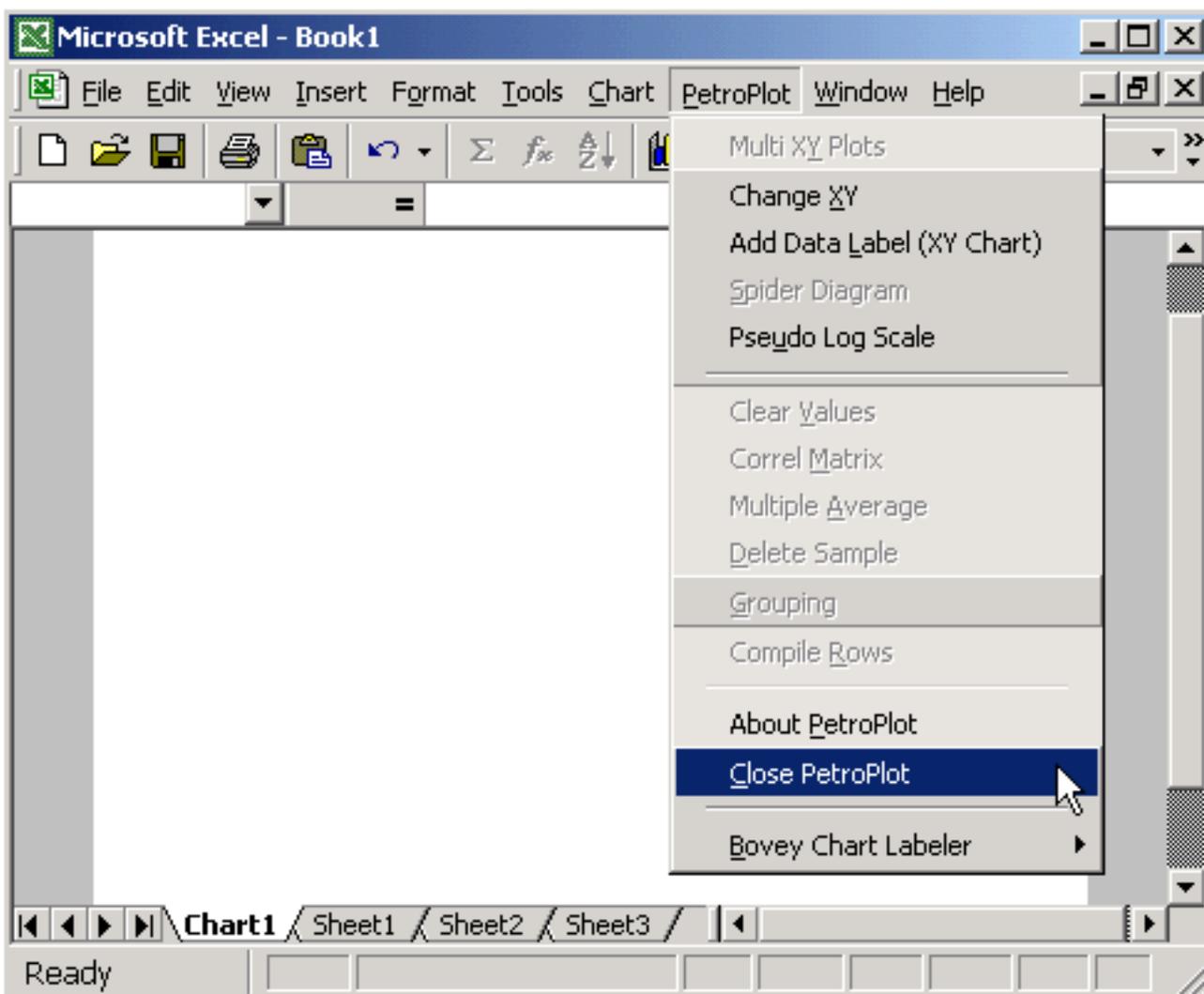


Here is an example of PetroPlot menus in chart mode



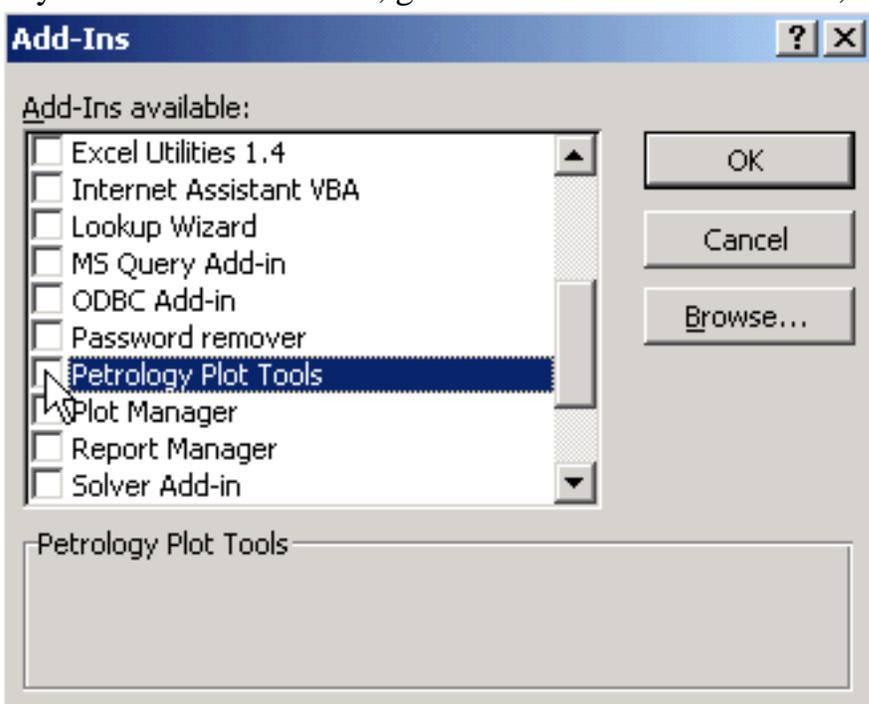
### **Close and uninstall PetroPlot**

You can hide the "PetroPlot" menu by clicking the "Close PetroPlot" button.



Notice that the PetroPlot library is still open.

If you want to uninstall it, go to "Tools" --> "Add-Ins...", then deselect the "Petrology Plot Tools" option.



*Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su*

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Installation**

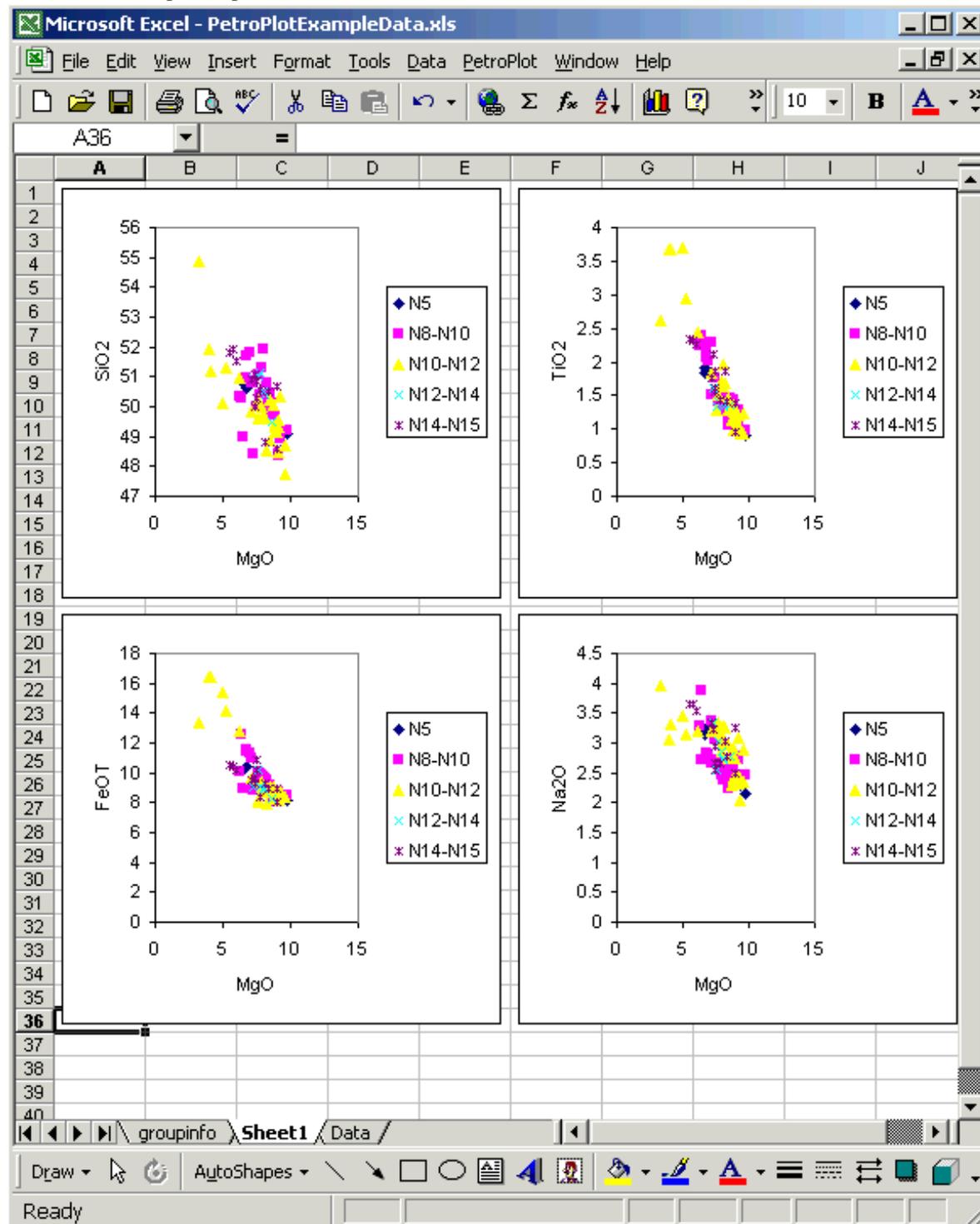
# PetroPlot Tutorial

## Multi-XY function

### Purpose:

The PetroPlot multi-plot function makes a large number of XY plots at one time. Each plot allows multiple groups of samples to be plotted using discrete symbols.

Here is an example output of this function.



**Start:**

Open "PetroPlotExampleData.xls" in Excel.

Activate the "data" sheet.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
1	Series Name	Series No.	sample_id	material	latitude	longitude	elevation	SiO2	TiO2	Al2O3	FeOT
2	N5	1	WASRAI2-001-014	glass	5.777	-102.183	-1938	49.18	1.01	16.42	
3	N5	1	WASRAI2-001-017	glass	5.777	-102.183	-1938	49.87	1.2	15.38	
4	N5	1	WASRAI2-003-001	glass	5.775	-102.212	-1788	49.12	0.91	16.68	
5	N5	1	WASRAI2-003-003	glass	5.775	-102.212	-1788	50.27	1.35	15.1	
6	N5	1	WASRAI2-003-004	glass	5.775	-102.212	-1788	50.72	1.92	14.89	
7	N5	1	WASRAI2-004-007	glass	5.6	-103.018	-2320	50.65	1.84	14.72	
8	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-007-013	glass	8.145	-103.178	-2087	50.45	1.05	14.96	
9	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-008-008	glass	8.353	-103.023	-3800	50.81	1.51	14.18	
10	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-009-001	glass	8.392	-103.525	-3100	50.01	1.48	15.22	
11	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-010-003	glass	8.348	-104.105	-2731	50.29	2.28	13.66	
12	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-012-001	glass	8.363	-105.638	-2865	48.34	1.27	17.18	
13	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-013-001	glass	8.402	-104.688	-2180	48.4	2.28	16.88	
14	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-013-002	glass	8.402	-104.688	-2180	48.4	1.29	17.16	
15	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-015-001	glass	8.768	-104.528	-1682	48.97	2.38	18.1	
16	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-016-001	glass	8.843	-104.56	-2985	50.39	1.58	14.83	
17	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-016-002	glass	8.843	-104.56	-2985	50.12	1.08	16.05	
18	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-017-001	glass	8.912	-104.565	-2720	50.33	2.23	15.08	
19	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-018-003	glass	8.935	-104.457	-2720	49.99	1.76	15.84	
20	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-019-004	glass	8.933	-104.405	-2375	49.75	1.09	16.07	
21	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-020-002	glass	8.995	-104.373	-2985	51.28	1.5	14.73	
22	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-020-003	glass	8.995	-104.373	-2985	51.81	2.01	14.07	
23	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-021-006	glass	8.897	-104.143	-2711	50.82	1.42	15.27	
24	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-022-001	glass	8.897	-104.102	-2761	51.92	1.33	14.67	
25	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-023-002	glass	9.035	-104.045	-3025	49.18	0.98	17.38	
26	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-024-001	glass	8.963	-103.208	-3140	51.08	1.4	14.75	
27	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-024-005	glass	8.963	-103.208	-3140	51.68	2.07	13.97	
28	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-025-001	glass	8.882	-103.788	-2220	50.21	1.26	15.54	
29	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-028-003	glass	8.812	-103.902	-1984	50.97	2.16	13.95	
30	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-028-007	glass	8.812	-103.902	-1984	49.85	1.15	15.94	
31	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-029-006	glass	8.687	-104.072	-2726	49.73	1.44	16.35	
32	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-030-030	glass	9.168	-105.595	-1892	48.94	1.08	16.91	
33	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-031-001	glass	9.087	-105.02	-2345	49.99	1.18	15.74	

Notice: the first row of data sheet is reserved for headers (i.e. element names etc). This is **mandatory** to use PetroPlot.

In this example, Column A is reserved for series name, and column B is reserved for series number.

This setup is optional. PetroPlot does not require the column positions. However, we suggest that you use the first two columns for series name & number.

**Step 1:**

Select the data range on "data" sheet.

Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls

File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data PetroPlot Window Help

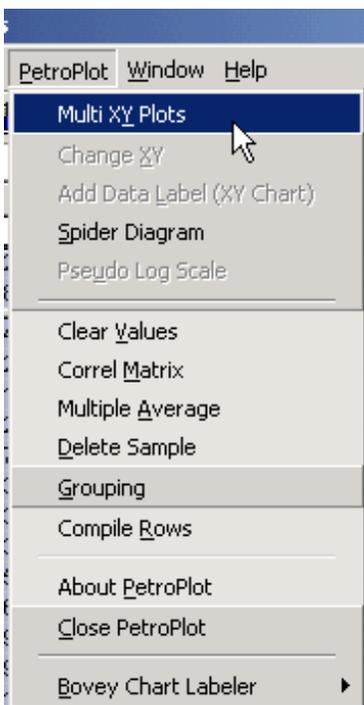
H2 = 49.18

	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R
1	elevation	SiO2	TiO2	Al2O3	FeOT	MnO	MgO	CaO	Na2O	K2O	P2O5	Ba
2	-1938	49.18	1.01	16.42	8.43	0.15	9.35	12.76	2.29	0.04	0.13	
3	-1938	49.87	1.2	15.38	9.42	0.2	8.28	12.96	2.55	0.05	0.15	
62	-2680	49.48	1.36	16.84	8.29	0.17	8.63	11.77	2.77	0.21	0.19	2
63	-2725	51	1.33	14.52	10.2	0.19	7.59	12.05	2.55	0.1	0.14	2
64	-2530	50.38	1.38	15.31	8.94	0.16	8.1	12.36	2.75	0.12	0.17	1
65	-1828	50.52	1.37	15.52	8.91	0.14	7.98	12.12	2.87	0.12	0.15	1
66	-2350	50.52	1.34	15.77	8.95	0.17	8.04	11.97	2.71	0.11	0.14	1
67	-2939	51.14	1.41	15.13	9.02	0.18	7.74	11.83	3.03	0.07	0.15	
68	-1842	50.96	1.62	15.53	9.05	0.18	7.27	11.47	3.34	0.11	0.18	
69	-2685	50.52	1.4	15.23	9	0.17	8.34	12	2.77	0.08	0.16	
70	-2871	50.27	1.86	14.75	10.85	0.21	7.48	11.38	2.65	0.11	0.17	1
71	-2284	50.68	0.96	15.46	8.03	0.15	8.99	12.75	2.5	0.05	0.14	
72	-2570	50.56	1.43	15.9	8.34	0.17	7.79	12.1	2.66	0.48	0.23	1
73	-2840	51.91	2.32	14.69	10.36	0.2	5.75	9.93	3.64	0.52	0.33	10
74	-2840	48.8	1.87	16.61	9.33	0.17	8.15	11.16	3.04	0.34	0.23	10
75	-2740	49.98	2.12	16.07	9.3	0.18	7.37	10.7	3.24	0.46	0.28	6
76	-2740	51.51	2.26	14.74	10.16	0.2	6.06	10.42	3.54	0.5	0.3	6
77	-2800	51.79	2.33	14.85	10.48	0.2	5.54	10.01	3.64	0.53	0.3	10
78	-3053	48.56	1.39	17.11	8.95	0.17	9.02	11.09	3.25	0.05	0.13	
79	-2594	50.93	1.77	14.93	9.55	0.19	7.18	11.48	3.34	0.17	0.2	1
80	-2995	50.84	1.62	14.46	10.22	0.21	7.49	12.09	2.56	0.09	0.15	
81	-2563	51.09	1.57	14.89	9.6	0.17	7.43	11.68	2.95	0.16	0.17	
82												
83												
84												
85												
86	ANIC CRUST IN THE EASTERN PACIFIC MANTLE											
87												
88												
89	functions ONLY.											
90	accuracy or any scientific implication.											
91												

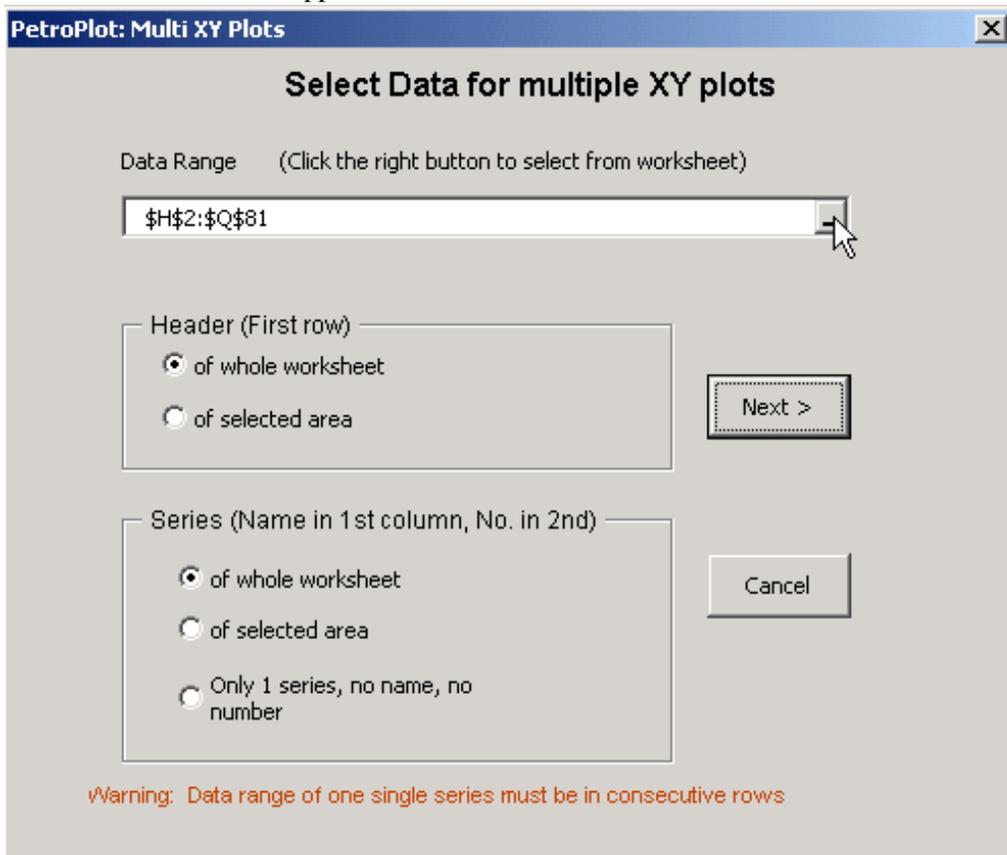
Ready | Sum=7974.944

You don't need to select the series name & series number columns if they are the first two columns on the sheet

**Step 2:**  
Click the "Multi-XY plots" button



The Select Data window appears.



You can modify the data range by clicking the right side of the input box.

14.53	10.2	0.19	7.69	11.05
<b>PetroPlot: Multi XY Plots</b>				
\$H\$2:\$Q\$81				
15.11	9.35	0.17	8.84	11.31
15.13	9.02	0.18	7.74	11.83
15.53	9.05	0.18	7.27	11.47
15.23	9	0.17	8.34	12
14.75	10.85	0.21	7.48	11.38

Set the Header position and series info position, then click the "Next" button.

**PetroPlot: Multi XY Plots**

### Select Data for multiple XY plots

Data Range (Click the right button to select from worksheet)

\$H\$2:\$Q\$81

Header (First row)

- of whole worksheet
- of selected area

Series (Name in 1st column, No. in 2nd)

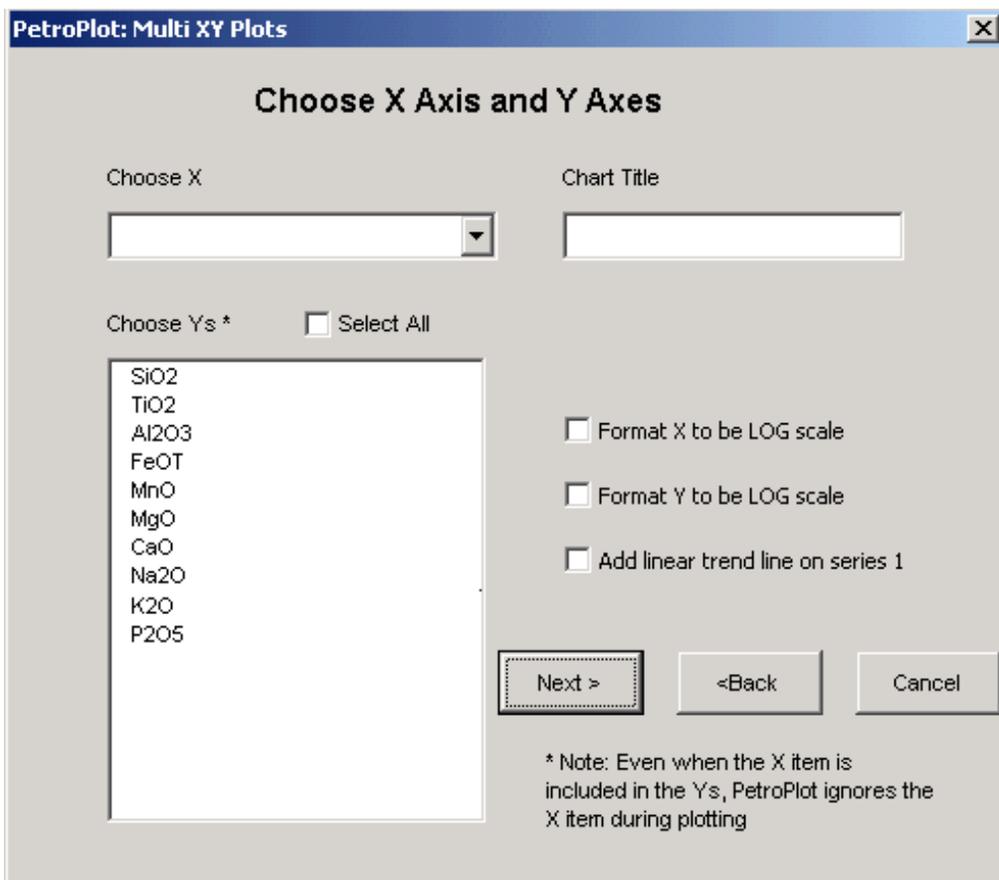
- of whole worksheet
- of selected area
- Only 1 series, no name, no number

Next >

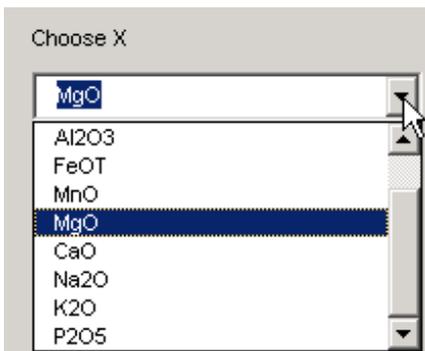
Cancel

*Warning: Data range of one single series must be in consecutive rows*

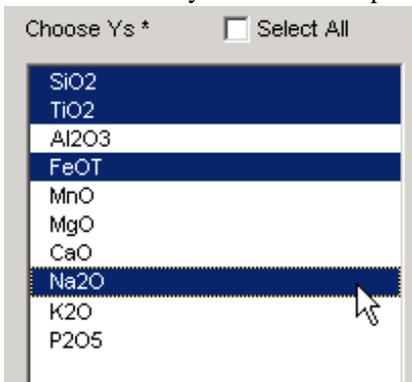
**Step 3:**  
Choose axes.



You can select ONLY ONE X-axis.



Hold the Ctrl key to select multiple Y-axes.



All the right side inputs are optional.

Chart Title

Format X to be LOG scale

Format Y to be LOG scale

Add linear trend line on series 1

Now click the "Next" button.

**PetroPlot: Multi XY Plots** [X]

### Choose X Axis and Y Axes

Choose X:

Chart Title:

Choose Ys \*  Select All

SiO2
TiO2
Al2O3
FeOT
MnO
MgO
CaO
Na2O
K2O
P2O5

Format X to be LOG scale

Format Y to be LOG scale

Add linear trend line on series 1

\* Note: Even when the X item is included in the Ys, PetroPlot ignores the X item during plotting

**Done!** You get the plots as in the [result diagram](#).

**Known problems:**

**Empty cell problem.**

If there exist empty cells in the selected data range, the PetroPlot program might hang up. [Details...](#)

*Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su*

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Multi-XY function**

# PetroPlot Tutorial

## ChangeXY function

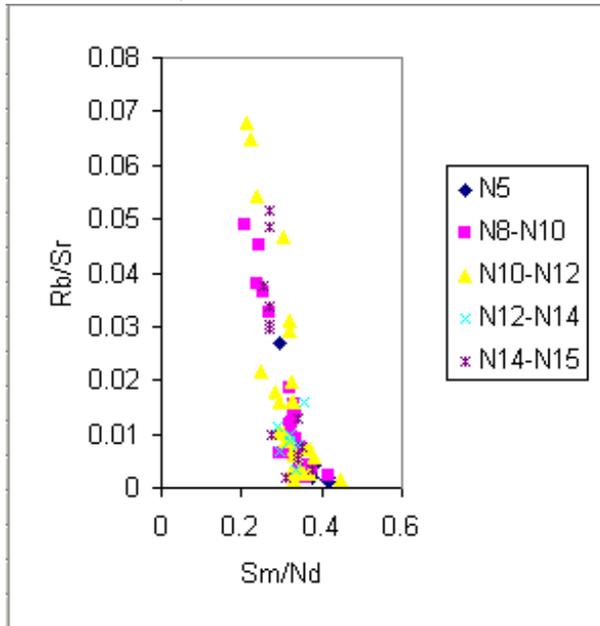
### Purpose:

This function changes axes for all series in a single XY plot, while preserving the chart format.

It is useful for generating multiple high-quality plots with complex formatting, especially when there are a large number of series.

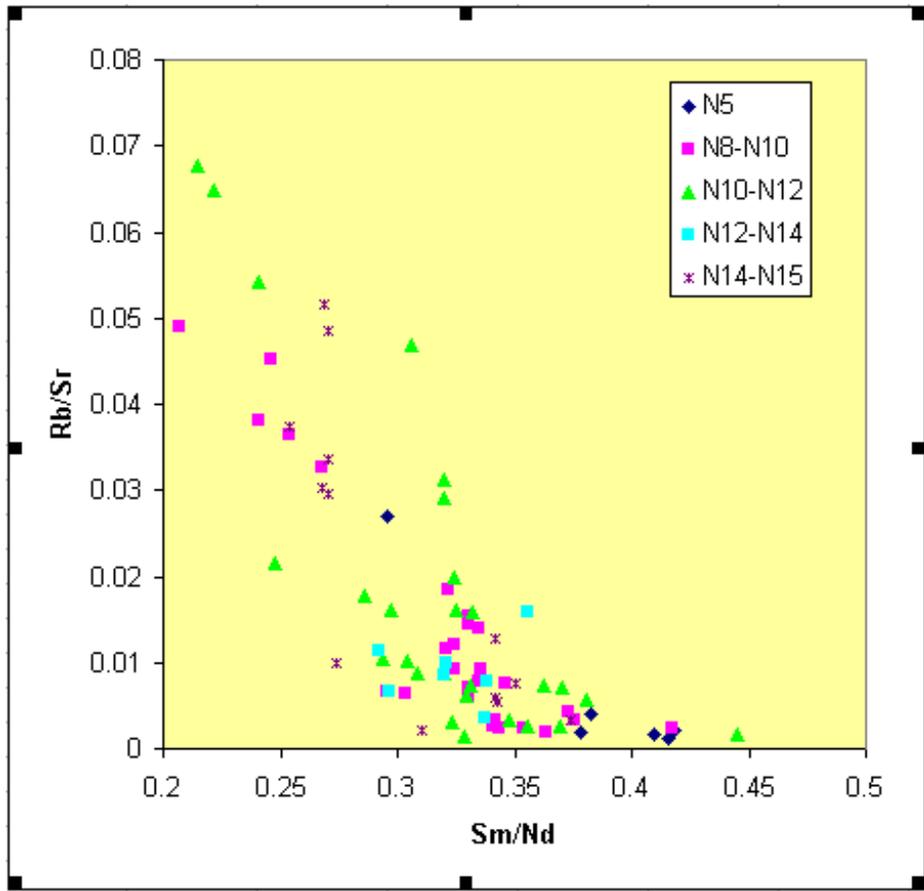
For example, the formatting of the XY charts follows Excel's default settings, which might be unsatisfactory.

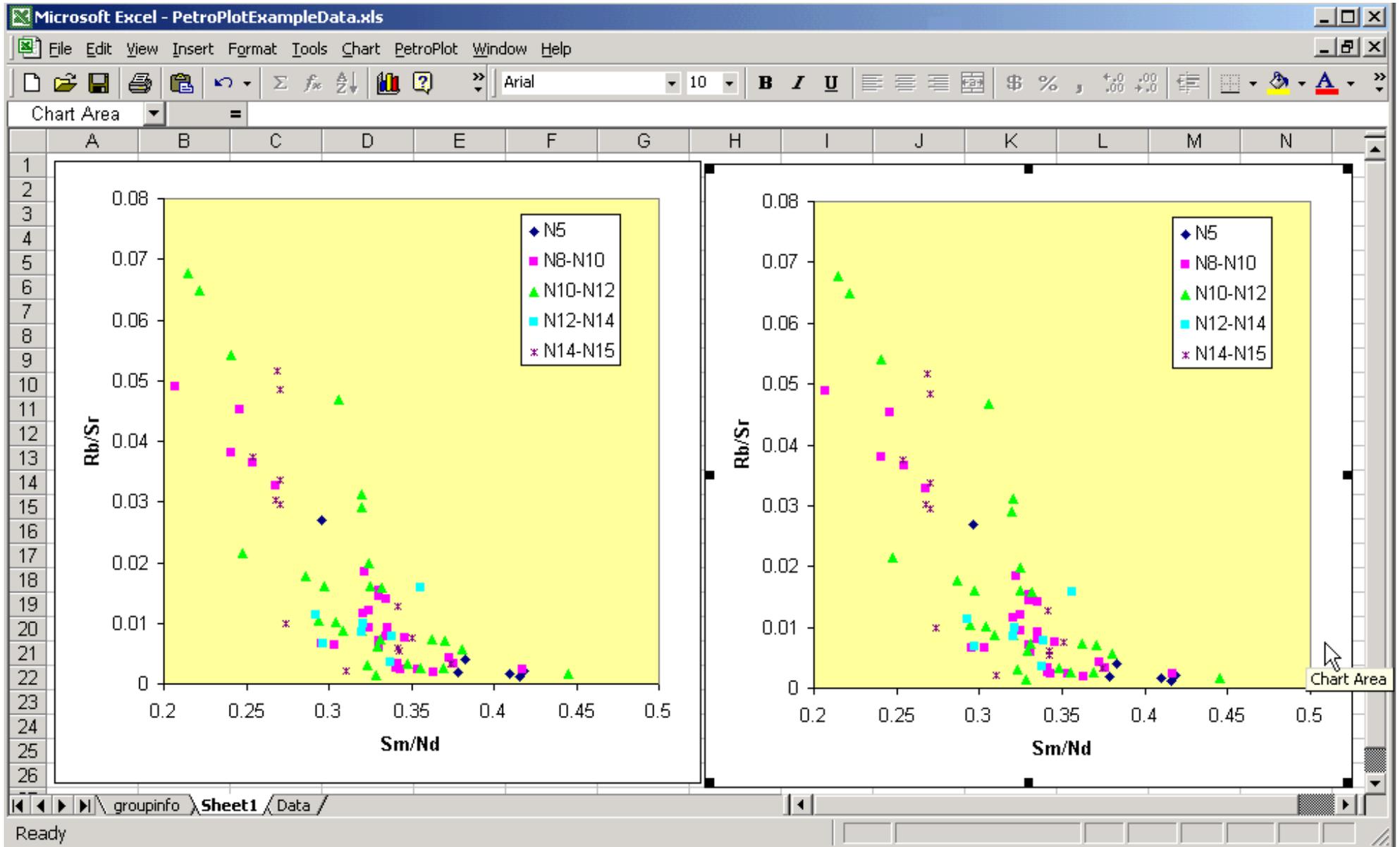
In the following, series 1 uses blue diamonds, series 2 uses pink squares, and series 3 uses yellow triangles, etc. You may want to change the colors or the shapes



### Start:

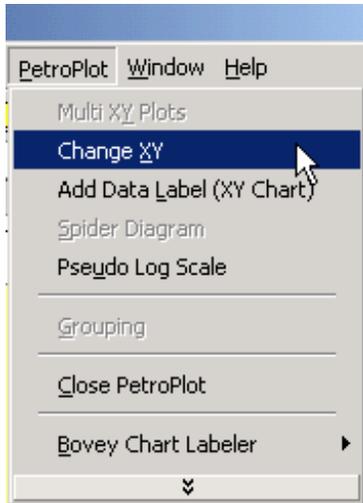
Format the diagram as you want. This is your template.





**Step 2:**

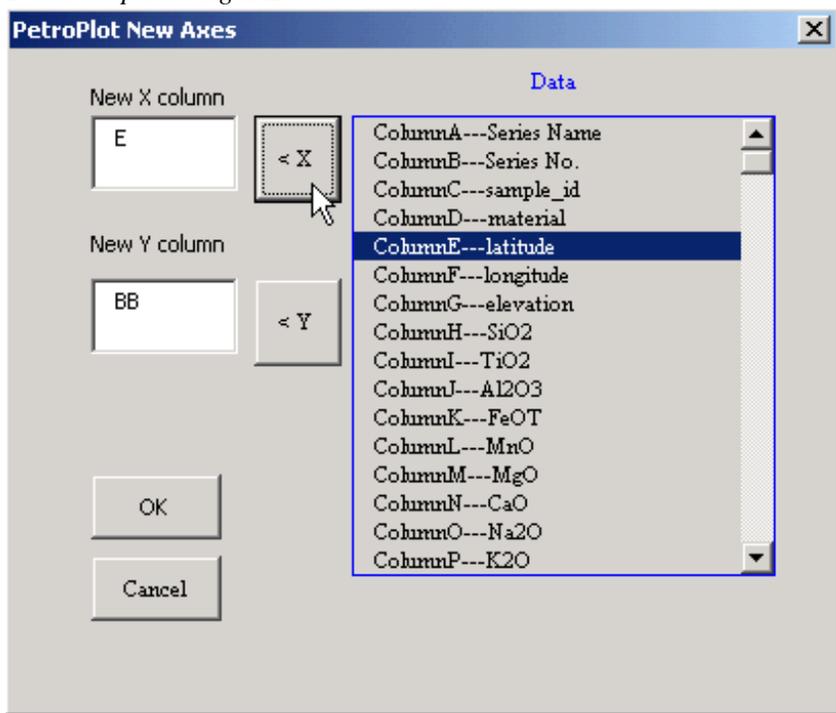
Select the diagram, Click the PetroPlot --> ChangeXY button.



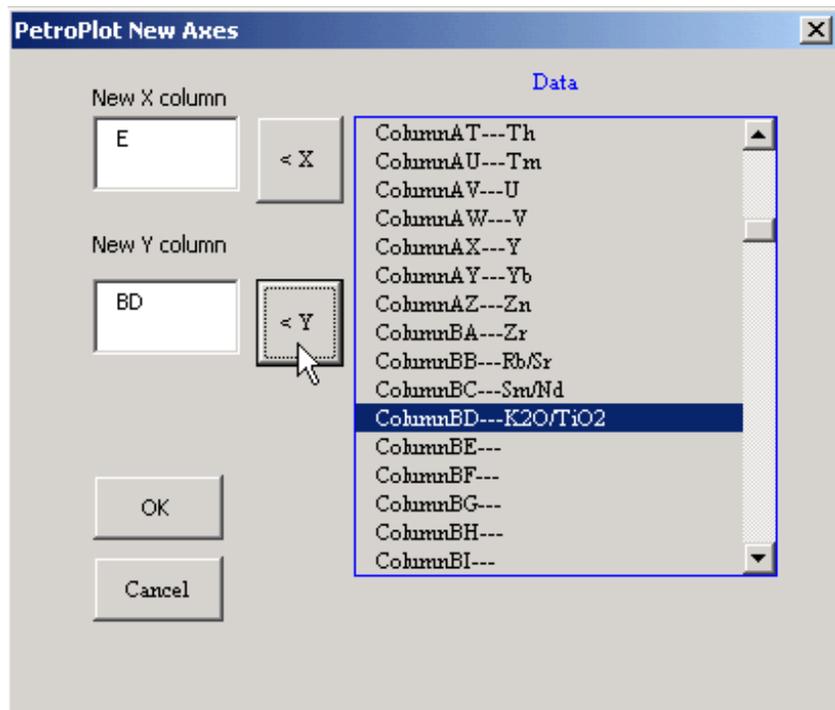
**Step 3:**

Change the X or (and) Y axes.

*This example changes X axis.*

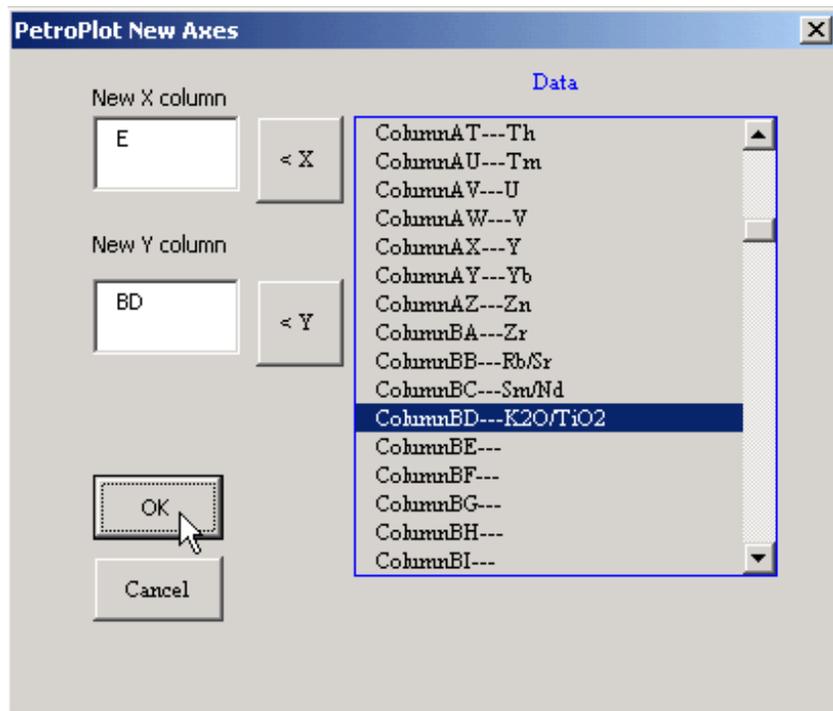


*This example changes Y axis.*



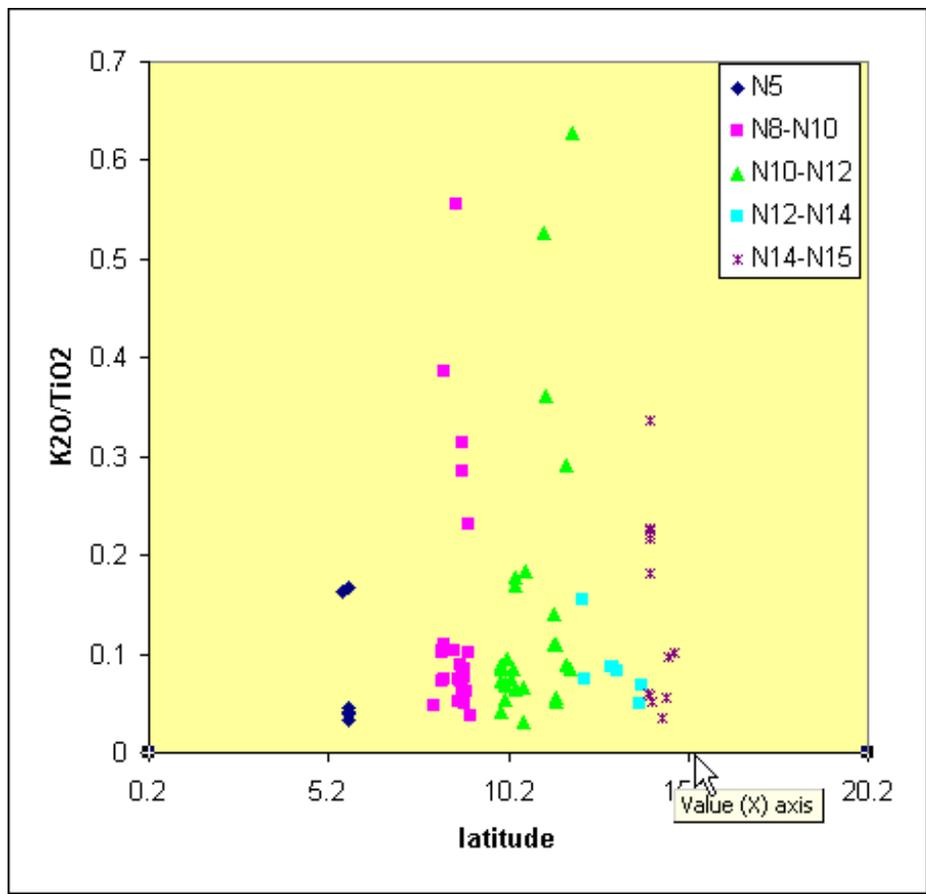
**Step 4:**

Click the "Next" button.

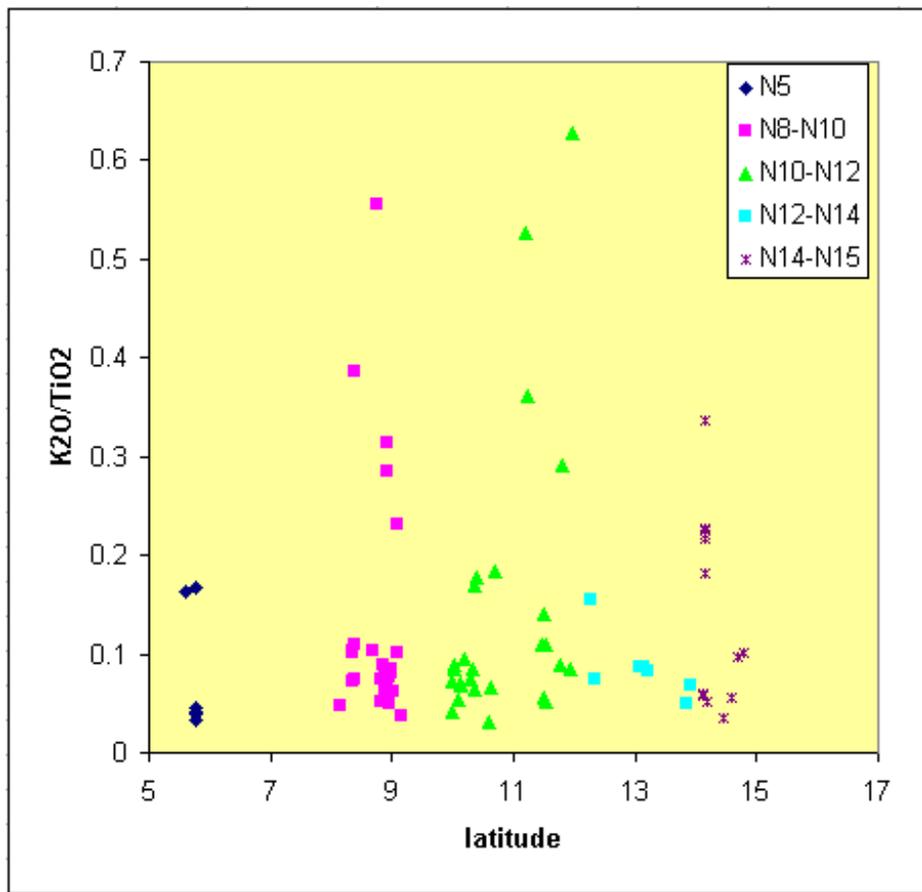


**Step 5:**

The scale of new plot needs to be manually adjusted.



**Result:**



**Known problems:**

**1. Not XY Scatter.**

If there exist lines connecting scatter points, the PetroPlot program won't continue. [Details...](#)

**2. Data from other sheets or other files.**

PetroPlot only changes series with data from the current workbook. All series need to come from the SAME SHEET. [Details...](#)

**3. Label-log-scale charts.**

PetroPlot does not changeXY on label-log-scale results.

*Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su*

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: ChangeXY function**

# PetroPlot Tutorial

## Add Data Label (XY chart) function

### **Purpose:**

Excel automated data labels are limited to either X values or Y values. Customized labels such as sample names, locations, and references etc. are more valuable information on a plot.

With PetroPlot, any kind of information can be labeled, and adding customized labels is as easy as to add Excel default labels. Labels added to a template chart will pass automatically if the chart is changed with the "ChangeXY" function.

We also imported a set of label tools from Rob Bovey ([www.appspro.com](http://www.appspro.com)).

"Bovey Chart Labeler" adds labels to a variety of chart types, including XY Scatter, Line, Column, Bar etc.

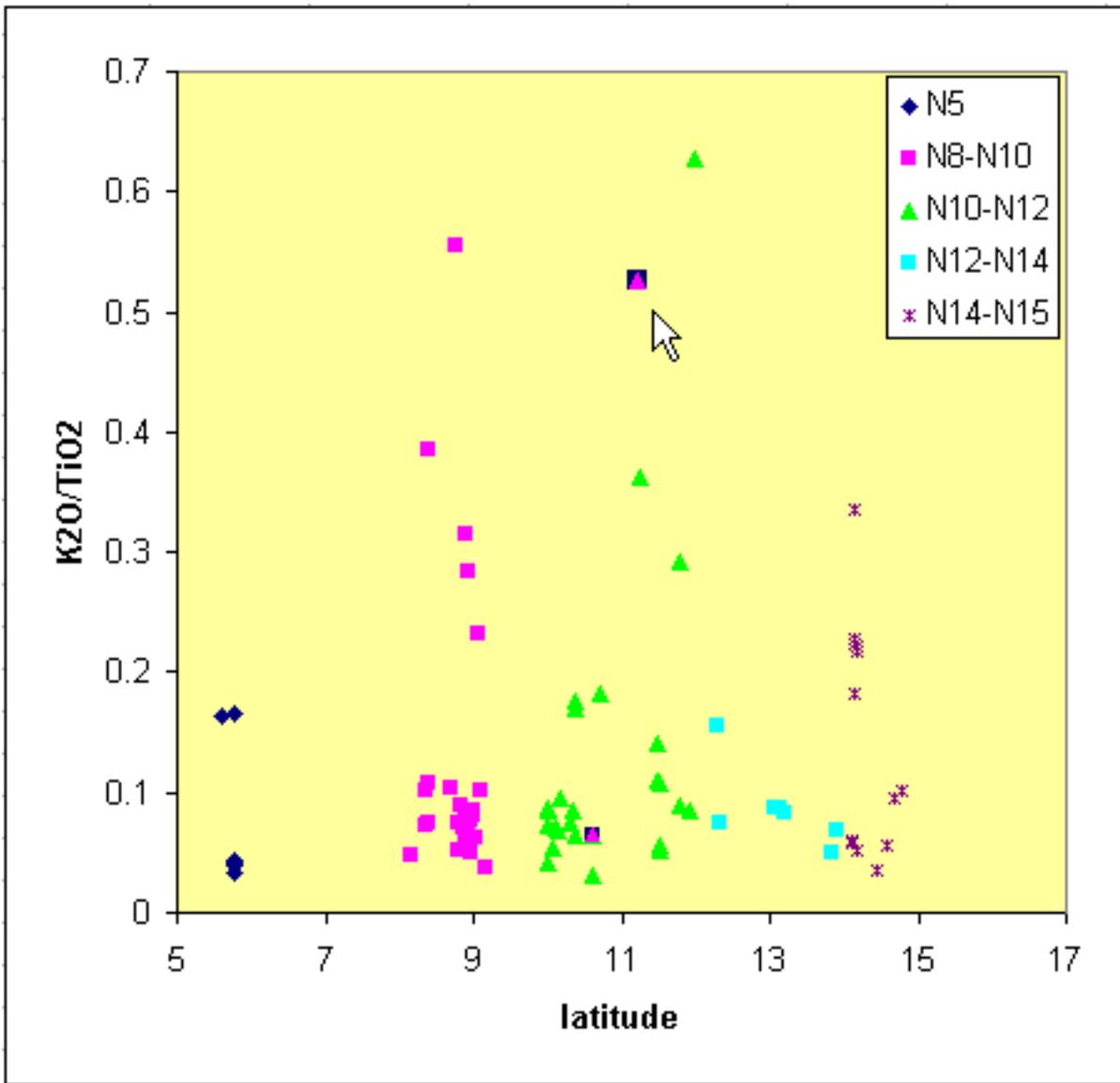
"Bovey Chart Labeler" moves labels of a whole series (Excel doesn't allow this type of movement by default).

Please visit [Bovey Chart Labeler...](#)

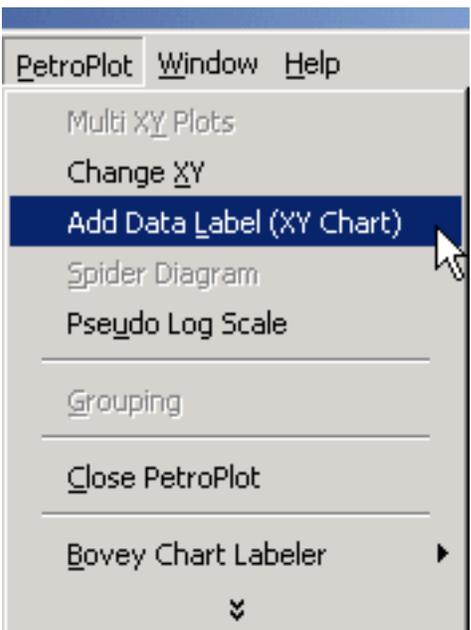
### **Add label to a point:**

Select a point on XY scatter chart.

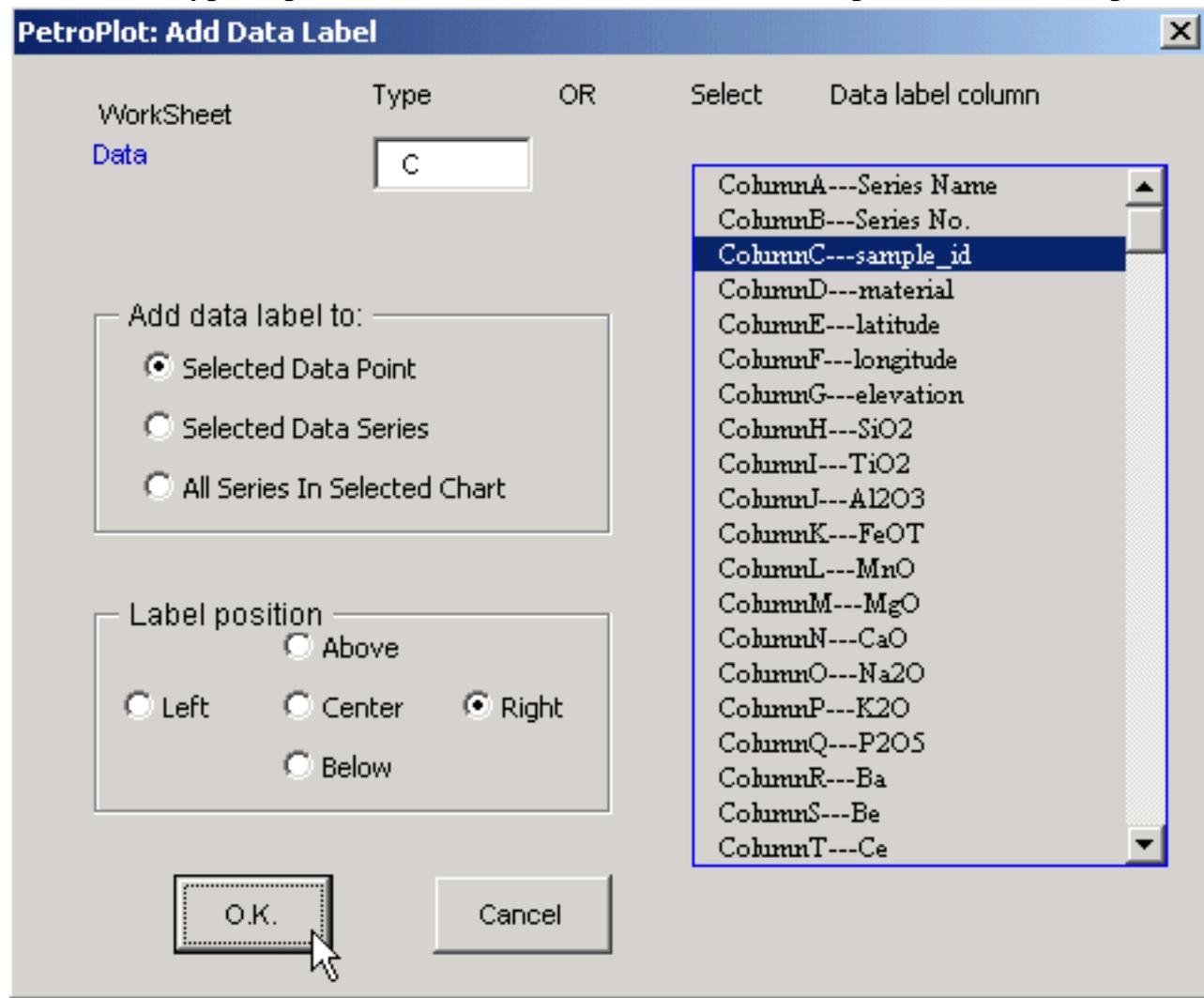
*(Excel tip: Clicking a point once gives you the selection of the whole series. Clicking the same point again gives you the point. NO double-clicking. )*



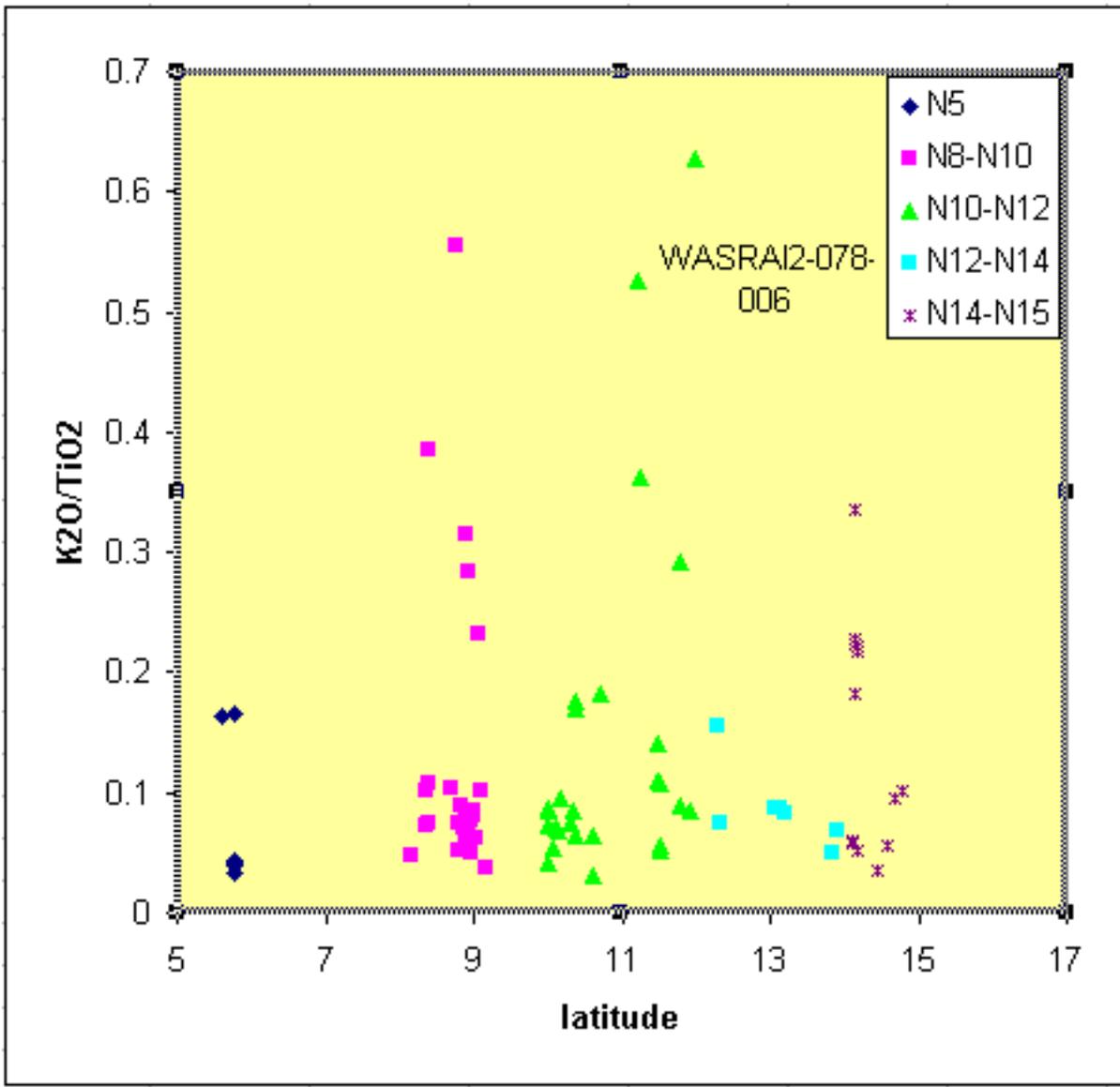
Click PetroPlot --> Add Data Label (XY Chart)



Select label type & position. Here we will label the selected point with the sample name.



Result:

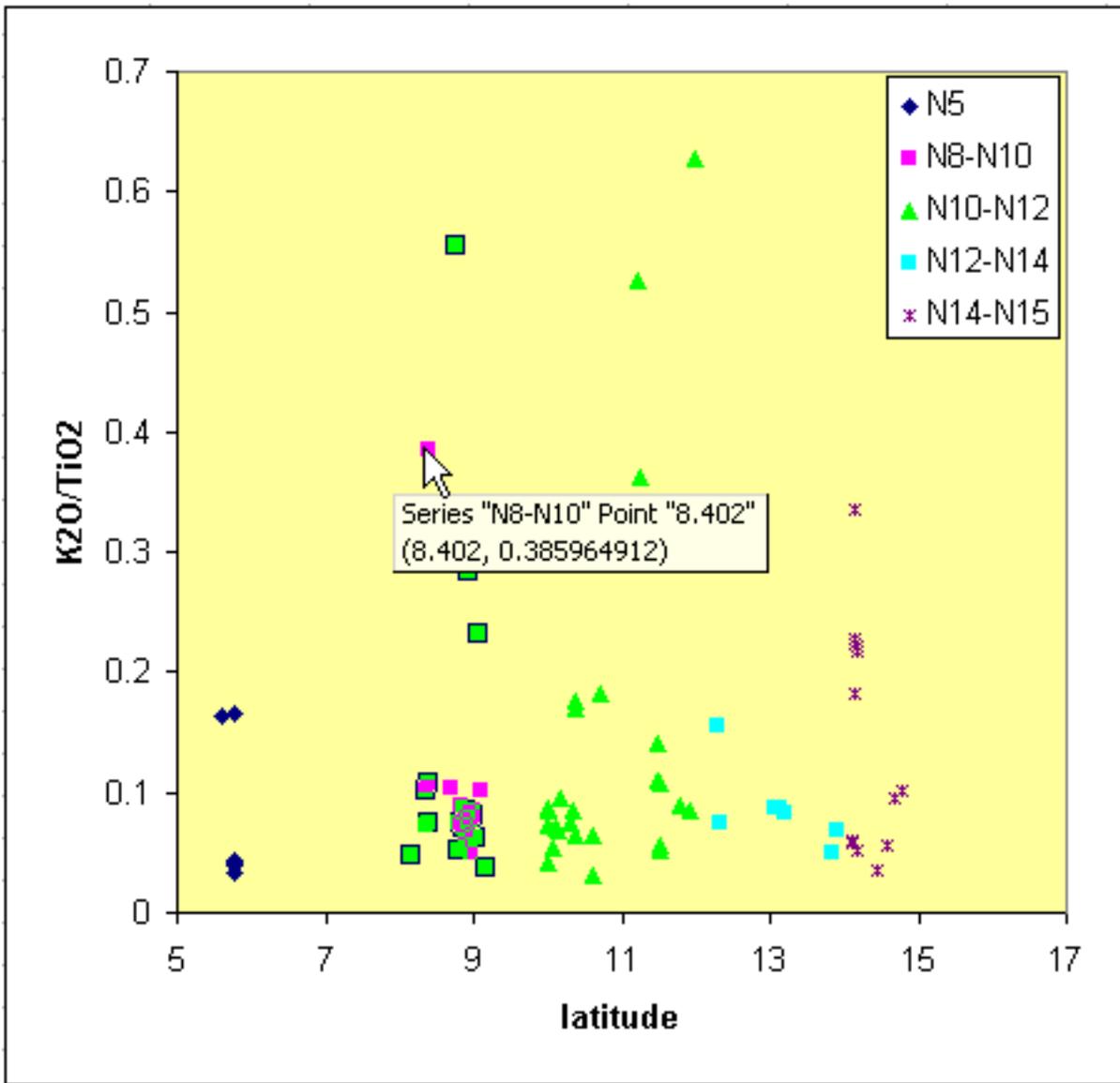


**Remove data label for a point:**

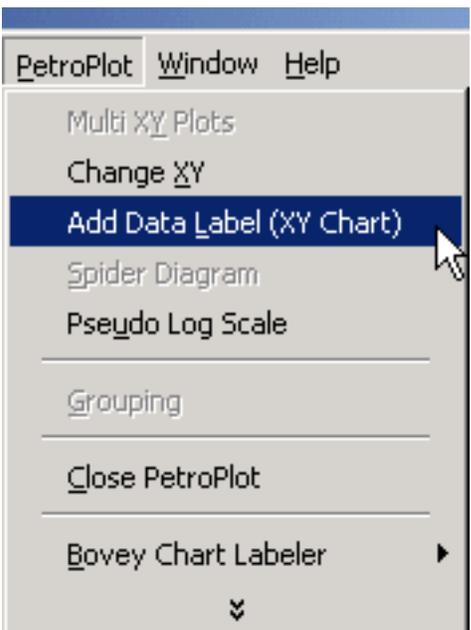
Select the label. Then hit the "Delete" button on your keyboard

*(Excel tip: you may need to click the label twice to select the label. Warning: NO double-clicking. )*

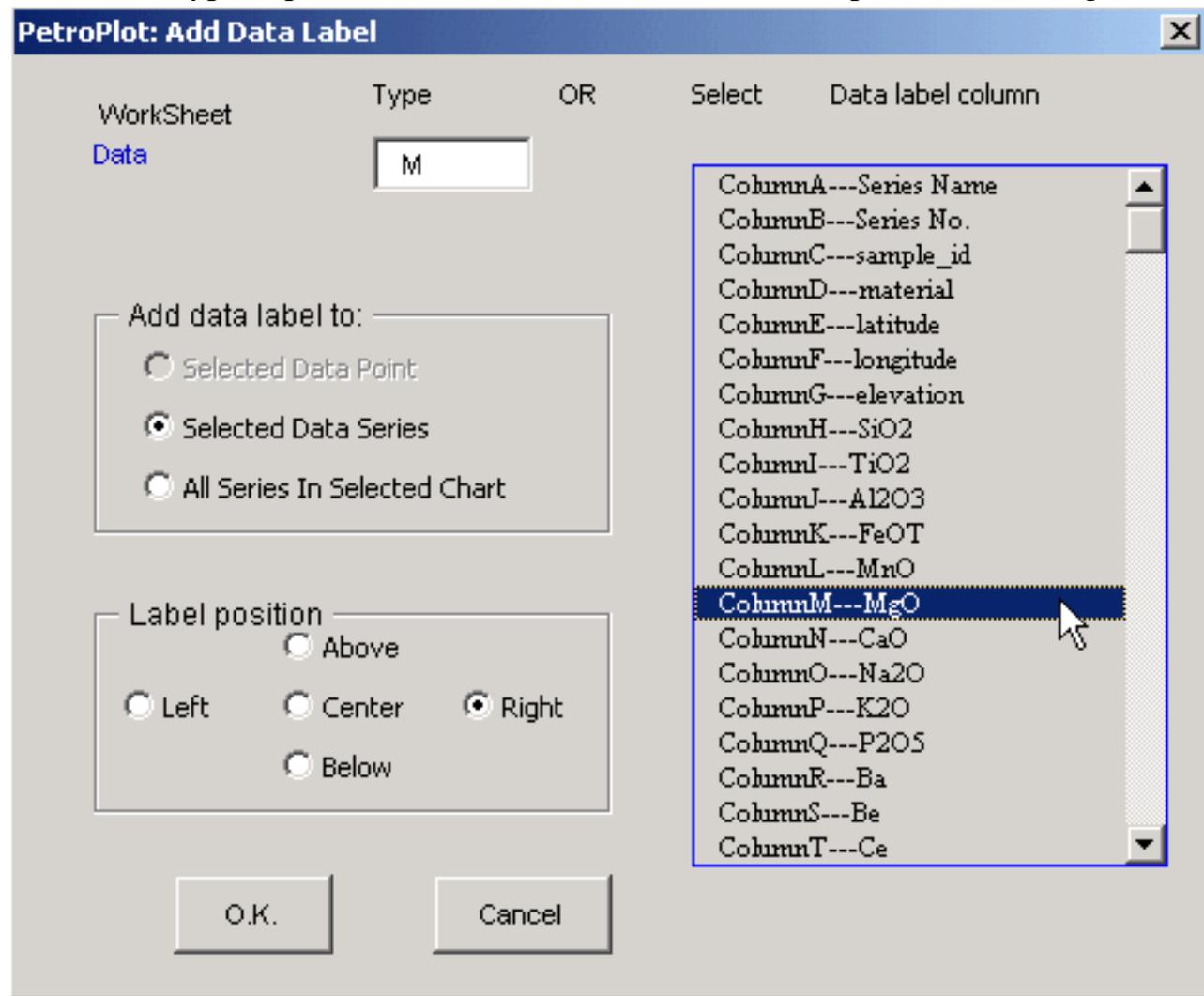




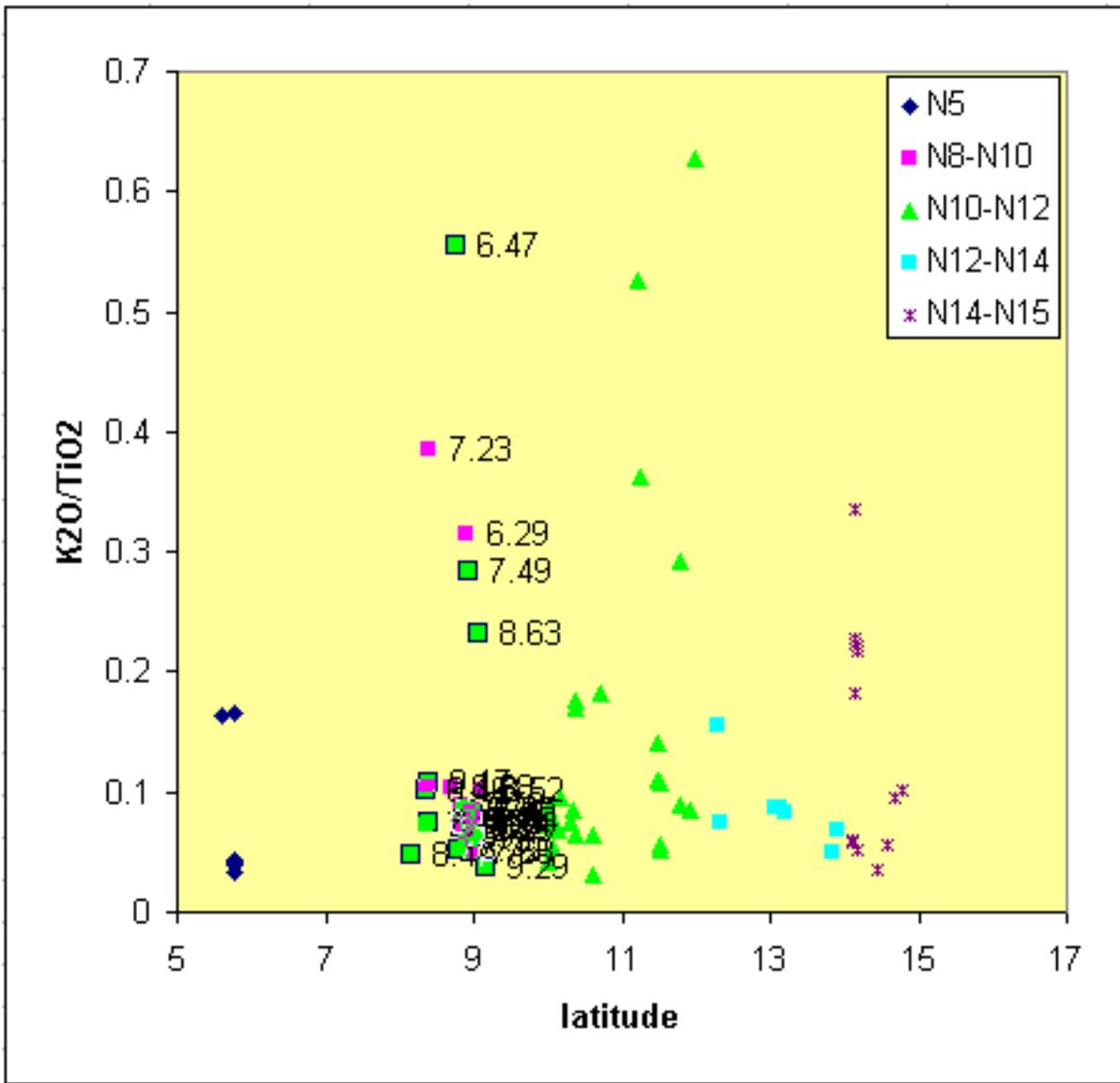
Click PetroPlot --> Add Data Label (XY Chart)



Select label type & position. In this case, we will label each point with the MgO content.

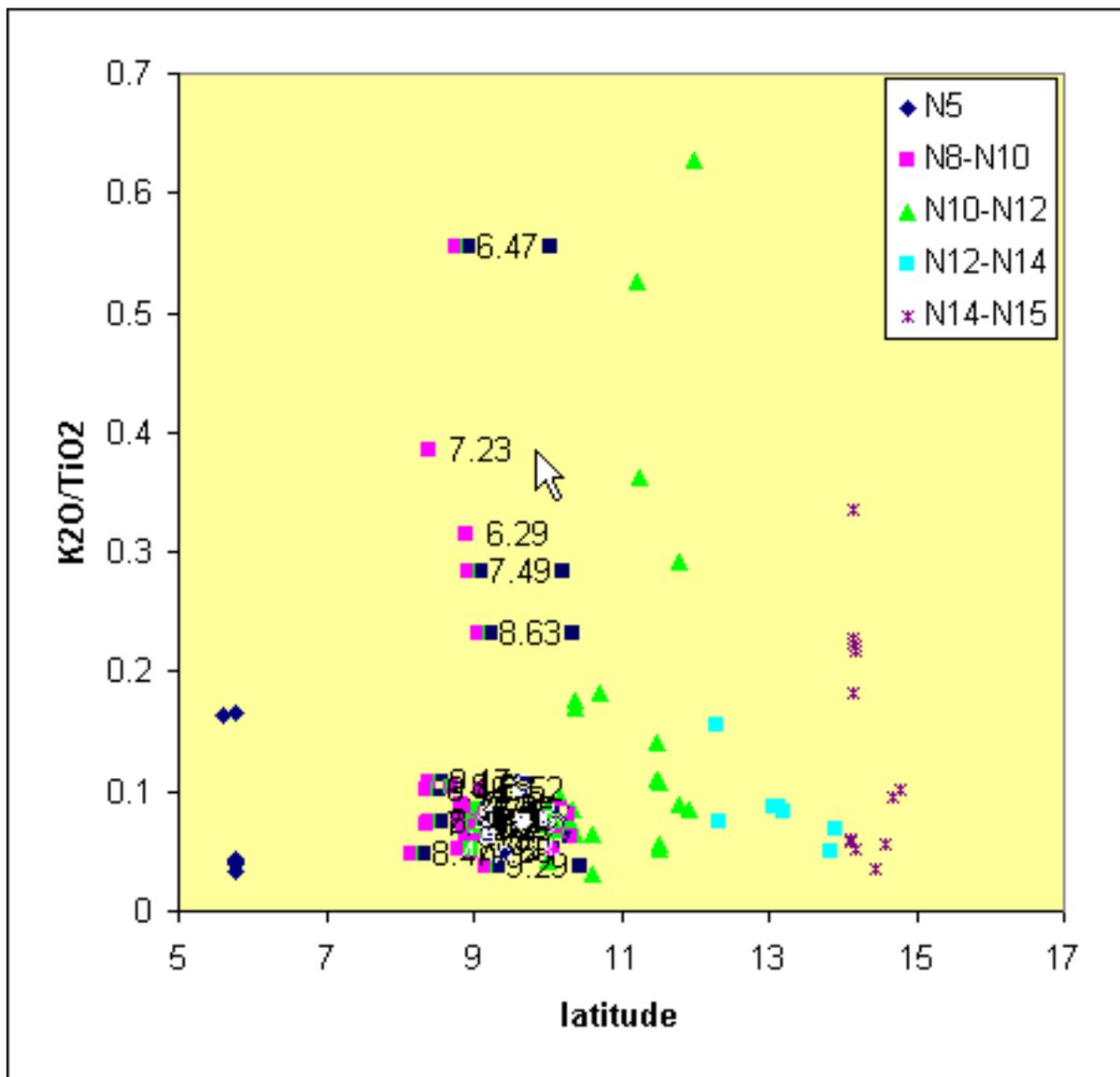


Result:



**Remove labels for a series:**

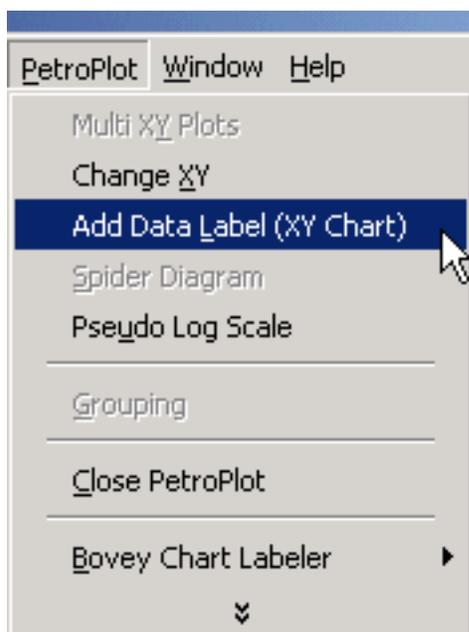
Select the labels for a series Then hit the "Delete" button on your keyboard



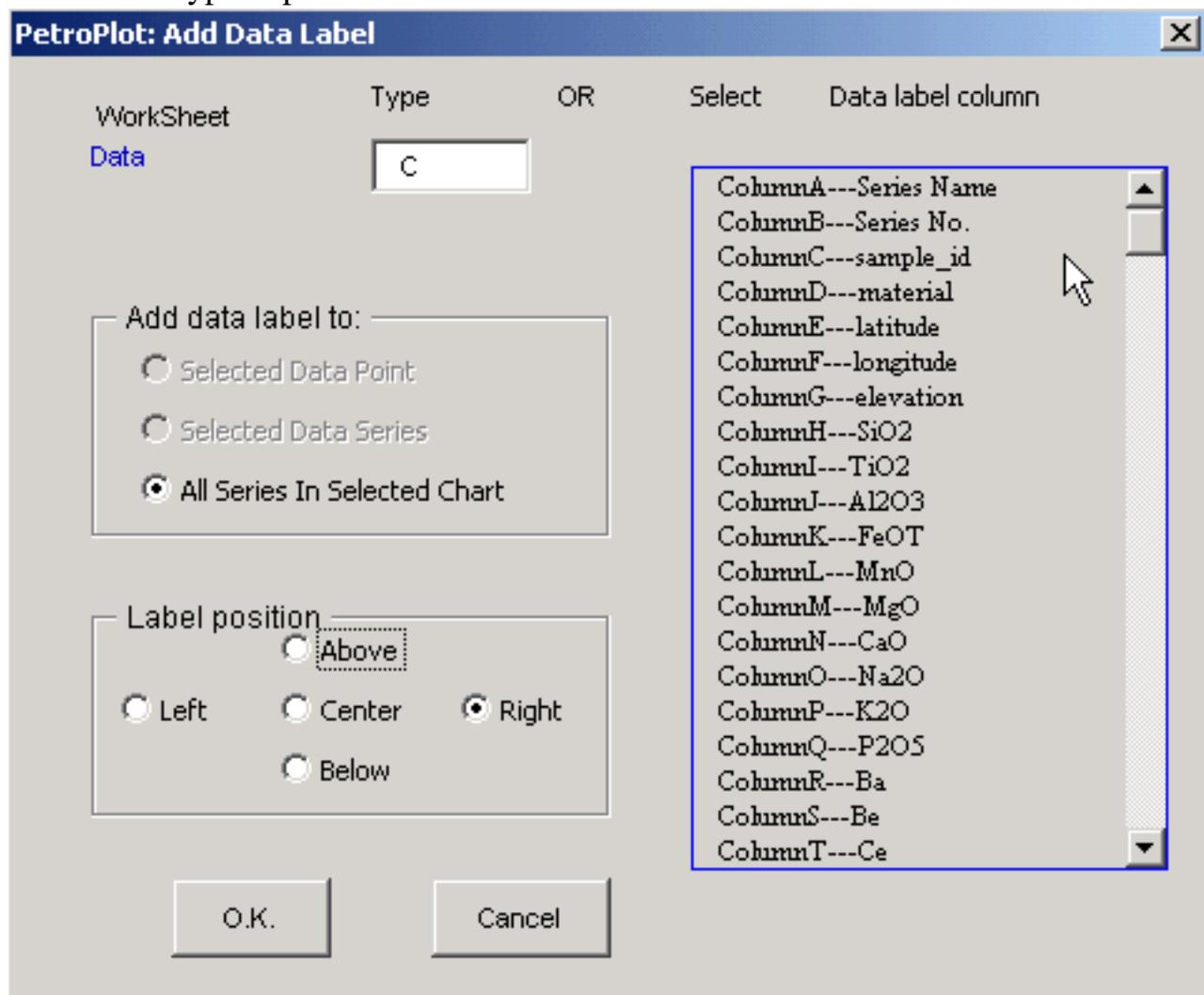
**Add labels to all series in a chart:**

Select a point, a series, or the whole chart on XY scatter chart.

Click PetroPlot --> Add Data Label (XY Chart)



Select label type & position.



**Known problems:*****1. Not XY Scatter.***

If there exist lines connecting scatter points, the PetroPlot program won't continue. [Details...](#)

***2. Data from other sheets or other files.***

All series need to come from the SAME SHEET of the current workbook. [Details...](#)

*Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su*

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Add Data Label (XY chart) function**

# PetroPlot Tutorial

## Spider Diagram function

### **Purpose:**

Spider diagrams are plots of normalized data where data for many elements are normalized to a reference such as primitive mantle. Such plots are commonly used to compare samples and to investigate trace element systematics in geochemistry. In order to make a spider diagram, the data have to be organized such that elements are in a specific order, and chemical values are divided by the standard values. PetroPlot “SpiderDiagram” function automates the entire process

### **Start:**

Make sure the file [PetroPlotSpider.xls](#) is open.

You can customize the standard values in the "PetroPlotSpider.xls" file.

### **Step 1:**

Select a set of rows on a data sheet.

*(Notice: You can select any column. PetroPlot only reads the row positions from your selection.)*

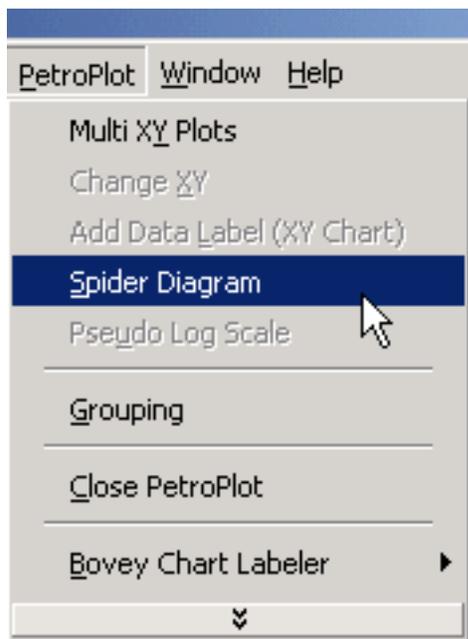
Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls

File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data PetroPlot Window Help

C20 = WASRAI2-019-004

	A	B	C	D	E
1	Series Name	Series No.	sample_id	material	latitude
2	N5	1	WASRAI2-001-014	glass	5.777
3	N5	1	WASRAI2-001-017	glass	5.777
4	N5	1	WASRAI2-003-001	glass	5.775
5	N5	1	WASRAI2-003-003	glass	5.775
6	N5	1	WASRAI2-003-004	glass	5.775
7	N5	1	WASRAI2-004-007	glass	5.6
8	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-007-013	glass	8.145
9	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-008-008	glass	8.353
10	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-009-001	glass	8.392
11	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-010-003	glass	8.348
12	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-012-001	glass	8.363
13	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-013-001	glass	8.402
14	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-013-002	glass	8.402
15	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-015-001	glass	8.768
16	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-016-001	glass	8.843
17	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-016-002	glass	8.843
18	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-017-001	glass	8.912
19	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-018-003	glass	8.935
20	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-019-004	glass	8.933
21	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-020-002	glass	8.995
22	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-020-003	glass	8.995
23	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-021-006	glass	8.897
24	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-022-001	glass	8.897
25	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-023-002	glass	9.035
26	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-024-001	glass	8.963
27	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-024-005	glass	8.963

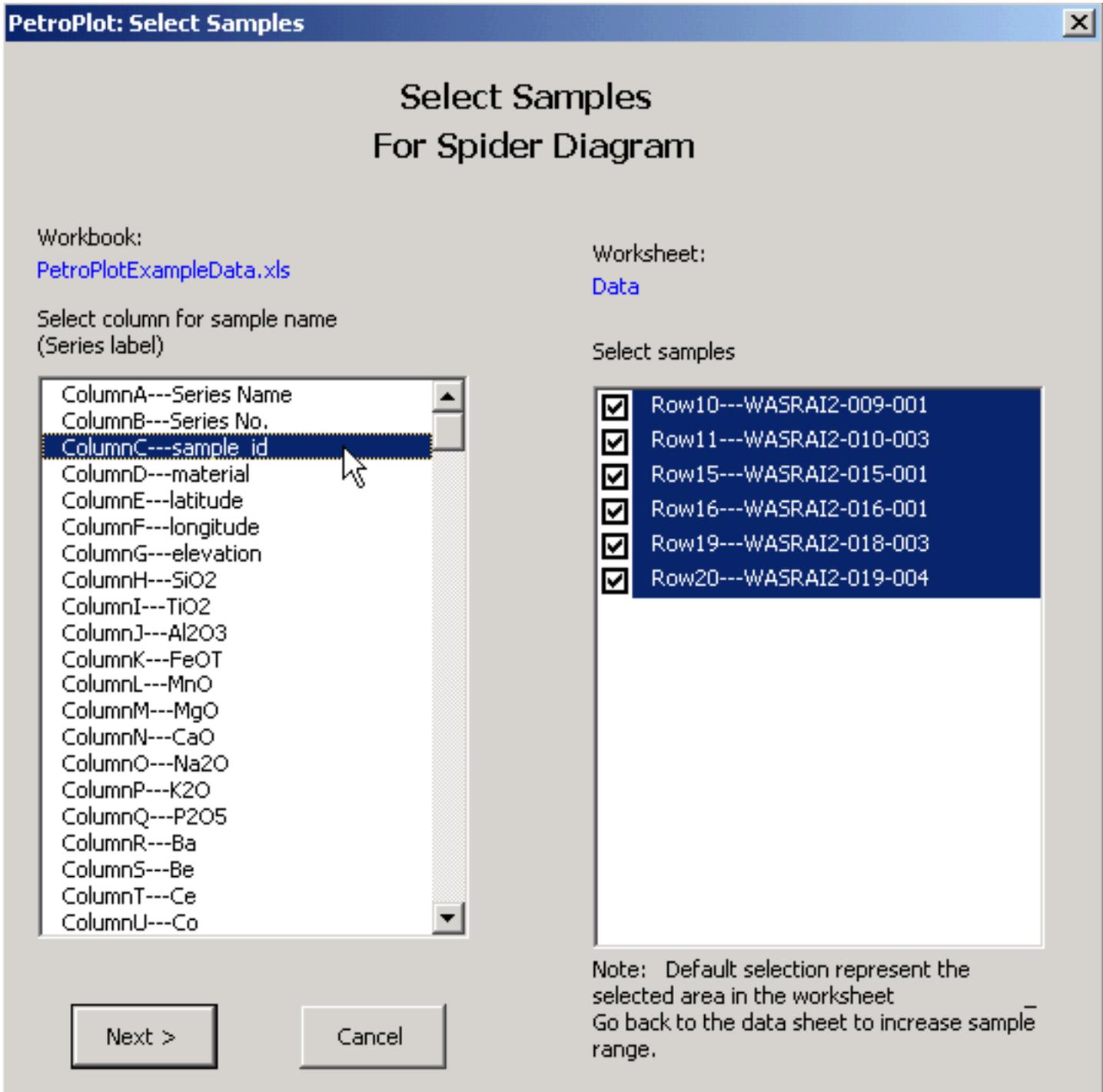
Click PetroPlot --> Spider Diagram.



**Step 2:**

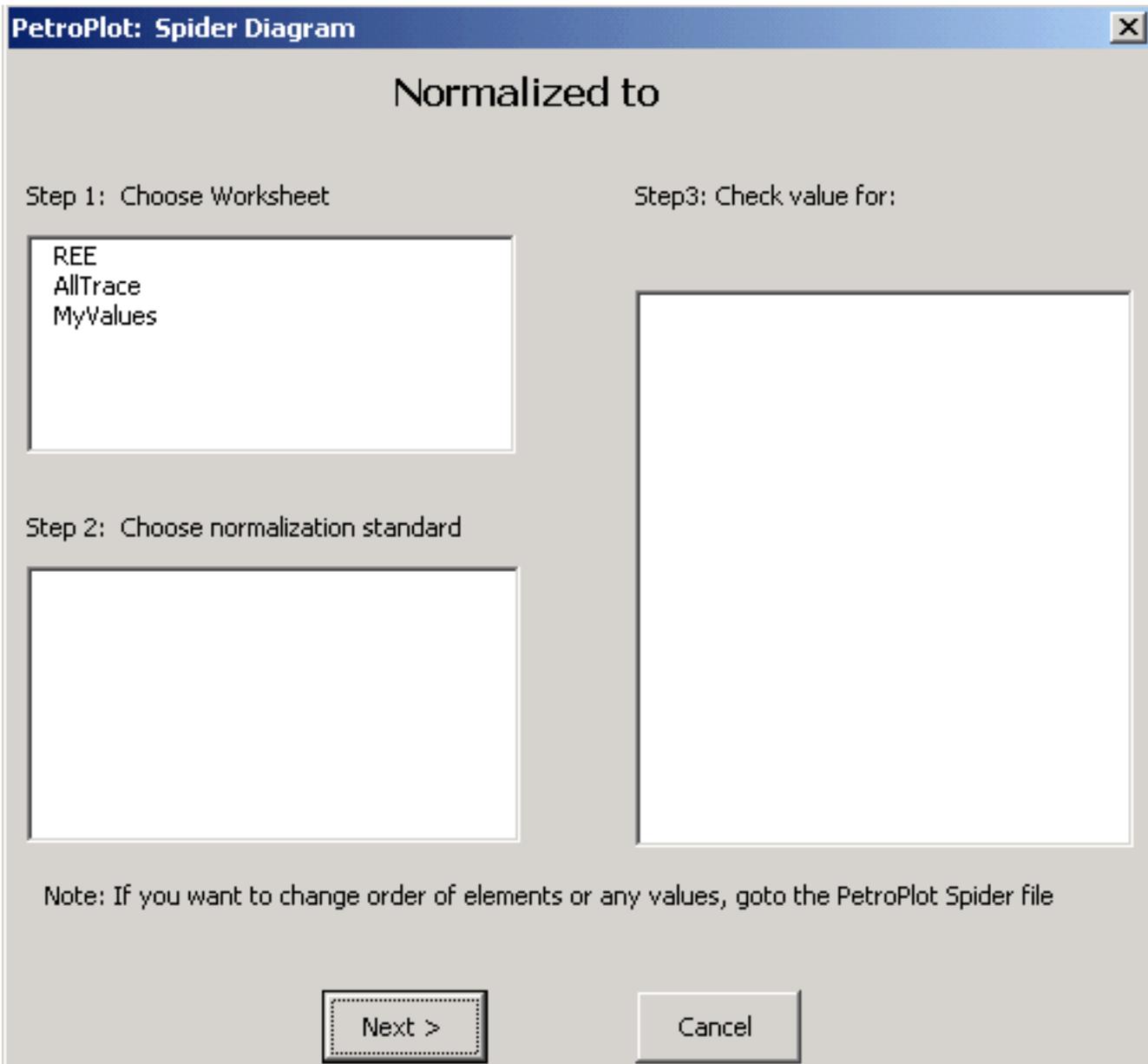
Select a column as legend for the spider diagram, then click "Next"

*(Warning: Don't use any number values as legend, e.g. if a sample is named as "32", rename it to a string.)*



### Step 3:

Set up standard values (i.e. to what values data should be normalized).



***Select a worksheet:***

When you click a value in the upper left panel, the lower left panel will show standards in the selected worksheet

Step 1: Choose Worksheet

- REE
- AllTrace
- MyValues

Step 2: Choose normalization standard

- CI chondrite (McDonough & Sun 95)
- Pyrolite (McDonough & Sun 95)
- CI chondrite (Sun & McDonough 89)
- P mantle (Sun & McDonough 89)
- NMORB (Sun & McDonough 89)
- EMORB (Sun & McDonough 89)
- OIB (Sun & McDonough 89)

**Select a standard:**

When you click a standard in the lower left panel, the right panel will show values.

However, you don't need to select from the right panel.

The right panel is for the purpose to check values and make sure those are what you want to use.

Step 1: Choose Worksheet

- REE
- AllTrace
- MyValues

Step 2: Choose normalization standard

- CI chondrite (McDonough & Sun 95)
- Pyrolite (McDonough & Sun 95)
- CI chondrite (Sun & McDonough 89)
- P mantle (Sun & McDonough 89)
- NMORB (Sun & McDonough 89)
- EMORB (Sun & McDonough 89)
- OIB (Sun & McDonough 89)

Step3: Check value for:

P mantle (Sun & McDonough 89)

La	0.687
Ce	1.775
Pr	0.276
Nd	1.354
Sm	0.444
Eu	0.168
Gd	0.596
Tb	0.108
Dy	0.737
Ho	0.164
Er	0.48
Yb	0.493
Lu	0.074

*Click the "Next" button. Done!*

**Results:**

PetroPlot adds a new sheet for selected samples, orders the elements based on the selected standard, calculates the normalization values, and makes line charts.

**Known problems:**

*Use numbers as legend.*

If you use numbers as legends, the PetroPlot program will generate errors. [Details...](#)

*Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su*

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Spider Diagram function**

# PetroPlot Tutorial

## Label Log Scale function

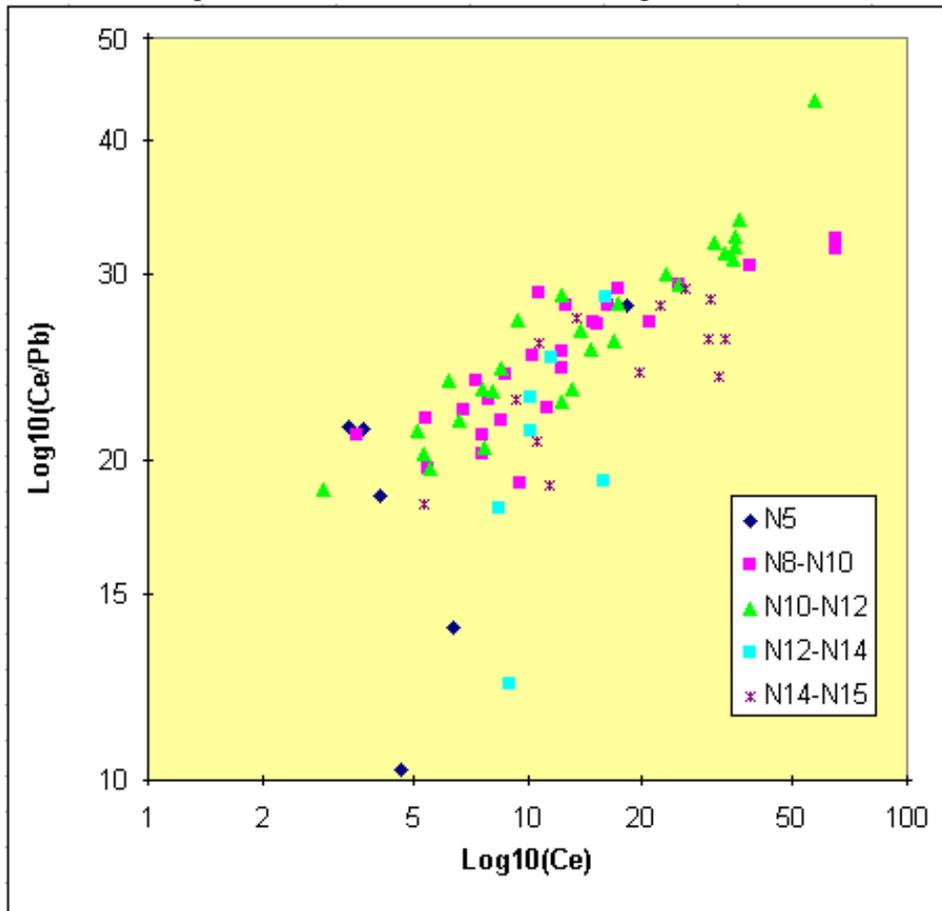
### Purpose:

In Excel log scale plots, the default minimum and maximum values on axes are fixed to the integer powers of ten -- i.e., 0.001, 0.01, etc. It is desirable the maximum and minimum on an axis to be any value, e.g., 0.2, 0.6, etc.

The PetroPlot "Label Log Scale" function adds flexible log-scale labels to plot where log values have been calculated on a separate column on the worksheet.

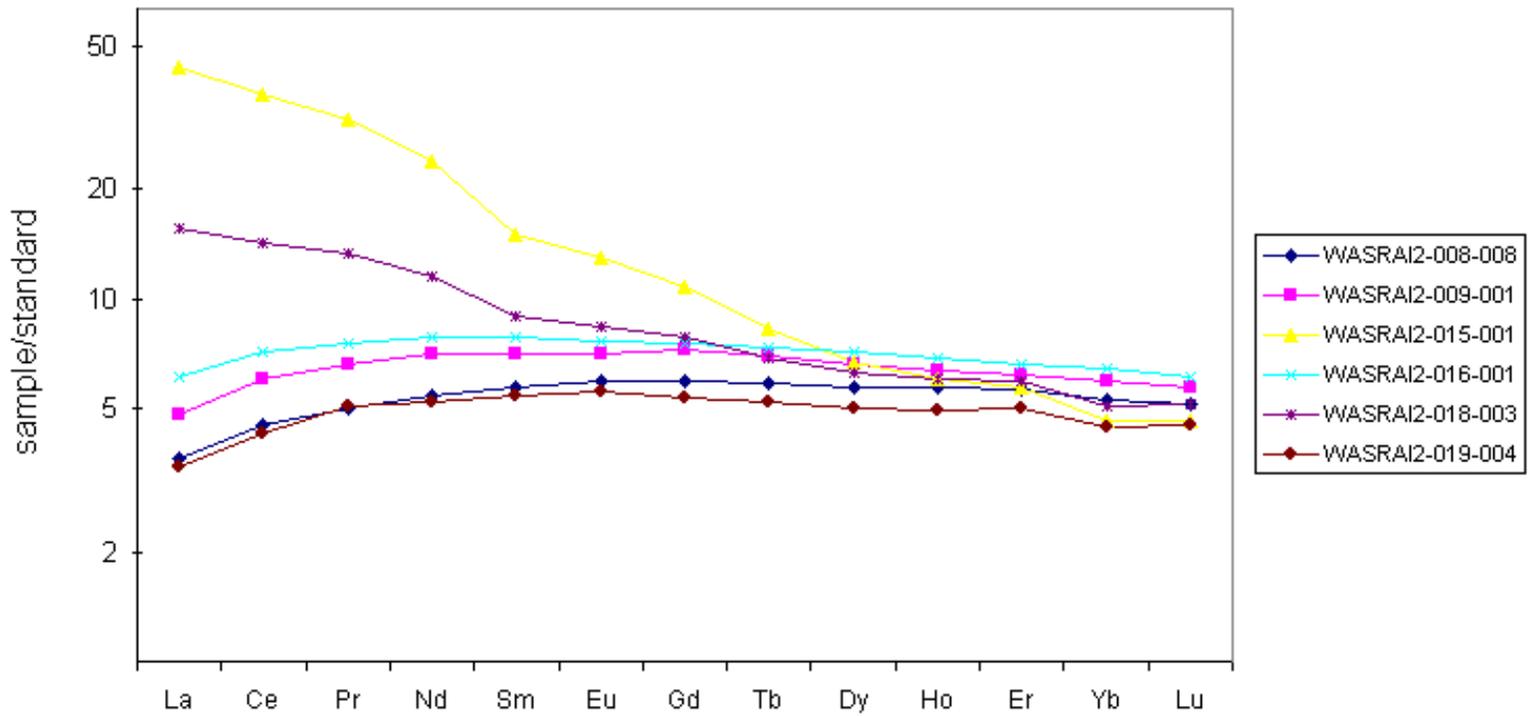
It works for not only XY Scatter chart, but also line chart or bar chart etc.

Here is an example of XY Scatter chart with Label Log Scale.



Here is an example of line chart with Label Log Scale.

## normalized to P mantle (Sun & McDonough 89)



**Start:**

Calculate log10 values on worksheet.

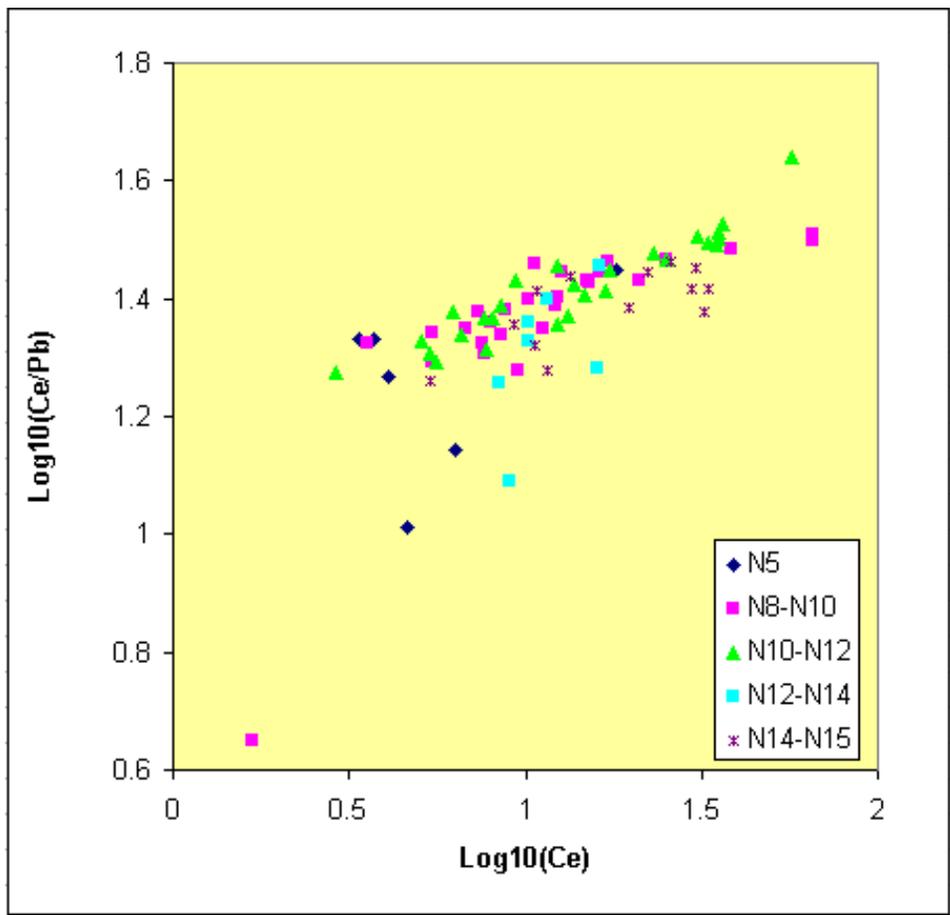
Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls

File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data PetroPlot

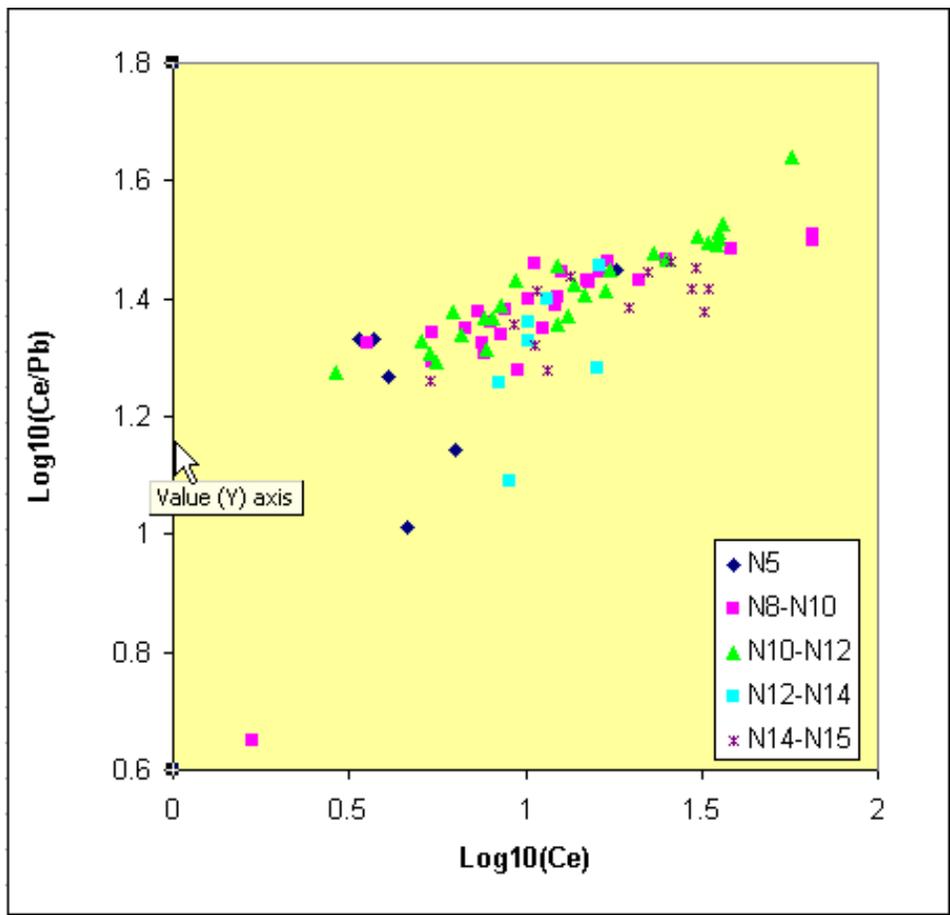
BF2 = =LOG10(BE2)

	BD	BE	BF	BG
1	K2O/TiO2	Ce/Pb	Log10(Ce/Pb)	Log10(Ce)
2	0.039604	10.242826	1.010419779	0.666518
3	0.0416667	13.938731	1.144223232	0.8041394
4	0.032967	21.528662	1.333017048	0.5289167
5	0.0444444	21.453488	1.331497919	0.5670264
6	0.1666667	18.513514	1.267488847	0.6138418
7	0.1630435	27.987711	1.446967384	1.2605484
8	0.047619	21.130952	1.324919071	0.5502284
9	0.0728477	22.853026	1.358943713	0.8992732
10	0.0743243	28.733154	1.458383295	1.0277572
11	0.1008772	27.928082	1.446041114	1.212454

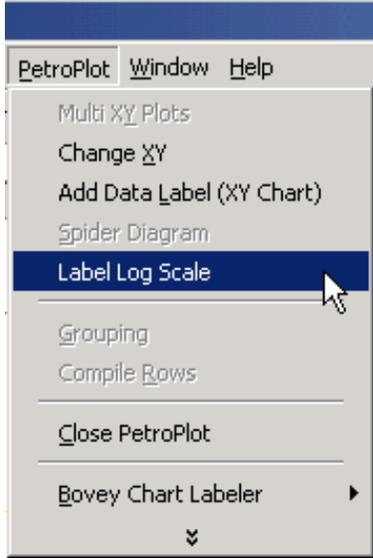
Make linear scale chart using the log10 values.



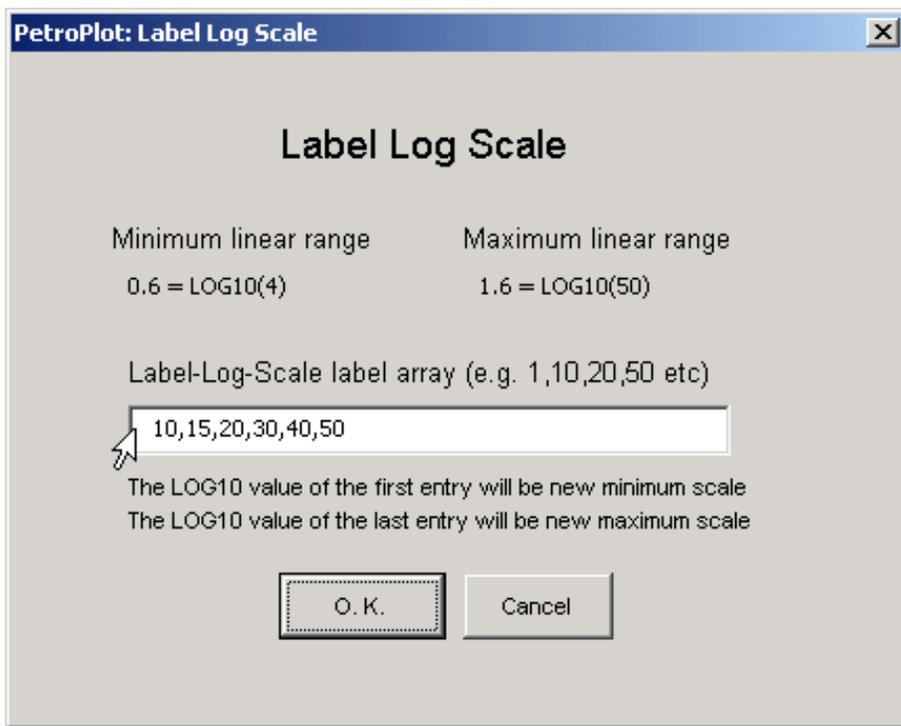
**Step 1:**  
Select the axis you want to label.



Click PetroPlot --> Label Log Scale.

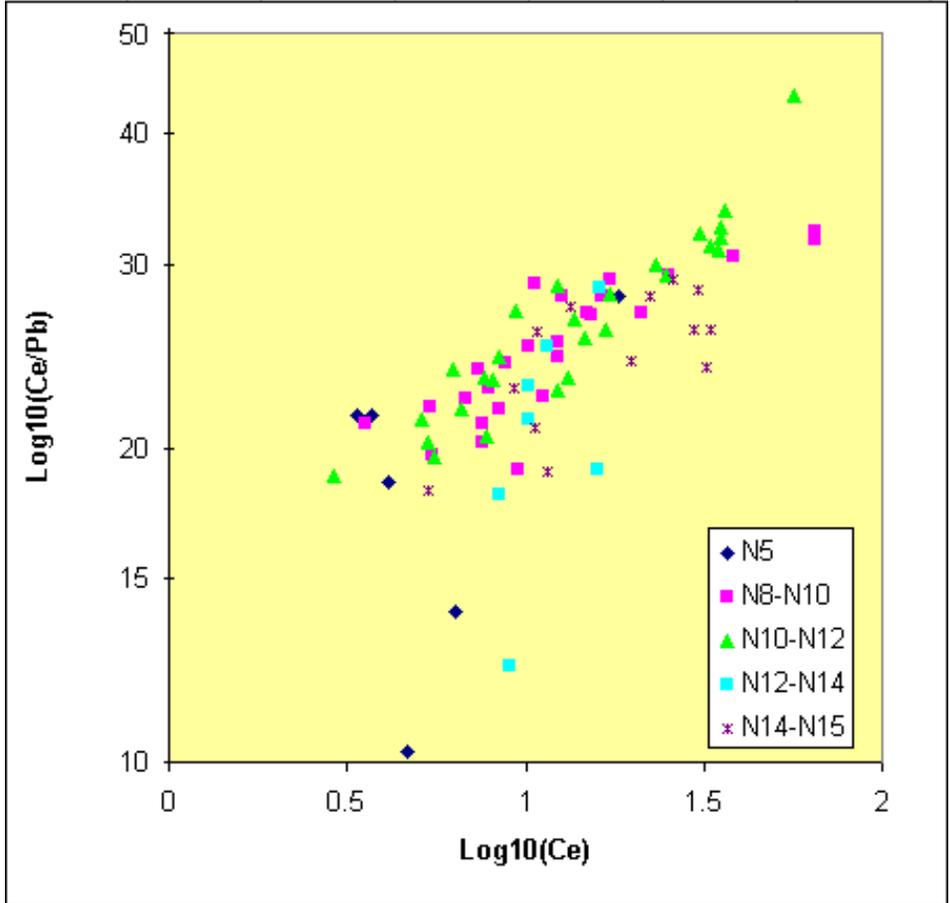


**Step 2:**  
 Type the log-scale labels.  
 The selected axis will be rescaled based on your input.



Click "O.K." button.

Notice the labels for Y axis are changed.



Repeat for each axis you want to add log-scale-Label.

*Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su*

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Label Log Scale function**

# PetroPlot Tutorial

## Clear Values function

**Purpose:**

An Excel calculation may return zeros or non-numeric values (e.g. "#VALUE!" or "#DIV/0!").

Aggregate functions such as average or standard deviation cannot be applied when the selection contains non-numeric cells.

To manually delete these bad cells can be time consuming if the data volume is large.

The PetroPlot function automates the cleaning process by making the meaningless cells empty.

Here is an example of a worksheet which contains non-numeric values & zeros.

Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls

File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data PetroPlot



T7 =

	BE	BF	BG	BH
1	Ce/Pb	Log10(Ce/Pb)	Log10(Ce)	
2	10.242826	1.010419779	0.666518	
3	13.938731	1.144223232	0.8041394	
4	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0.5289167	
5	0	#NUM!	#NUM!	
6	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0.6138418	
7	0	#NUM!	#NUM!	
8	21.130952	1.324919071	0.5502284	
9	22.853026	1.358943713	0.8992732	
10	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	1.0277572	
11	27.928082	1.446041114	1.212454	
12	25.307377	1.403247136	1.091667	
13	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	1.8139144	
14	24.442231	1.388140846	1.0888446	
15	0	#NUM!	#NUM!	
16	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	1.1034616	
17	21.794872	1.338354319	0.9294189	
18	30.557325	1.485115331	1.584105	
19	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	1.4015728	
20	0	#NUM!	#NUM!	
21	25.085575	1.399424053	1.0111474	
22	29.057239	1.463254346	1.2370408	
23	19.043825	1.279754175	0.9804579	
24	4.4680851	0.650121437	0.2253093	
25	21.94332	1.341302333	0.7339993	
26	0	#NUM!	#NUM!	
27	26.825397	1.428546155	1.1821292	
28	20.238727	1.306183188	0.8825245	
29	27.01087	1.431538566	1.1734776	
30	0	#NUM!	#NUM!	
31	22.425447	1.350741115	1.0523091	
32	19.67509	1.293916733	0.7363965	
33	23.81877	1.376919335	0.8668778	
34	27.003841	1.431425546	1.3240766	
35	0	#NUM!	#NUM!	
36	23.323171	1.367787591	0.8836614	
37	27.060519	1.432336117	0.9726656	

Start:

Select a range on the worksheet.

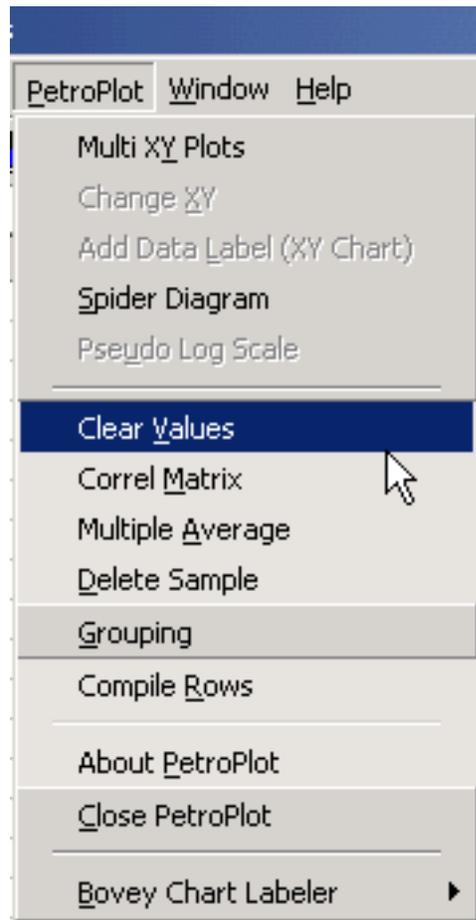
Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls

File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data PetroPlot

BE10 = =T10/AL10

	BE	BF	BG	BH
1	Ce/Pb	Log10(Ce/Pb)	Log10(Ce)	
2	10.242826	1.010419779	0.666518	
3	13.938731	1.144223232	0.8041394	
4	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0.5289167	
5	0	#NUM!	#NUM!	
6	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0.6138418	
7	0	#NUM!	#NUM!	
8	21.130952	1.324919071	0.5502284	
9	22.853026	1.358943713	0.8992732	
10	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	1.0277572	
11	27.928082	1.446041114	1.212454	
12	25.307377	1.403247136	1.091667	
13	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	1.8139144	
14	24.442231	1.388140846	1.0888446	
15	0	#NUM!	#NUM!	
16	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	1.1034616	
17	21.794872	1.338354319	0.9294189	
18	30.557325	1.485115331	1.584105	
19	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	1.4015728	
20	0	#NUM!	#NUM!	
21	25.085575	1.399424053	1.0111474	
22	29.057239	1.463254346	1.2370408	
23	19.043825	1.279754175	0.9804579	
24	4.4680851	0.650121437	0.2253093	
25	21.94332	1.341302333	0.7339993	
26	0	#NUM!	#NUM!	
27	26.825397	1.428546155	1.1821292	
28	20.238727	1.306183188	0.8825245	
29	27.01087	1.431538566	1.1734776	
30	0	#NUM!	#NUM!	
31	22.425447	1.350741115	1.0523091	
32	19.67509	1.293916733	0.7363965	
33	23.81877	1.376919335	0.8668778	
34	27.003841	1.431425546	1.3240766	
35	0	#NUM!	#NUM!	
36	23.323171	1.367787591	0.8836614	
37	27.060519	1.432336117	0.9726656	
38	24.466859	1.388578215	0.9289077	

**Click PetroPlot --> Clear Values.**



**Result:**

	BE	BF	BG	BH	BI	BJ
1	Ce/Pb	Log10(Ce/Pb)	Log10(Ce)			
2	10.242826	1.010419779	0.666518			
3	13.938731	1.144223232	0.8041394			
4	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0.5289167			
5	0	#NUM!	#NUM!			
6	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0.6138418			
7	0	#NUM!	#NUM!			
8	21.130952	1.324919071	0.5502284			
9	22.853026	1.358943713	0.8992732			
10			1.0277572			
11	27.928082	1.446041114	1.212454			
12	25.307377	1.403247136	1.091667			
13			1.8139144			
14	24.442231	1.388140846	1.0888446			
15						
16			1.1034616			
17	21.794872	1.338354319	0.9294189			
18	30.557325	1.485115331	1.584105			
19			1.4015728			
20						
21	25.085575	1.399424053	1.0111474			
22	29.057239	1.463254346	1.2370408			
23	19.043825	1.279754175	0.9804579			
24	4.4680851	0.650121437	0.2253093			
25	21.94332	1.341302333	0.7339993			
26						
27	26.825397	1.428546155	1.1821292			
28	20.238727	1.306183188	0.8825245			
29	27.01087	1.431538566	1.1734776			
30						
31	22.425447	1.350741115	1.0523091			
32	19.67509	1.293916733	0.7363965			
33	23.81877	1.376919335	0.8668778			
34	27.003841	1.431425546	1.3240766			
35						
36	23.323171	1.367787591	0.8836614			
37	27.060519	1.432336117	0.9726656			



*Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su*

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Clear Values function**

# PetroPlot Tutorial

## Correl Matrix function

### Purpose:

This function calculates a correlation matrix for a selected data area. The output is sent to a new worksheet.

The result is similar to the correlation function in Excel Add-In “Data Analyses” tool package. The advantage of this PetroPlot function is that it outputs formulas instead of calculated values. If the source data are modified, the correlation matrix generated by PetroPlot will be automatically updated.

### Start:

Select a range on the worksheet.

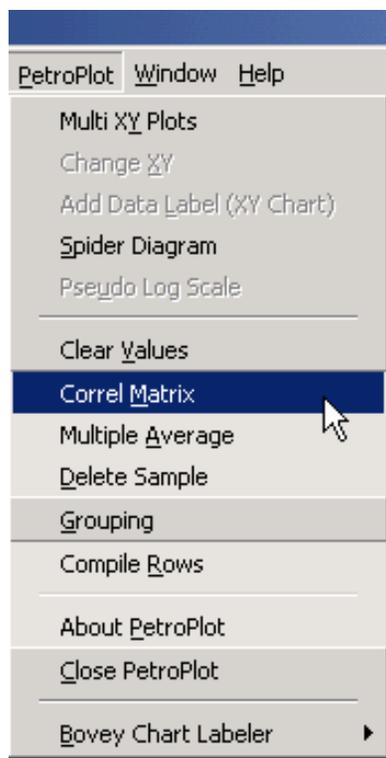
	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	
1	elevation	SiO2	TiO2	Al2O3	FeOT	MnO	MgO	CaO	Na2O	K2O	P2O5	Ba	Be
2	-1938	49.18	1.01	16.42	8.43	0.15	9.35	12.76	2.29	0.04	0.13	1.81	
3	-1938	49.87	1.2	15.38	9.42	0.2	8.28	12.96	2.55	0.05	0.15	2.22	
4	-1788	49.12	0.91	16.68	8.1	0.15	9.7	12.74	2.16	0.03	0.12	1.27	
5	-1788	50.27	1.35	15.1	9.38	0.19	8.26	12.46	2.52	0.06	0.15	2.41	
6	-1788	50.72	1.92	14.89	10.35	0.2	6.61	11.25	3.13	0.32	0.23	1.84	
7	-2320	50.65	1.84	14.72	10.44	0.21	6.7	11.29	3.24	0.3	0.22	38.32	
8	-2087	50.45	1.05	14.96	9.15	0.19	8.47	13.02	2.24	0.05	0.13	1.85	
9	-3800	50.81	1.51	14.18	10.97	0.23	7.13	11.92	2.67	0.11	0.16	9.31	
10	-3100	50.01	1.48	15.22	9.6	0.19	8.11	12.41	2.39	0.11	0.17	5.99	
11	-2731	50.29	2.28	13.66	12.55	0.23	6.4	11.14	2.73	0.23	0.25	18.91	
12	-2865	48.34	1.27	17.18	8.74	0.18	9.16	11.85	2.77	0.13	0.19	16.42	
13	-2180	48.4	2.28	16.88	8.82	0.169	7.23	9.68	3.36	0.88	0.435	384.26	
14	-2180	48.4	1.29	17.16	8.69	0.18	9.17	11.81	2.78	0.14	0.19	15.34	
15	-1682	48.97	2.38	18.1	8.89	0.2	6.47	8.95	3.87	1.32	0.57	325.52	
16	-2985	50.39	1.58	14.83	10	0.23	7.79	12.07	2.54	0.14	0.2	15.92	
17	-2985	50.12	1.08	16.05	8.3	0.19	8.63	12.76	2.41	0.08	0.17	9.52	
18	-2720	50.33	2.23	15.08	10.11	0.24	6.29	11.12	3.28	0.7	0.35	185.19	
19	-2720	49.99	1.76	15.84	9.2	0.19	7.49	11.41	3.07	0.5	0.2	104.93	
20	-2375	49.75	1.09	16.07	8.41	0.19	8.64	12.95	2.47	0.08	0.16	4.21	
21	-2985	51.28	1.5	14.73	9.86	0.2	7.83	11.42	2.58	0.12	0.18	11.59	
22	-2985	51.81	2.01	14.07	11.32	0.21	6.95	10.09	2.79	0.17	0.25	24.28	
23	-2711	50.82	1.42	15.27	9.52	0.17	8.31	11.38	2.52	0.12	0.19	9.98	
24	-2761	51.92	1.33	14.67	9.69	0.19	7.95	11.22	2.45	0.08	0.18	2.77	

24	-2761	51.92	1.33	14.67	9.69	0.19	7.95	11.22	2.45	0.08	0.18	2.77
25	-3025	49.18	0.98	17.38	8.53	0.15	9.77	11.06	2.47	0.06	0.15	3.12
26	-3140	51.08	1.4	14.75	10.07	0.21	7.68	11.52	2.73	0.07	0.16	2.87
27	-3140	51.68	2.07	13.97	11.44	0.21	6.8	10.23	2.81	0.16	0.24	15.36
28	-2220	50.21	1.26	15.54	8.86	0.17	8.37	12.48	2.61	0.09	0.11	3.62
29	-1984	50.97	2.16	13.95	11.55	0.22	6.78	10.83	2.84	0.16	0.2	15.2
30	-1984	49.85	1.15	15.94	8.88	0.19	8.72	12.41	2.41	0.06	0.16	2.03
31	-2726	49.73	1.44	16.35	8.6	0.17	8.88	11.67	2.55	0.15	0.19	14.83
32	-1892	48.94	1.08	16.91	8.35	0.17	9.29	12.03	2.73	0.04	0.15	3.52
33	-2345	49.99	1.18	15.74	8.92	0.16	8.52	12.47	2.42	0.12	0.16	10.24
34	-3025	49.8	1.47	16.59	8.05	0.16	8.63	11.64	2.74	0.34	0.24	76.18
35	-2640	47.76	1.24	17.63	8.34	0.16	9.62	11.87	2.88	0.09	0.13	6.04
36	-2493	48.48	1.21	17.55	8.17	0.17	9.17	11.7	3.09	0.05	0.15	2.99
37	-2440	49.15	1.17	16.56	8.56	0.16	8.98	12.11	2.75	0.1	0.15	0.69
38	-2440	49.31	1.25	16.34	8.63	0.16	8.89	12.08	2.78	0.11	0.15	10.73
39	-2380	50.22	1.28	15.22	9.09	0.18	8.52	12.24	2.74	0.07	0.15	2.88
40	-2150	49.42	0.99	16.96	8.3	0.13	8.82	12.48	2.41	0.07	0.12	3.05
41	-2600	49.52	1.03	16.33	8.57	0.17	9.18	12.27	2.46	0.07	0.14	3.01
42	-3220	51.94	3.68	11.7	16.45	0.31	3.94	7.88	3.07	0.35	0.37	34.39
43	-2985	51.32	2.94	12.74	14.16	0.26	5.27	9.49	3.15	0.25	0.2	27.12
44	-2964	50.94	2.44	13.14	12.81	0.26	6.21	10.31	3.2	0.18	0.22	19.96
45	-2834	49.14	1.36	16.84	8.87	0.18	8.84	11.18	2.92	0.23	0.17	40.74

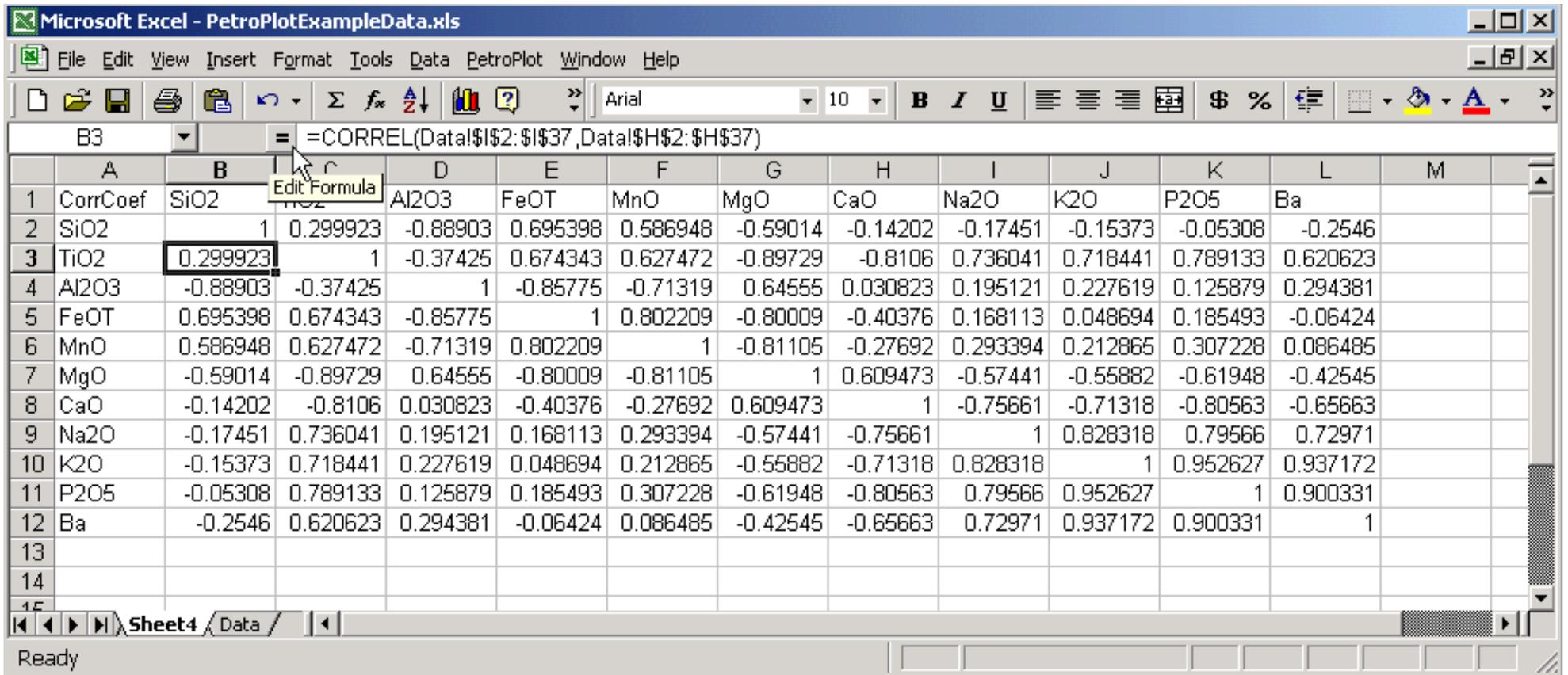
groupinfo / Sheet1 / Sheet2 / Sheet3 / Data /

Ready Sum=4948.944

Click PetroPlot --> Correl Matrix.



**Result:** (Notice that the formula instead of a value is entered in a cell.)



Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Correl Matrix function**

# PetroPlot Tutorial

## Multiple Average function

### Purpose:

This function calculates multiple averages or other aggregates functions such as “STDEV”, “MIN”, “MAX” and “SUM” based on grouping classification that is planned in a separate column. Calculation formulas are exported to a new worksheet. The averages will be automatically updated once source data are modified.

In the following example, averages will be calculated for each series based on the series name.

### Start:

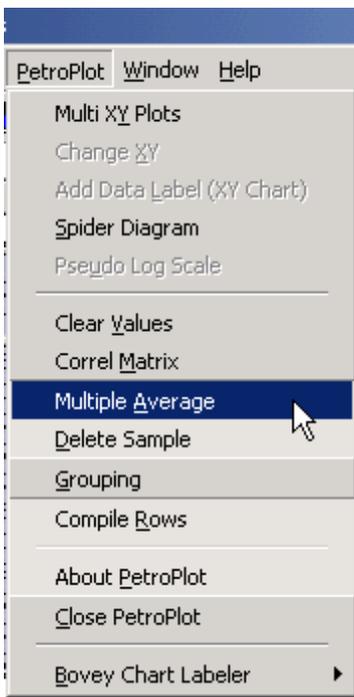
Select a range on the worksheet.

The screenshot shows a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet titled "PetroPlotExampleData.xls". The spreadsheet contains a table with columns A through R. The first three columns (A, B, C) are labeled "Series Name", "Series No.", and "sample\_id". Columns H through Q contain numerical data for various chemical elements: SiO2, TiO2, Al2O3, FeOT, MnO, MgO, CaO, Na2O, K2O, and P2O5. Column R contains the element Ba. The data is grouped by "Series Name" (e.g., N5, N8-N10, N14-N15). A summary row at the bottom of the data range shows a sum of 7974.944.

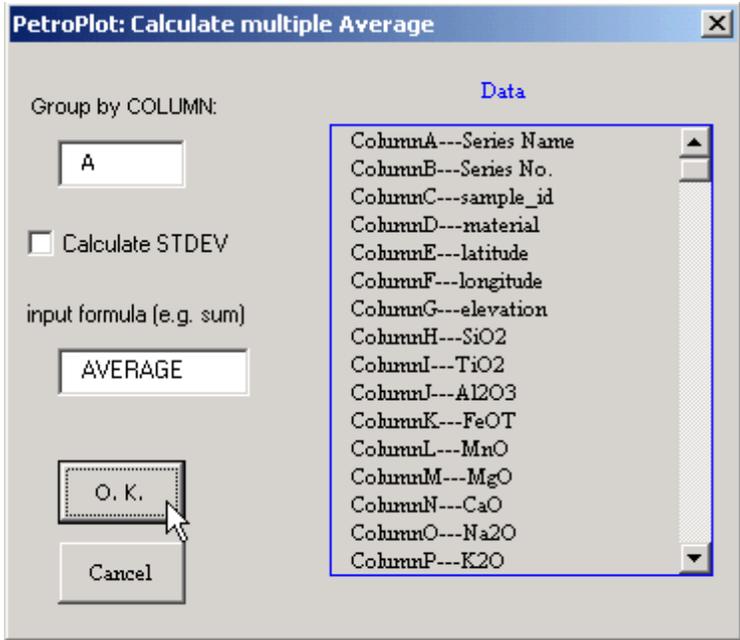
	A	B	C	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R
	Series Name	Series No.	sample_id	SiO2	TiO2	Al2O3	FeOT	MnO	MgO	CaO	Na2O	K2O	P2O5	Ba
1	N5	1	WASRAI2-001-014	49.2	1.01	16.4	8.43	0.15	9.35	12.8	2.29	0.04	0.13	1.81
2	N5	1	WASRAI2-001-017	49.9	1.2	15.4	9.42	0.2	8.28	13	2.55	0.05	0.15	2.22
3	N5	1	WASRAI2-003-001	49.1	0.91	16.7	8.1	0.15	9.7	12.7	2.16	0.03	0.12	1.27
4	N5	1	WASRAI2-003-003	50.3	1.35	15.1	9.38	0.19	8.26	12.5	2.52	0.06	0.15	2.41
5	N5	1	WASRAI2-003-004	50.7	1.92	14.9	10.4	0.2	6.61	11.3	3.13	0.32	0.23	1.84
6	N5	1	WASRAI2-004-007	50.7	1.84	14.7	10.4	0.21	6.7	11.3	3.24	0.3	0.22	38.32
7	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-007-013	50.5	1.05	15	9.15	0.19	8.47	13	2.24	0.05	0.13	1.85
8	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-009-009	50.9	1.51	14.9	11	0.22	7.12	11.9	2.67	0.11	0.16	0.31
74	N14-N15	5	WASRAI2-110-005	48.8	1.87	16.6	9.33	0.17	8.15	11.2	3.04	0.34	0.23	104.17
75	N14-N15	5	WASRAI2-111-003	50	2.12	16.1	9.3	0.18	7.37	10.7	3.24	0.46	0.28	87.48
76	N14-N15	5	WASRAI2-111-004	51.5	2.26	14.7	10.2	0.2	6.06	10.4	3.54	0.5	0.3	89.94
77	N14-N15	5	WASRAI2-112-002	51.8	2.33	14.9	10.5	0.2	5.54	10	3.64	0.53	0.3	100.36
78	N14-N15	5	WASRAI2-116-001	48.6	1.39	17.1	8.95	0.17	9.02	11.1	3.25	0.05	0.13	4.54
79	N14-N15	5	WASRAI2-118-002	50.9	1.77	14.9	9.55	0.19	7.18	11.5	3.34	0.17	0.2	18.78
80	N14-N15	5	WASRAI2-121-003	50.8	1.62	14.5	10.2	0.21	7.49	12.1	2.56	0.09	0.15	6.83
81	N14-N15	5	WASRAI2-123-004	51.1	1.57	14.9	9.6	0.17	7.43	11.7	2.95	0.16	0.17	6.22
82														
83														
84	Data Source :	NIU, Y and BATIZA, R;												
85		Year: 1997												
86		Title: TRACE ELEMENT EVIDENCE ON THE MORPHOLOGY OF AN ANATOLIC CRUST IN THE EASTERN PACIFIC MANTLE												
87		Journal: EARTH PLANET SCI LETT												
88		Pages: 471 - 483												
89	Note:	This file is presented for the purpose of scientific research ONLY.												
90		The Authors of PetroPlot program are not responsible for any scientific implication.												
91														

Ready      Sum=7974.944

Click PetroPlot --> Multiple Average.



Input the grouping column & formula:



Result: (Notice that the formula instead of a value is entered in a cell.)

Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls

File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data PetroPlot Window Help

B2 = =AVERAGE(Data!H\$2:H\$7)

	A	B	C	D	E	Formula Bar	G	H	I	J	K	L
1	Series Name	SiO2	TiO2	Al2O3	FeOT	MnO	MgO	CaO	Na2O	K2O	P2O5	
2	N5	49.96833	1.371667	15.53167	9.353333	0.183333	8.15	12.24333	2.648333	0.133333	0.166667	
3	N8-N10	50.13	1.545556	15.59519	9.521111	0.192185	7.98	11.53852	2.712222	0.23	0.212407	
4	N10-N12	49.91704	1.755926	15.55185	10.03407	0.192963	7.701852	11.1437	2.941481	0.246296	0.208889	
5	N12-N14	50.57143	1.401429	15.51714	9.051429	0.17	7.907143	11.93857	2.86	0.12	0.16	
6	N14-N15	50.57231	1.761538	15.36077	9.551538	0.183846	7.43	11.29154	3.06	0.272308	0.214615	
7												
8												

Ready

Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Multiple Average function**

# PetroPlot Tutorial

## Delete Sample function

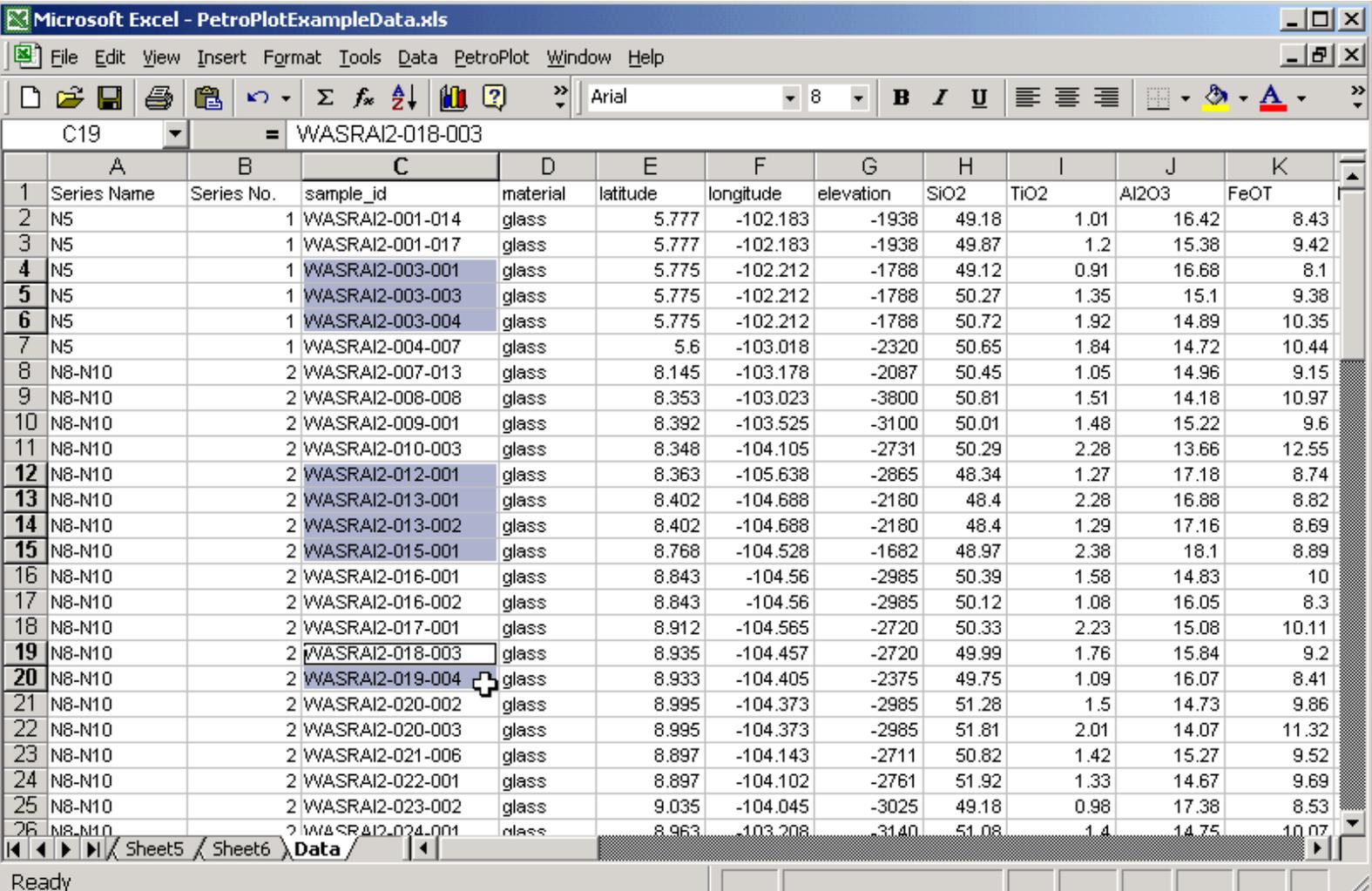
### Purpose:

This function can delete non-consecutive rows based on customized criteria.

### Start:

Select a set of rows on a data sheet.

(Note: You can select any column. PetroPlot only reads the row positions from your selection.)



Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls

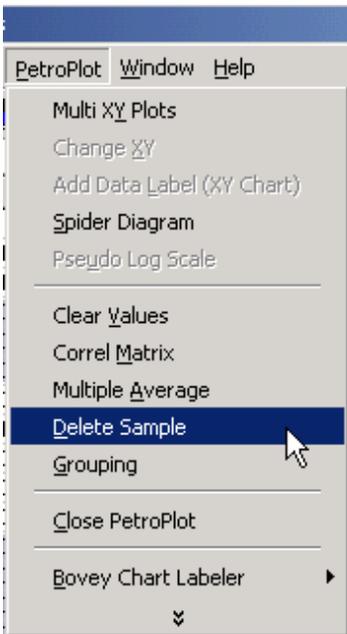
File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data PetroPlot Window Help

C19 = WASRAI2-018-003

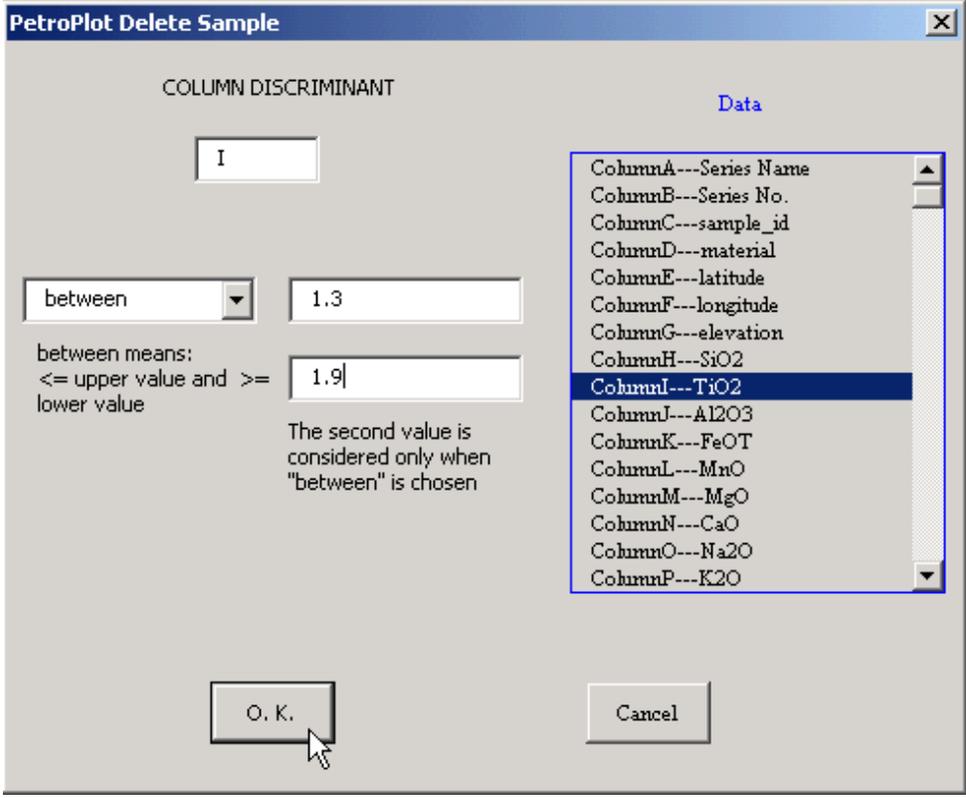
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
1	Series Name	Series No.	sample_id	material	latitude	longitude	elevation	SiO2	TiO2	Al2O3	FeOT
2	N5	1	WASRAI2-001-014	glass	5.777	-102.183	-1938	49.18	1.01	16.42	8.43
3	N5	1	WASRAI2-001-017	glass	5.777	-102.183	-1938	49.87	1.2	15.38	9.42
4	N5	1	WASRAI2-003-001	glass	5.775	-102.212	-1788	49.12	0.91	16.68	8.1
5	N5	1	WASRAI2-003-003	glass	5.775	-102.212	-1788	50.27	1.35	15.1	9.38
6	N5	1	WASRAI2-003-004	glass	5.775	-102.212	-1788	50.72	1.92	14.89	10.35
7	N5	1	WASRAI2-004-007	glass	5.6	-103.018	-2320	50.65	1.84	14.72	10.44
8	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-007-013	glass	8.145	-103.178	-2087	50.45	1.05	14.96	9.15
9	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-008-008	glass	8.353	-103.023	-3800	50.81	1.51	14.18	10.97
10	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-009-001	glass	8.392	-103.525	-3100	50.01	1.48	15.22	9.6
11	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-010-003	glass	8.348	-104.105	-2731	50.29	2.28	13.66	12.55
12	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-012-001	glass	8.363	-105.638	-2865	48.34	1.27	17.18	8.74
13	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-013-001	glass	8.402	-104.688	-2180	48.4	2.28	16.88	8.82
14	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-013-002	glass	8.402	-104.688	-2180	48.4	1.29	17.16	8.69
15	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-015-001	glass	8.768	-104.528	-1682	48.97	2.38	18.1	8.89
16	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-016-001	glass	8.843	-104.56	-2985	50.39	1.58	14.83	10
17	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-016-002	glass	8.843	-104.56	-2985	50.12	1.08	16.05	8.3
18	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-017-001	glass	8.912	-104.565	-2720	50.33	2.23	15.08	10.11
19	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-018-003	glass	8.935	-104.457	-2720	49.99	1.76	15.84	9.2
20	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-019-004	glass	8.933	-104.405	-2375	49.75	1.09	16.07	8.41
21	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-020-002	glass	8.995	-104.373	-2985	51.28	1.5	14.73	9.86
22	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-020-003	glass	8.995	-104.373	-2985	51.81	2.01	14.07	11.32
23	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-021-006	glass	8.897	-104.143	-2711	50.82	1.42	15.27	9.52
24	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-022-001	glass	8.897	-104.102	-2761	51.92	1.33	14.67	9.69
25	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-023-002	glass	9.035	-104.045	-3025	49.18	0.98	17.38	8.53
26	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-024-001	glass	8.963	-103.208	-3140	51.08	1.4	14.75	10.07

Ready

Click PetroPlot --> Delete Sample.



Input the deleting criteria:



Result:

Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls

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WASRAI2-018-003

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
1	Series Name	Series No.	sample_id	material	latitude	longitude	elevation	SiO2	TiO2
2	N5	1	WASRAI2-001-014	glass	5.777	-102.183	-1938	49.18	1.01
3	N5	1	WASRAI2-001-017	glass	5.777	-102.183	-1938	49.87	1.2
4	N5	1	WASRAI2-003-001	glass	5.775	-102.212	-1788	49.12	0.91
5	N5	1	WASRAI2-003-004	glass	5.775	-102.212	-1788	50.72	1.92
6	N5	1	WASRAI2-004-007	glass	5.6	-103.018	-2320	50.65	1.84
7	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-007-013	glass	8.145	-103.178	-2087	50.45	1.05
8	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-008-008	glass	8.353	-103.023	-3800	50.81	1.51
9	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-009-001	glass	8.392	-103.525	-3100	50.01	1.48
10	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-010-003	glass	8.348	-104.105	-2731	50.29	2.28
11	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-012-001	glass	8.363	-105.638	-2865	48.34	1.27
12	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-013-001	glass	8.402	-104.688	-2180	48.4	2.28
13	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-013-002	glass	8.402	-104.688	-2180	48.4	1.29
14	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-015-001	glass	8.768	-104.528	-1682	48.97	2.38
15	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-016-001	glass	8.843	-104.56	-2985	50.39	1.58
16	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-016-002	glass	8.843	-104.56	-2985	50.12	1.08
17	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-017-001	glass	8.912	-104.565	-2720	50.33	2.23
18	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-019-004	glass	8.933	-104.405	-2375	49.75	1.09
19	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-020-002	glass	8.995	-104.373	-2985	51.28	1.5
20	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-020-003	glass	8.995	-104.373	-2985	51.81	2.01
21	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-021-006	glass	8.897	-104.143	-2711	50.82	1.42
22	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-022-001	glass	8.897	-104.102	-2761	51.92	1.33
23	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-023-002	glass	9.035	-104.045	-3025	49.18	0.98



**Note:**  
The deleting condition could be as following. Only "between" needs two values.

*Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su*  
This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Delete Sample function**

# PetroPlot Tutorial

## Grouping function

### Purpose:

Samples are often grouped by a variety of criteria, such as locations, materials, chemical values, calculated indexes (e.g. Na8, La/Sm), analytical methods etc.

The PetroPlot Grouping function reads grouping information from a grouping worksheet, and assigns grouping number/ID to individual samples in the data sheet

**Start:** Open [PetroPlotExampleData.xls](#) in Excel.

The "groupinfo" worksheet should have 6 columns and 11 rows, with a "-1" at cell A12.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1	New Group name	New Group number	Lat from	Lat to	K2O/TiO2 from	K2O/TiO2 to		
2	N5-N8 enriched	1	5	8	0.09	100		
3	N8-N10 enriched	2	8	10	0.09	100		
4	N10-N12 enriched	3	10	12	0.09	100		
5	N12-N14 enriched	4	12	14	0.09	100		
6	N14-N15 enriched	5	14	15	0.09	100		
7	N5-N8 depleted	6	5	8	0	0.09		
8	N8-N10 depleted	7	8	10	0	0.09		
9	N10-N12 depleted	8	10	12	0	0.09		
10	N12-N14 depleted	9	12	14	0	0.09		
11	N14-N15 depleted	10	14	15	0	0.09		
12	-1							
13								
14								
15								
16								

**Step 1:** Select rows you want to work on.

Note: you can highlight any column.

Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls

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Arial 10 B

C2 = WASRAI2-001-014

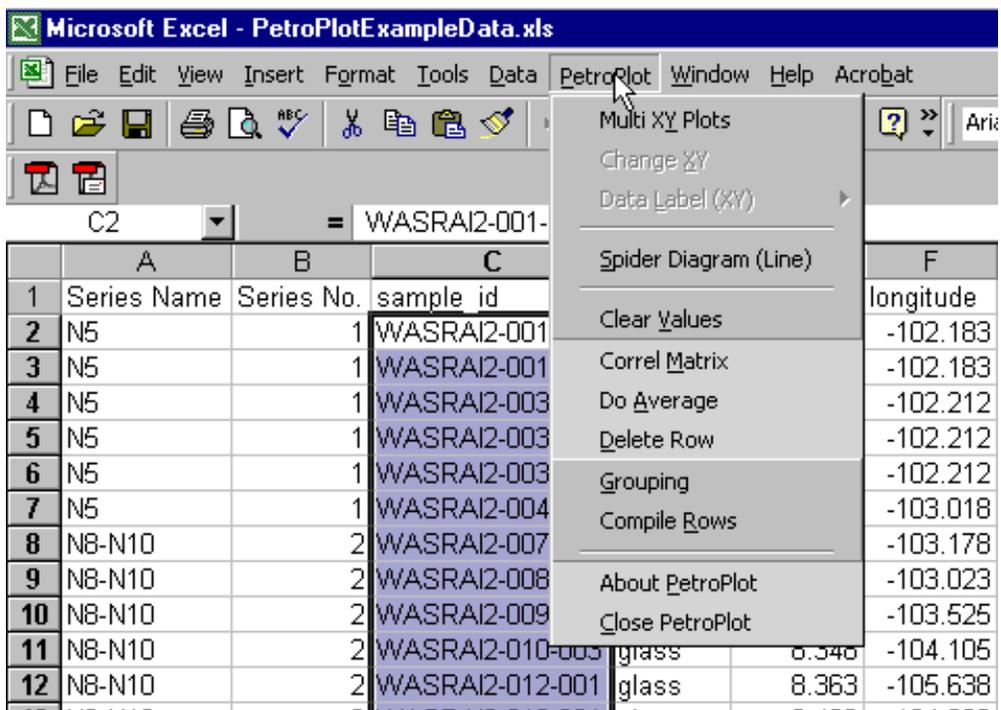
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
1	Series Name	Series No.	sample_id	material	latitude	longitude	elevation	SiO2	TiO2	Al2O3
2	N5	1	WASRAI2-001-014	glass	5.777	-102.183	-1938	49.18	1.01	16.4
3	N5	1	WASRAI2-001-017	glass	5.777	-102.183	-1938	49.87	1.2	15.3
4	N5	1	WASRAI2-003-001	glass	5.775	-102.212	-1788	49.12	0.91	16.6
5	N5	1	WASRAI2-003-003	glass	5.775	-102.212	-1788	50.27	1.35	15
6	N5	1	WASRAI2-003-004	glass	5.775	-102.212	-1788	50.72	1.92	14.8
7	N5	1	WASRAI2-004-007	glass	5.6	-103.018	-2320	50.65	1.84	14.7
8	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-007-013	glass	8.145	-103.178	-2087	50.45	1.05	14.9
9	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-008-008	glass	8.353	-103.023	-3800	50.81	1.51	14.1
10	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-009-001	glass	8.392	-103.525	-3100	50.01	1.48	15.2
11	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-010-003	glass	8.348	-104.105	-2731	50.29	2.28	13.6
12	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-012-001	glass	8.363	-105.638	-2865	48.34	1.27	17.1
13	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-013-001	glass	8.402	-104.688	-2180	48.4	2.28	16.6
14	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-013-002	glass	8.402	-104.688	-2180	48.4	1.29	17.1
15	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-015-001	glass	8.768	-104.528	-1682	48.97	2.38	18
16	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-016-001	glass	8.843	-104.56	-2985	50.39	1.58	14.8
17	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-016-002	glass	8.843	-104.56	-2985	50.12	1.08	16.0
18	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-017-001	glass	8.912	-104.565	-2720	50.33	2.23	15.0
19	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-018-003	glass	8.935	-104.457	-2720	49.99	1.76	15.8
20	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-019-004	glass	8.933	-104.405	-2375	49.75	1.09	16.0
21	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-020-002	glass	8.995	-104.373	-2985	51.28	1.5	14.7
22	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-020-003	glass	8.995	-104.373	-2985	51.81	2.01	14.0
23	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-021-006	glass	8.897	-104.143	-2711	50.82	1.42	15.2
24	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-022-001	glass	8.897	-104.102	-2761	51.92	1.33	14.8
25	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-023-002	glass	9.035	-104.045	-3025	49.18	0.98	17.3
26	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-024-001	glass	8.963	-103.208	-3140	51.08	1.4	14.7
27	N8-N10	2	WASRAI2-024-005	glass	8.963	-103.208	-3140	51.68	2.07	13.9

groupinfo Data

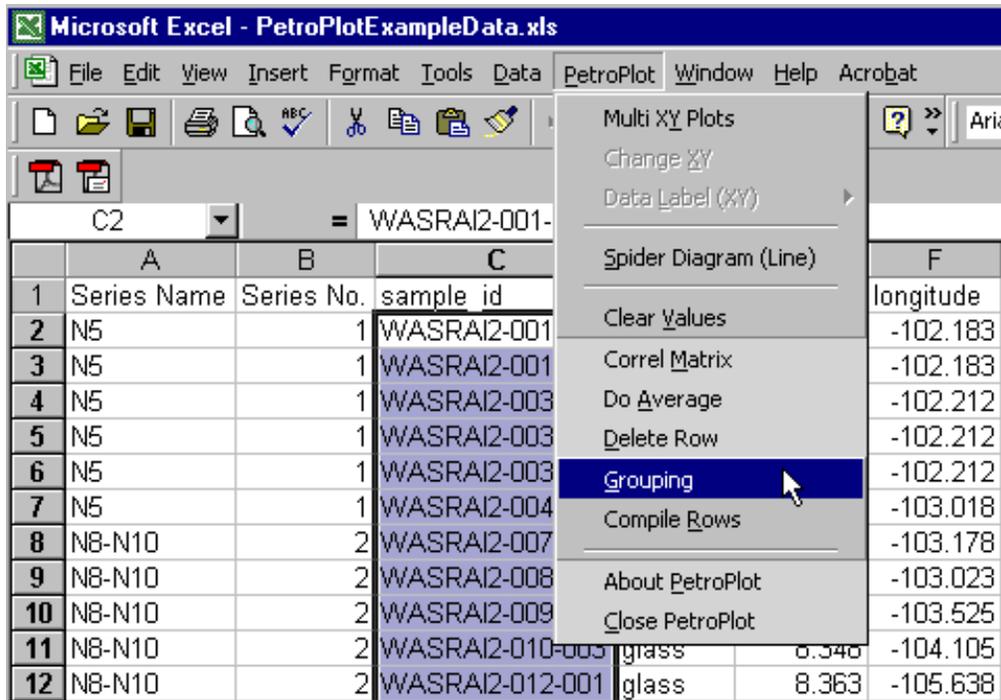
Draw AutoShapes

Ready NUM

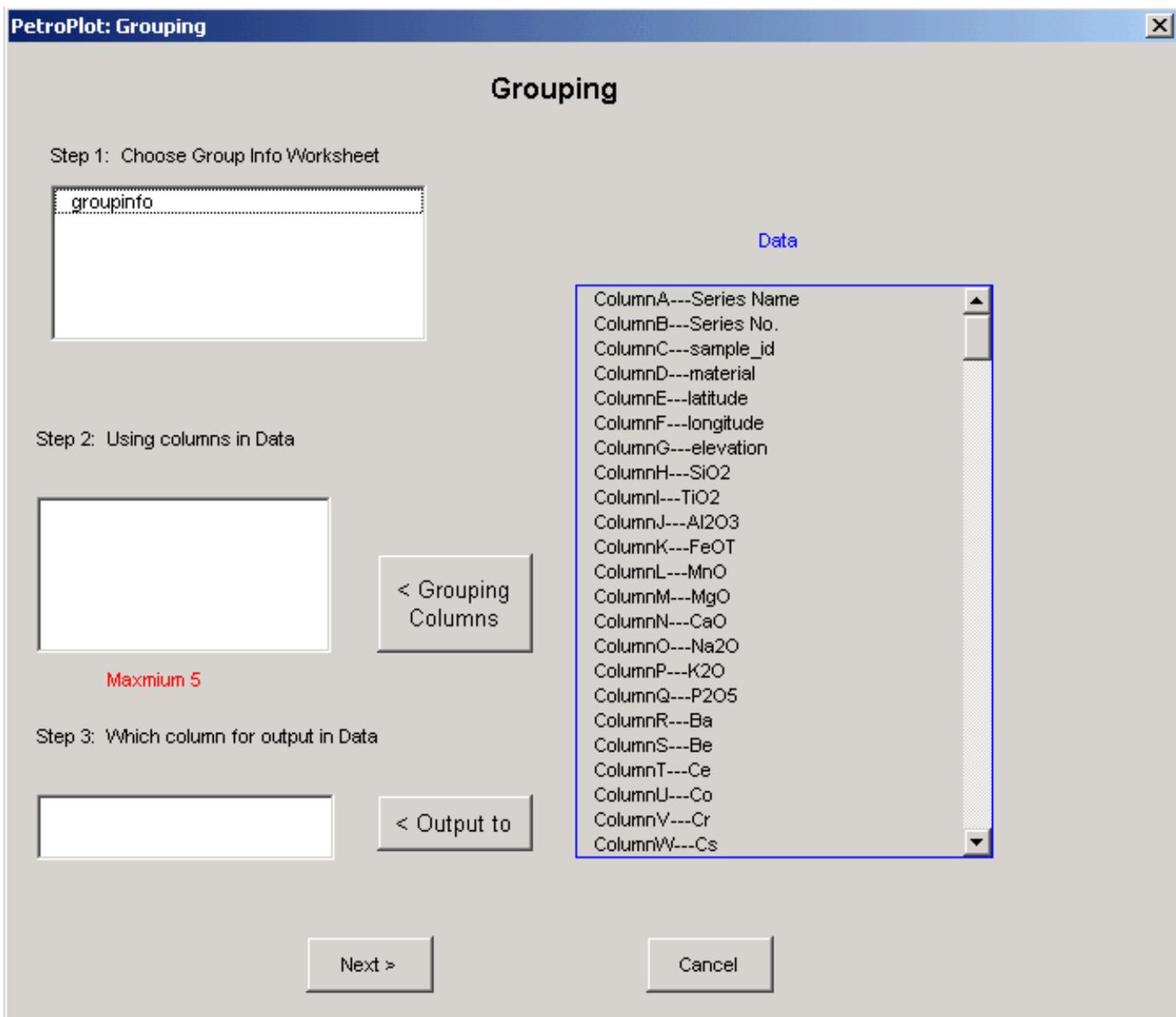
Step 2: click the "PetroPlot" menubar.



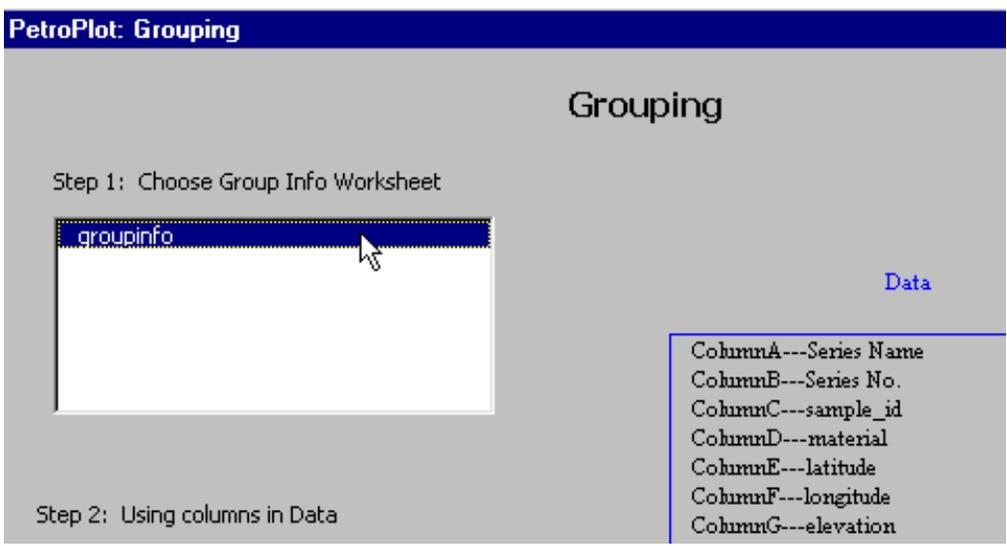
Then select the "Grouping" button.



Now you see the "Grouping" window. In this window, the program reads from the "data" sheet

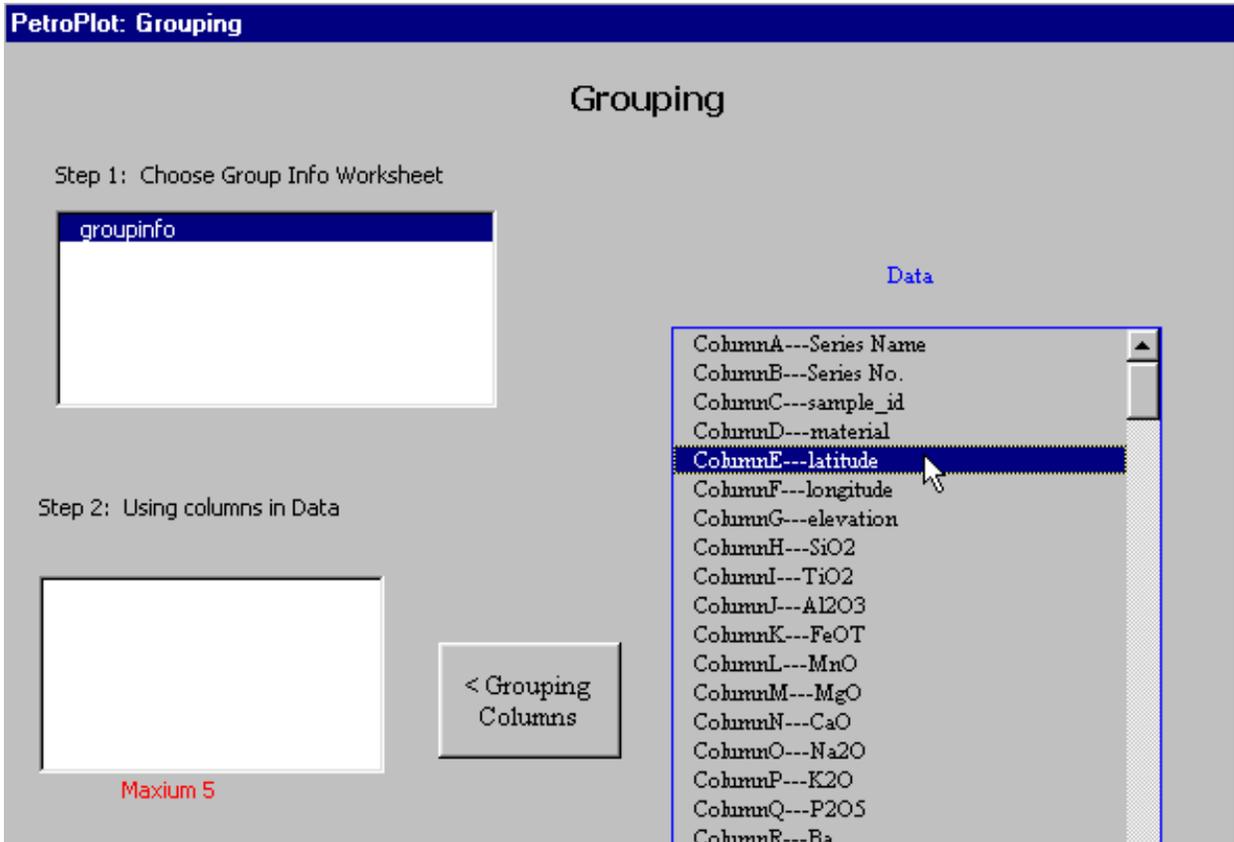


**Step 3:** Set up the group info sheet.  
*Note: you can make multiple group info sheets, and define different groups.*

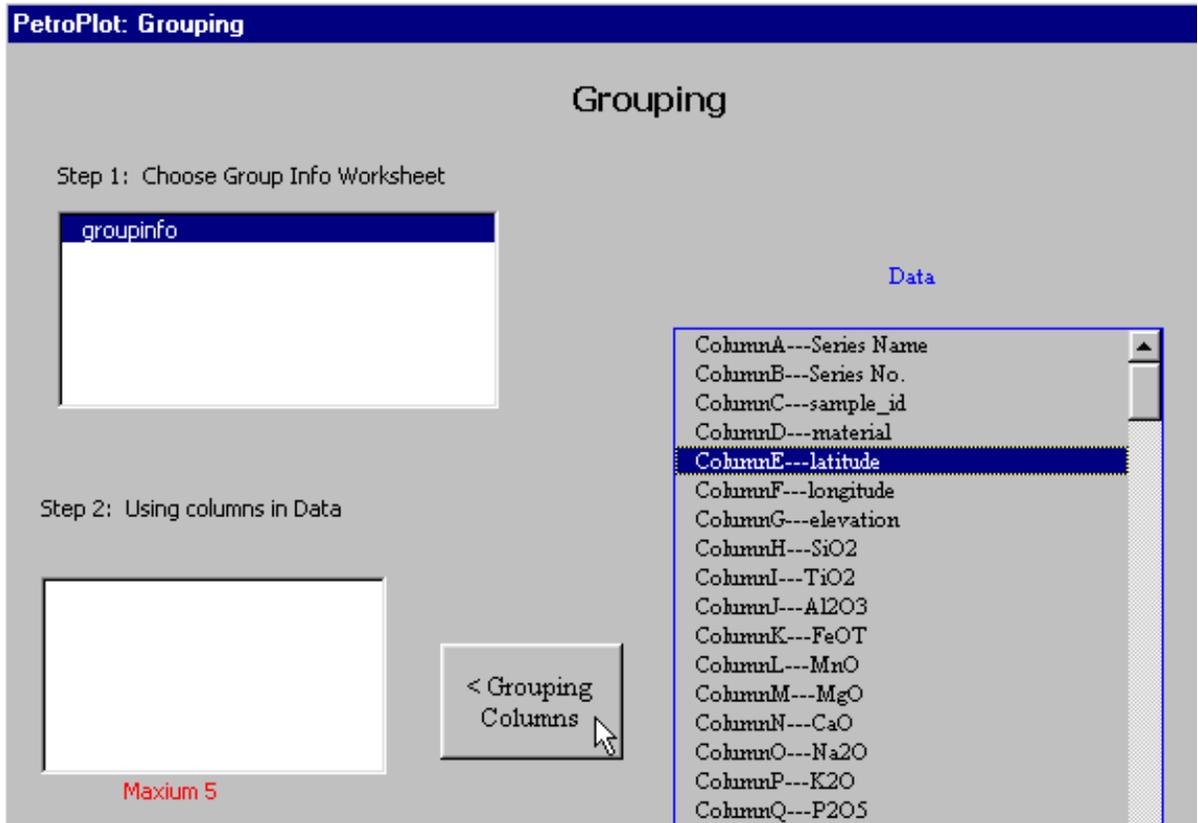


**Step 4:** Set up the grouping columns.

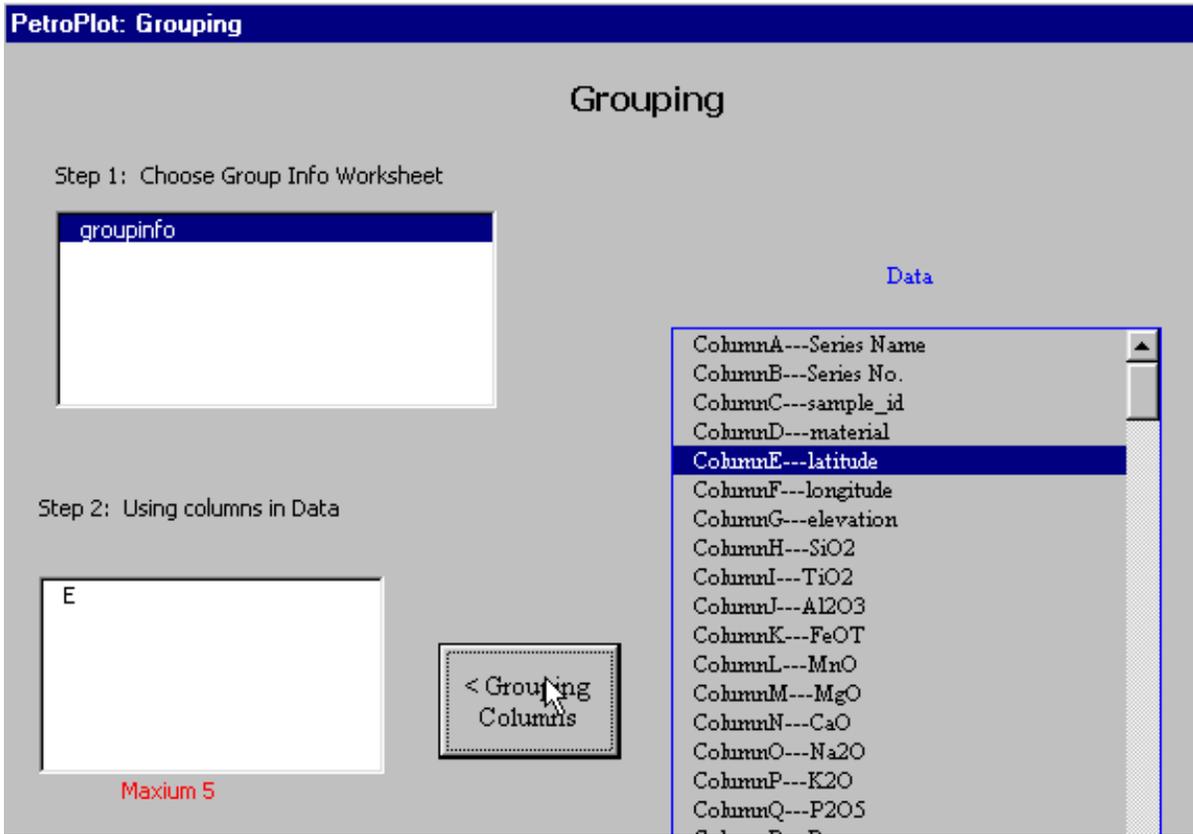
**Note:** Maximum number of grouping columns is 5.



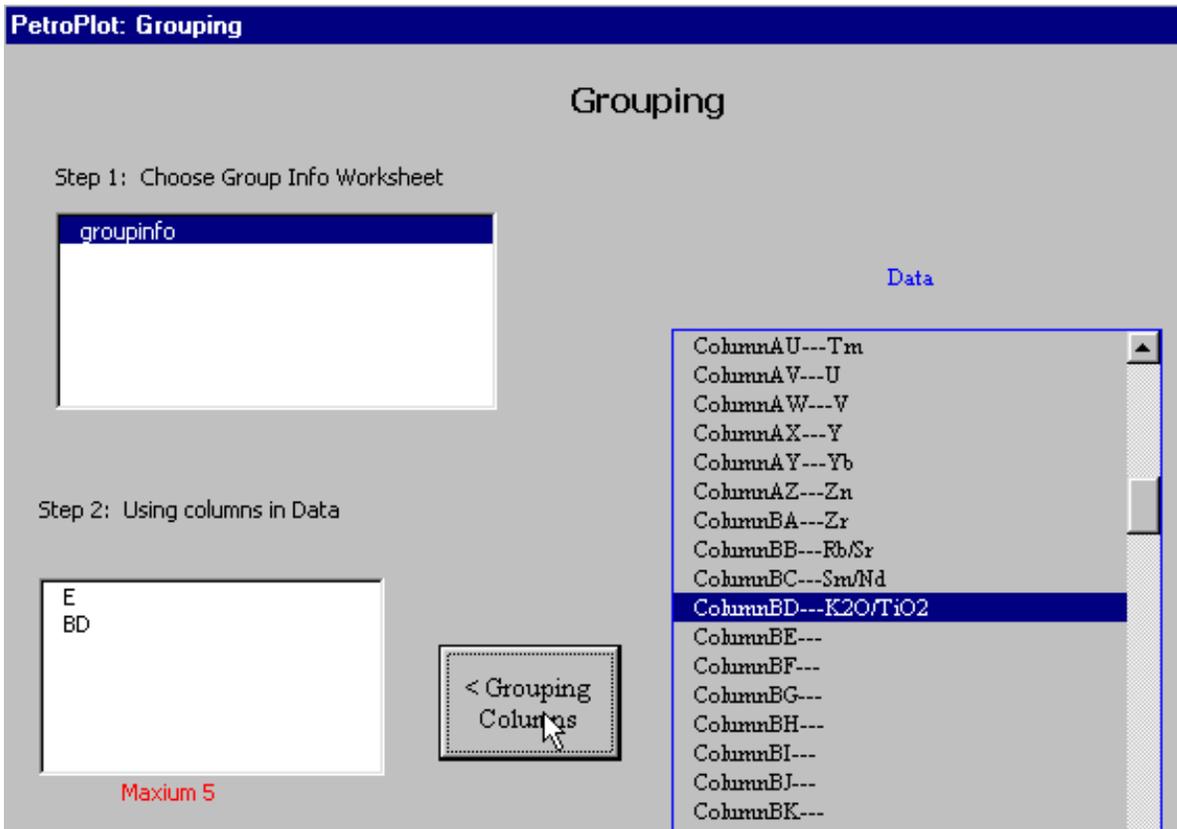
Highlight the column (image above), click the "Grouping Columns" button (image below)



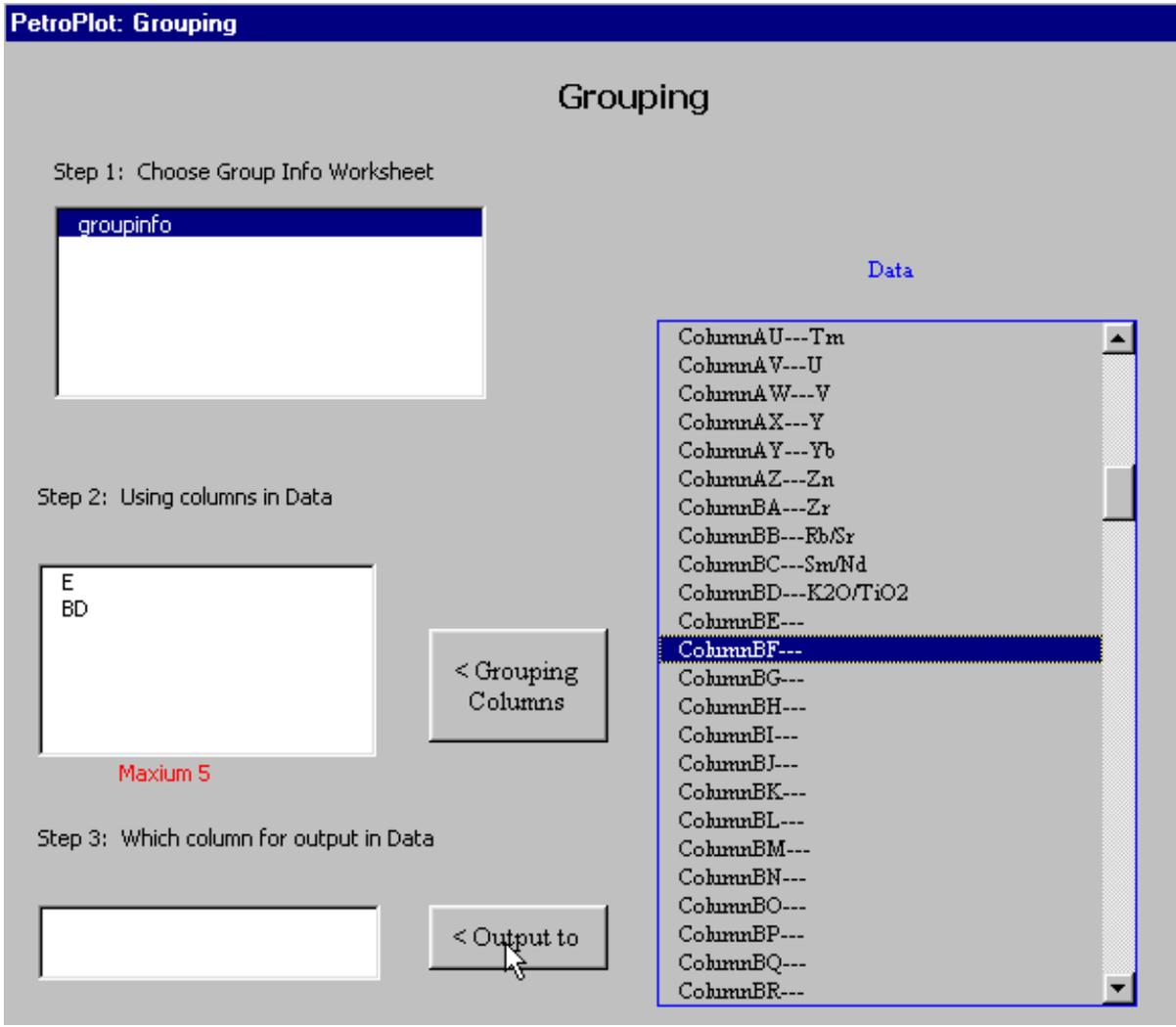
Now Column "E" is added



Repeat to choose all Grouping columns.



**Step 5:** Set up the output column.  
Could be any blank column.



Highlight the column (image above), click the "Output to" button (image below)

# Grouping

Step 1: Choose Group Info Worksheet

groupinfo

Data

- ColumnAU---Tm
- ColumnAV---U
- ColumnAW---V
- ColumnAX---Y
- ColumnAY---Yb
- ColumnAZ---Zn
- ColumnBA---Zr
- ColumnBB---Rb/Sr
- ColumnBC---Sm/Nd
- ColumnBD---K2O/TiO2
- ColumnBE---
- ColumnBF---**
- ColumnBG---
- ColumnBH---
- ColumnBI---
- ColumnBJ---
- ColumnBK---
- ColumnBL---
- ColumnBM---
- ColumnBN---
- ColumnBO---
- ColumnBP---
- ColumnBQ---
- ColumnBR---

Step 2: Using columns in Data

E  
BD

< Grouping  
Columns

Maxium 5

Step 3: Which column for output in Data

BF

< Output to

**Step 6:** Click the "Next>" button.

# Grouping

Step 1: Choose Group Info Worksheet

groupinfo

Data

- ColumnAU---Tm
- ColumnAV---U
- ColumnAW---V
- ColumnAX---Y
- ColumnAY---Yb
- ColumnAZ---Zn
- ColumnBA---Zr
- ColumnBB---Rb/Sr
- ColumnBC---Sm/Nd
- ColumnBD---K2O/TiO2
- ColumnBE---
- ColumnBF---**
- ColumnBG---
- ColumnBH---
- ColumnBI---
- ColumnBJ---
- ColumnBK---
- ColumnBL---
- ColumnBM---
- ColumnBN---
- ColumnBO---
- ColumnBP---
- ColumnBQ---
- ColumnBR---

Step 2: Using columns in Data

E  
BD

Maxium 5

< Grouping  
Columns

Step 3: Which column for output in Data

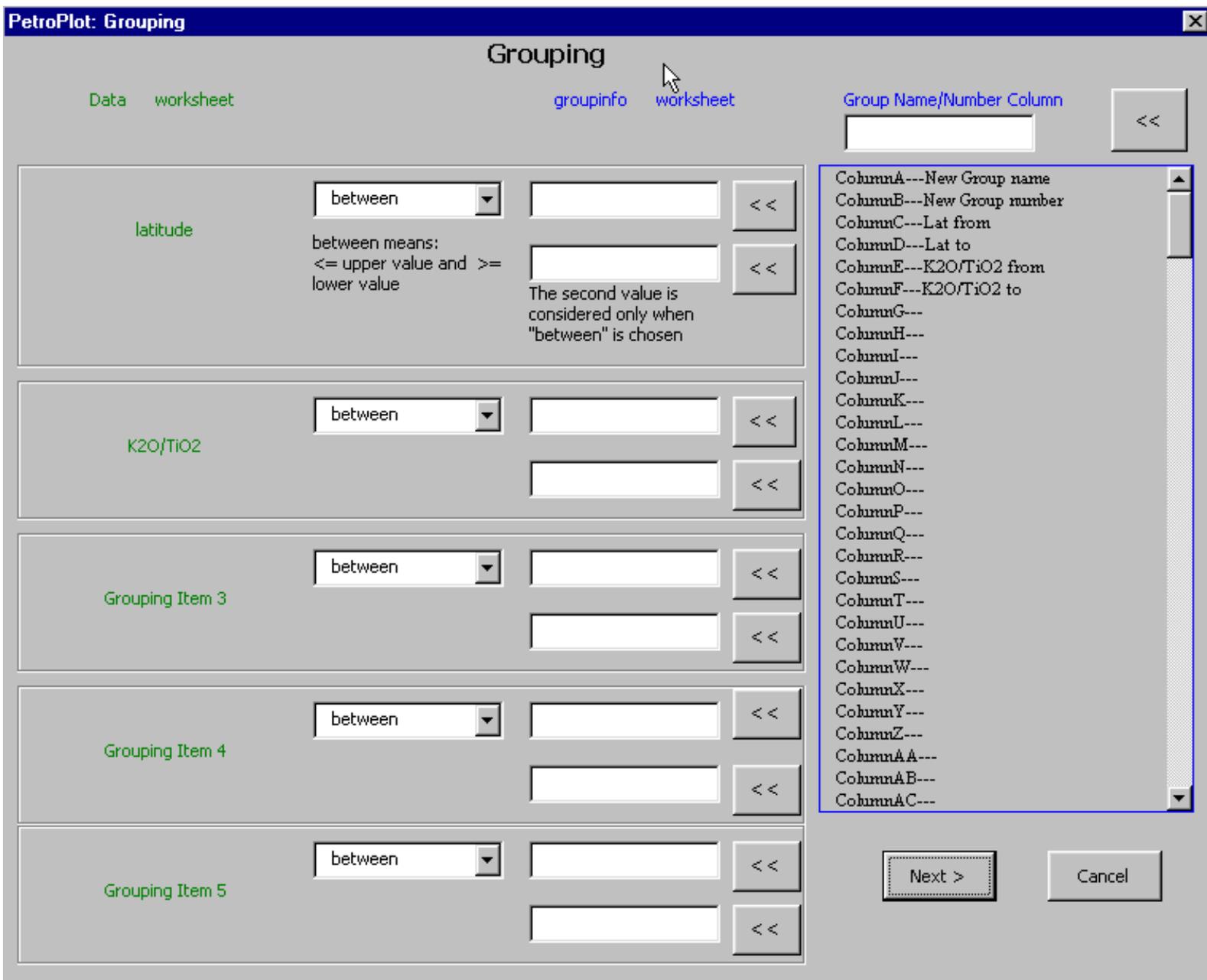
BF

< Output to

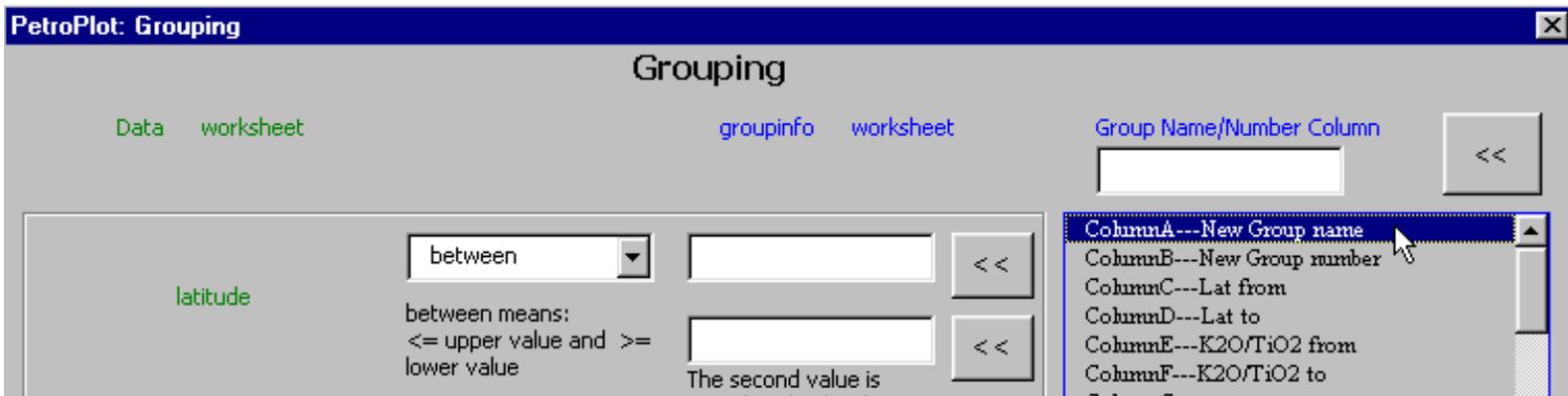
Next >

Cancel

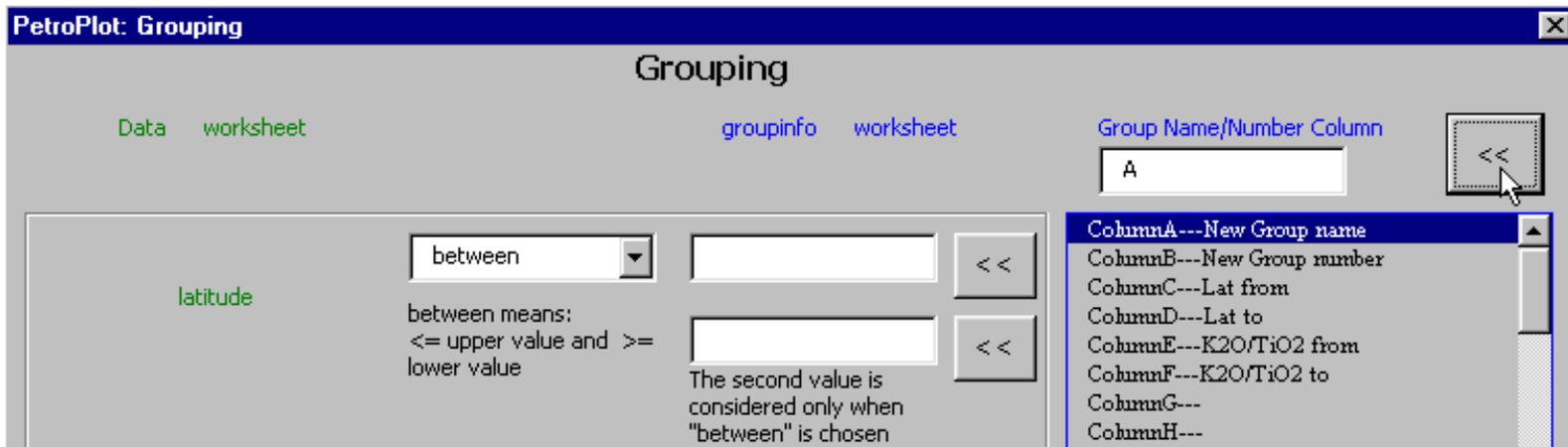
Now you see the "Grouping Next" window. In the new window, the program reads from the "groupinfo" sheet.



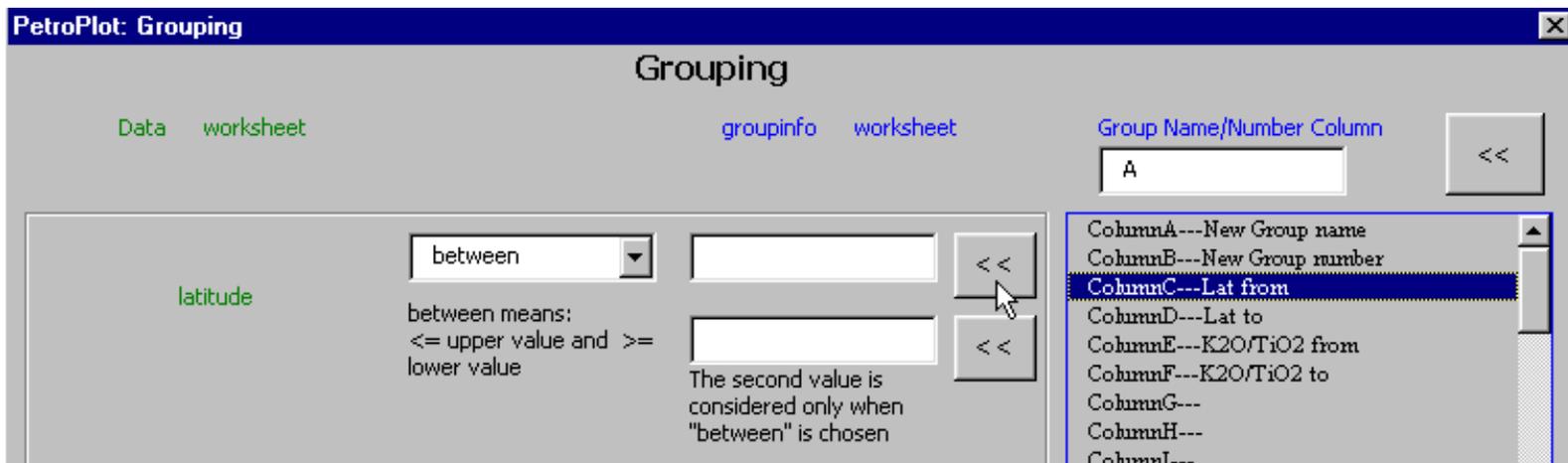
**Step 7:** Tell the program which column in "groupinfo" sheet contains group names.



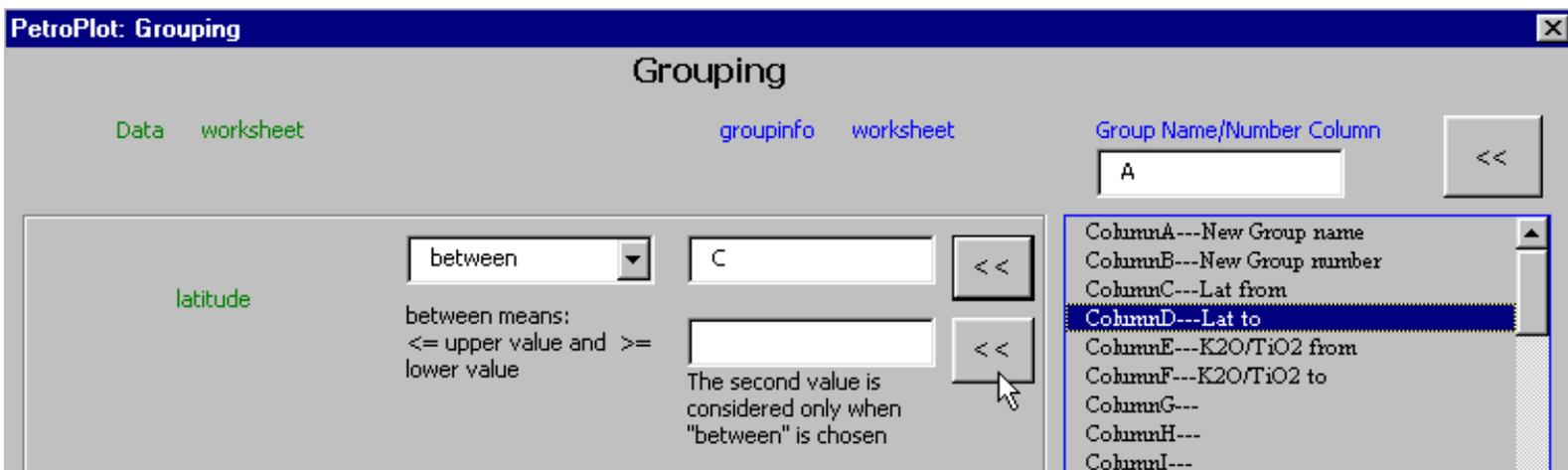
Highlight the column (image above), click the "<<" button in the upper right corner (image below)



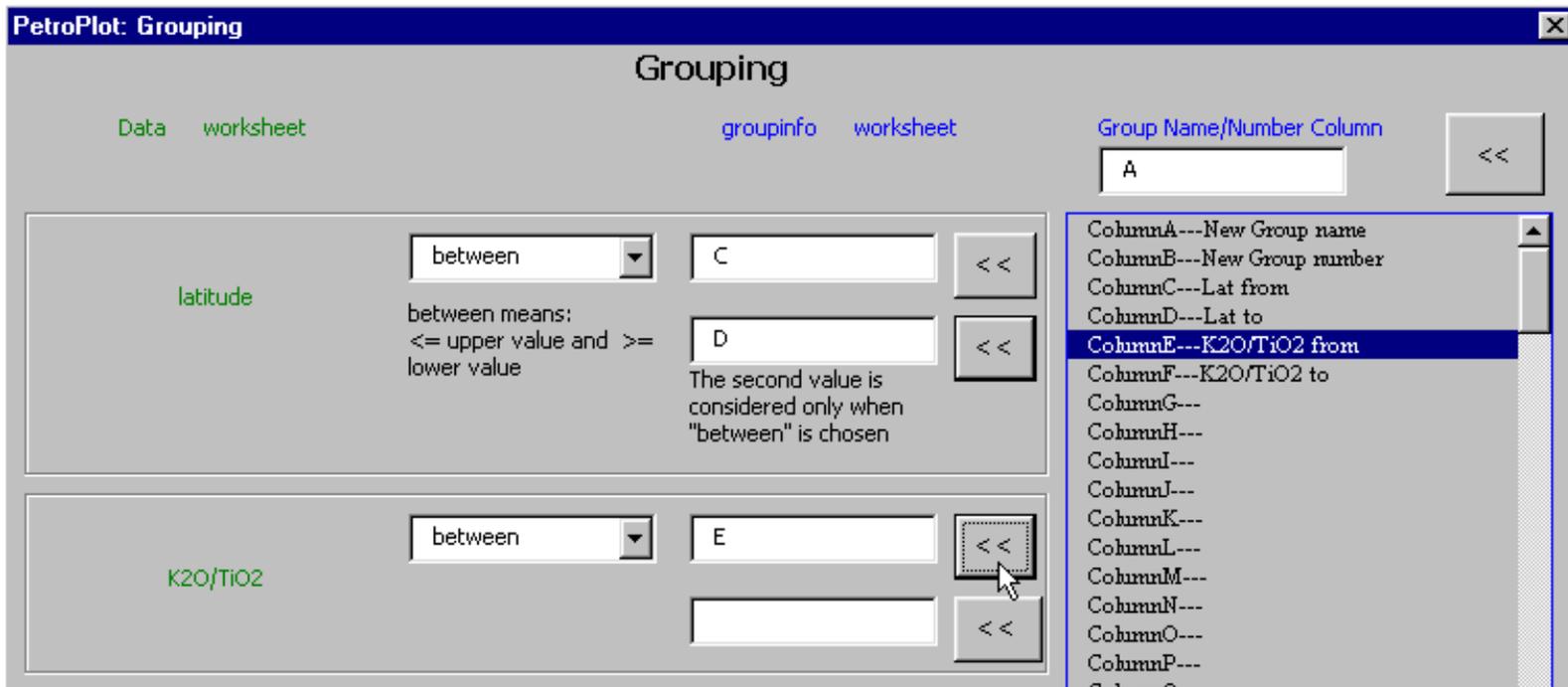
**Step 8:** Choose columns in "groupinfo" sheet to constrain your first grouping column in "data" sheet (in this example, the latitude column in "data" sheet").



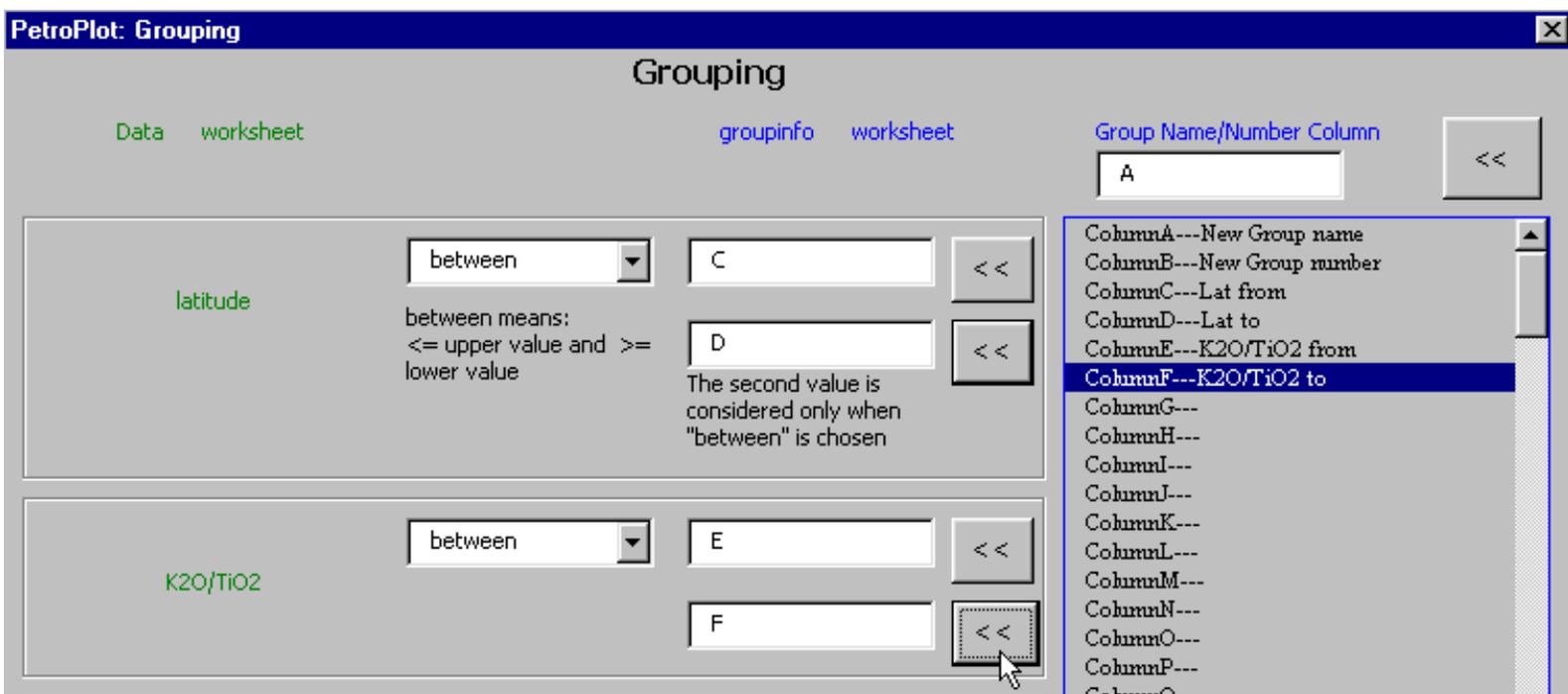
Highlight the column, click the "<<" button next to the input box (image above)  
 Repeat if the criteria is "between"(image below)



**Step 9:** Choose columns in "groupinfo" sheet to constrain your second grouping column in "data" sheet (in this example, the K<sub>2</sub>O/TiO<sub>2</sub> column in "data" sheet").



Highlight the column, click the "<<" button next to the input box (image above)  
 Repeat if the criteria is "between"(image below)



**Step 10:** Click the "Next>" button.



Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls

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BF2 = N5-N8 depleted

	BA	BB	BC	BD	BE	BF	BG	BH	BI	BJ	BK
1	Zr	Rb/Sr	Sm/Nd	K2O/TiO2							
2	44.7	0.001923	0.378486	0.039604		N5-N8 depleted					
3	64.4	0.00407	0.382979	0.041667		N5-N8 depleted					
4	34.5	0.001207	0.415842	0.032967		N5-N8 depleted					
5	30.2	0.001583	0.409396	0.044444		N5-N8 depleted					
6	40.5	0.002029	0.418511	0.166667		N5-N8 enriched					
7	126	0.026923	0.296037	0.163043		N5-N8 enriched					
8	37.8	0.002435	0.41704	0.047619		N8-N10 depleted					
9	66.8	0.007471	0.345679	0.072848		N8-N10 depleted					
10	91.9	0.005826	0.330535	0.074324		N8-N10 depleted					
11	133	0.01536	0.330202	0.100877		N8-N10 enriched					
12	93.9	0.006505	0.303609	0.102362		N8-N10 enriched					
13	256	0.0381	0.241082	0.385965		N8-N10 enriched					
14	91.5	0.006618	0.295699	0.108527		N8-N10 enriched					
15	254	0.048908	0.206897	0.554622		N8-N10 enriched					
16	101	0.011953	0.324578	0.088608		N8-N10 depleted					
17	69.1	0.007167	0.330176	0.074074		N8-N10 depleted					
18	177	0.045241	0.245782	0.313901		N8-N10 enriched					
19	129	0.03654	0.254302	0.284091		N8-N10 enriched					
20	65.8	0.00254	0.340942	0.073394		N8-N10 depleted					
21	88	0.009328	0.324503	0.08							
22	136	0.018425	0.322105	0.084577							
23	77.4	0.007909	0.334957	0.084507							
24	1.887	0.003301	0.375839	0.06015							
25	49.4	0.003204	0.341751	0.061224							
26	81.9	0.002385	0.353881	0.05							
27	127	0.014054	0.334891	0.077295							

groupinfo Data

Ready NUM

Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su

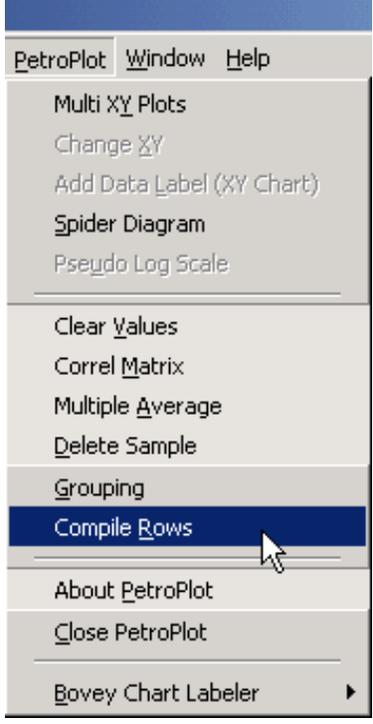
This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Grouping function**



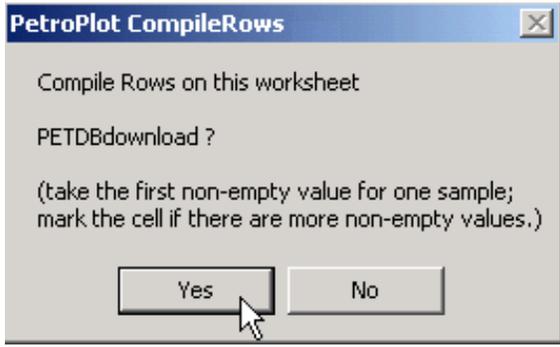
24	AIIO127-1-008-002	GL						4.72	1.69			
25	AIIO127-1-008-002	GL								0.1	0.056	0.0049
27	AIIO127-1-011-001	GL			3.02							

Ready

Click PetroPlot --> Compile Rows.



Confirmation window, click "YES"



Result:

Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls

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M10 =

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N
1	sample_id	material	Rb	Sr	Ba	La	Ce	Nd	Sm	Cd	In	Te	Sr87_Sr86	Nd143_Nd144
2	AIIO127-1-001-005	GL	0.39	98	3.9	1.83	6.26	7.09	2.69	0.123	0.063	0.0023		
3	AIIO127-1-005-005	GL	0.67	83	8	1.24	3.76	3.7	1.5	0.079	0.047	0.0053		
4	AIIO127-1-008-002	GL	0.68	87	6.2	1.86	5.18	4.72	1.69	0.1	0.056	0.0049		
5	AIIO127-1-011-001	GL	3.02	90	42.5	4.74	10.9	7.46	2.29	0.113	0.06	0.0049		
6	AIIO127-1-015-001	GL	4.64	104	60	5.24	11.4	7.74	2.34	0.117	0.06	0.0013		
7	AIIO127-1-017-003	GL	18.8	302	250	16.7	32.6	16.2	3.55	0.102	0.05	0.0008		
8	AIIO127-1-021-003	GL	23.3	404	283	23.7	47.6	25.2	5.49	0.129	0.068	0.0019		
9	AIIO127-1-022-005	GL	20.5	282	253	20.4	40	20.7	4.49	0.118	0.066	0.0017		
10	AIIO127-1-026-005	GL	3.98	94	47	4.96	11.7	9.11	2.92	0.127	0.074	0.0031		
11	AIIO127-1-027-005	GL	7.53	134	82.6	7.69	17.2	10.4	2.85	0.109	0.06	0.0032		
12	ALV1846-009	GL	25	314	49	8.2		10.5	2.26	0.094	0.036	0.0049	0.703313	0.51298
13	ALV1846-012	GL	5.9	254	33	6.09		10.2	2.97	0.11	0.053	0.0062	0.703047	0.51304
14	DSC1983-002-002	GL								0.171	0.097	0.0015		
15	HAK9303-001-B2	GL	1.5	153	17.4	4.03	11.5	10.1	3.24	0.106	0.061	0.0026		
16	HAK9303-002-A3G	GL	0.84	114	10	3.62	11.6	11.6	3.78	0.123	0.073	0.0016		
17	HAK9303-003-B2	GL	0.47	120	6.3	2.64	8.85	8.81	3.02	0.11	0.061	0.0022		
18	HAK9303-006-A3	GL	0.91	131	11.9	2.77	8.96	8.72	3.01	0.107	0.06	0.0039		
19	HAK9303-006-B2	GL	0.96	123	13.3	2.48	7.61	7.26	2.48	0.095	0.052	0.0041		
20	HAK9303-009-F1G	GL	0.85	102	10.7	3.52	11.5	11.8	4.13	0.132	0.078	0.0012		
21	HAK9303-009-G2	GL	0.82	102	10.1	3.49	11.5	11.5	4.01	0.129	0.077	0.0013		
22	HAK9303-R002-SEG	GL	0.72	132	9.5	2.38	7.48	7.04	2.28	0.093	0.048	0.0027		
23	HAK9303-R009-H	GL	1.64	155	18.6	3.54	10.1	8.73	2.87	0.104	0.062	0.0024		
24	MELANTP-131-014	GL	0.44	109	6			7.11	2.56	0.099	0.054	0.0038	0.70273	0.513
25	MOA8712-087-006	GL								0.167	0.1	0.003		
26	SON0012-206-A	GL		104		3.5	10.6	10	3.6	0.12	0.068	0.004		
27	VEM0033-1-004-054	GL								0.159	0.057	0.0018		

Sheet1 | PETDBdownload | groupinfo | Data |

Ready

Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Compile Rows function**

# PetroPlot Tutorial

## Cubic Spline Interpolation functions

### Purpose:

These functions (Spline and Splint) implement the cubic spline algorithm for interpolating to any x-value given a series of (x,y) pairs. The interpolating function is made up of a sequence of cubic polynomial curves that meet at the given data points with continuous first and second derivatives. Significantly better than linear interpolation for relatively smooth data. See Press et al., Numerical Recipes 2nd Edition, pages 113-116.

### Start:

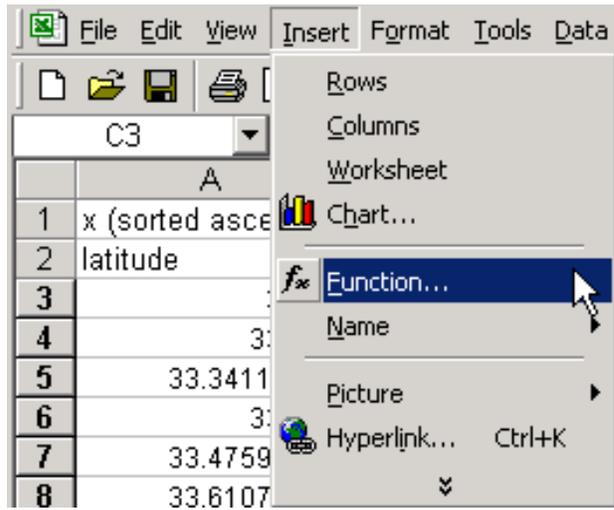
Select a range of cells equal in length to your x and y arrays.

	A	B	C	D	E
1	x (sorted ascending)	y	Spline (table of first derivative values)		
2	latitude	depth			
3	33.17	2710			
4	33.256	2294			
5	33.34118333	2097			
6	33.342	2099			
7	33.47596667	2497			
8	33.61078333	4377			
9	33.65	3907			
10	33.72	3028			
11	33.7225	3860			
12	33.76536667	3562			
13	33.81433333	3388			
184	40.16283333	2748			
185	40.20366667	2914			
186	40.2385	2559			
187	40.26666667	2390			
188	40.27133333	2399			
189	40.2905	2420			
190	40.31816667	2480			
191	40.38333333	2613			
192	40.421	2757			
193	40.48133333	2835			
194	40.5225	2920			
195					
196					
197					
198					

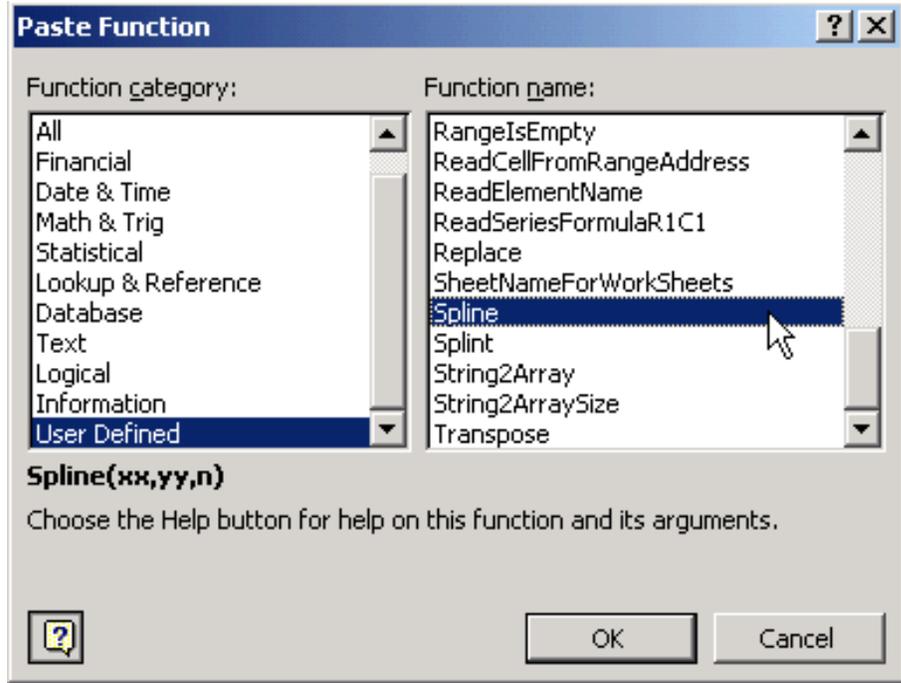
Navigation: spline / PETDBdownload / groupinfo / Data /

### Step 1:

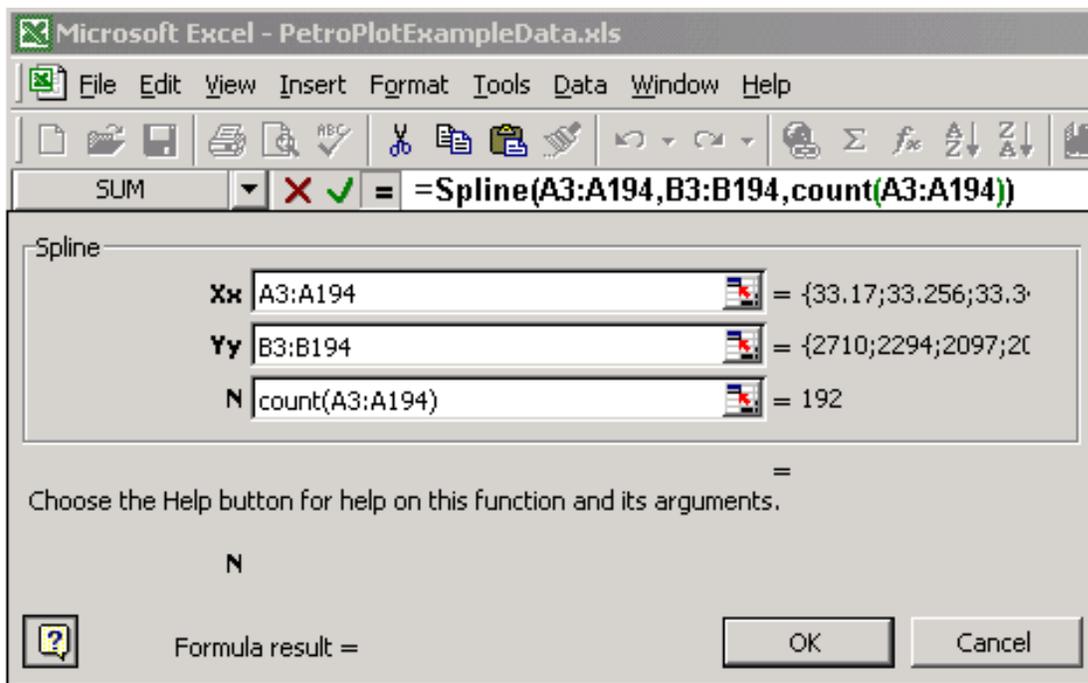
Choose Insert->Function.



Choose ->User defined->Spline.



Enter the range of x values, the range of y values, and the number of data pairs.



To fill the whole selection: Type Command+Return(Mac) or Ctrl+Shift+Enter(PC)

	A	B	C	D	E
1	x (sorted ascending)	y	Spline (table of first derivative values)		
2	latitude	depth			
3	33.17	2710	0		
4	33.256	2294	3277.50744		
5	33.34118333	2097	164647.146		
6	33.342	2099	-35102.0651		
7	33.47596667	2497	93003.2618		
8	33.61078333	4377	152435.93		
9	33.65	3907	-5639786.78		
10	33.72	3028	17464353.5		
11	33.7225	3860	-26161327.8		
12	33.76536667	3562	6800922.14		
13	33.81433333	3388	-2190544.77		
14	33.84	3356	303776.687		
15	33.88433333	3167	-99319.8887		

This is a table of the numerical estimates of the first derivative of your function at each data point. You only have to do this once to generate the interpolating function, you can now use it multiple times for various values of x.

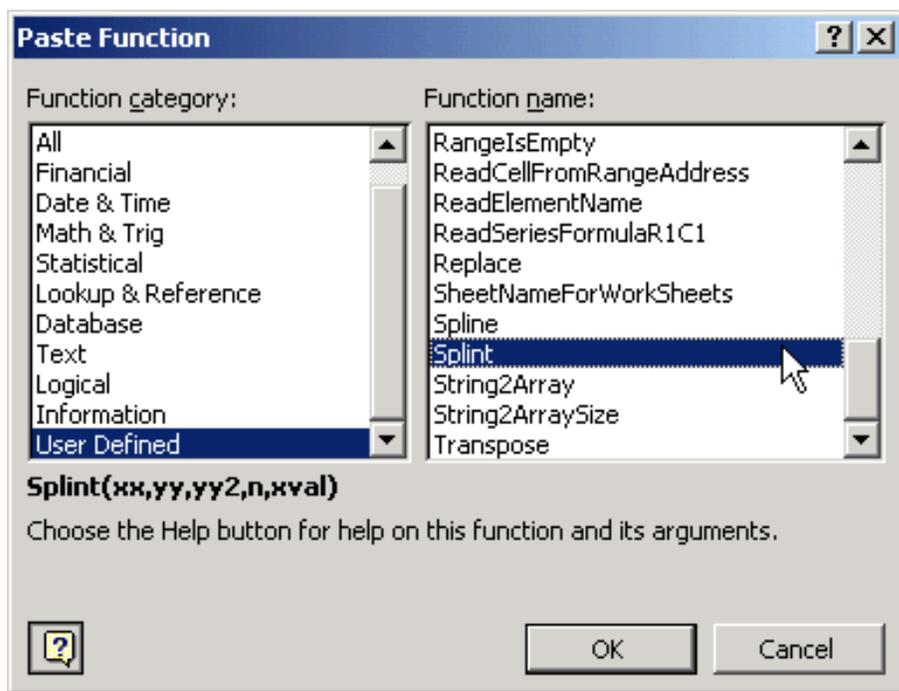
## Step 2:

Now, to interpolate to any x value.

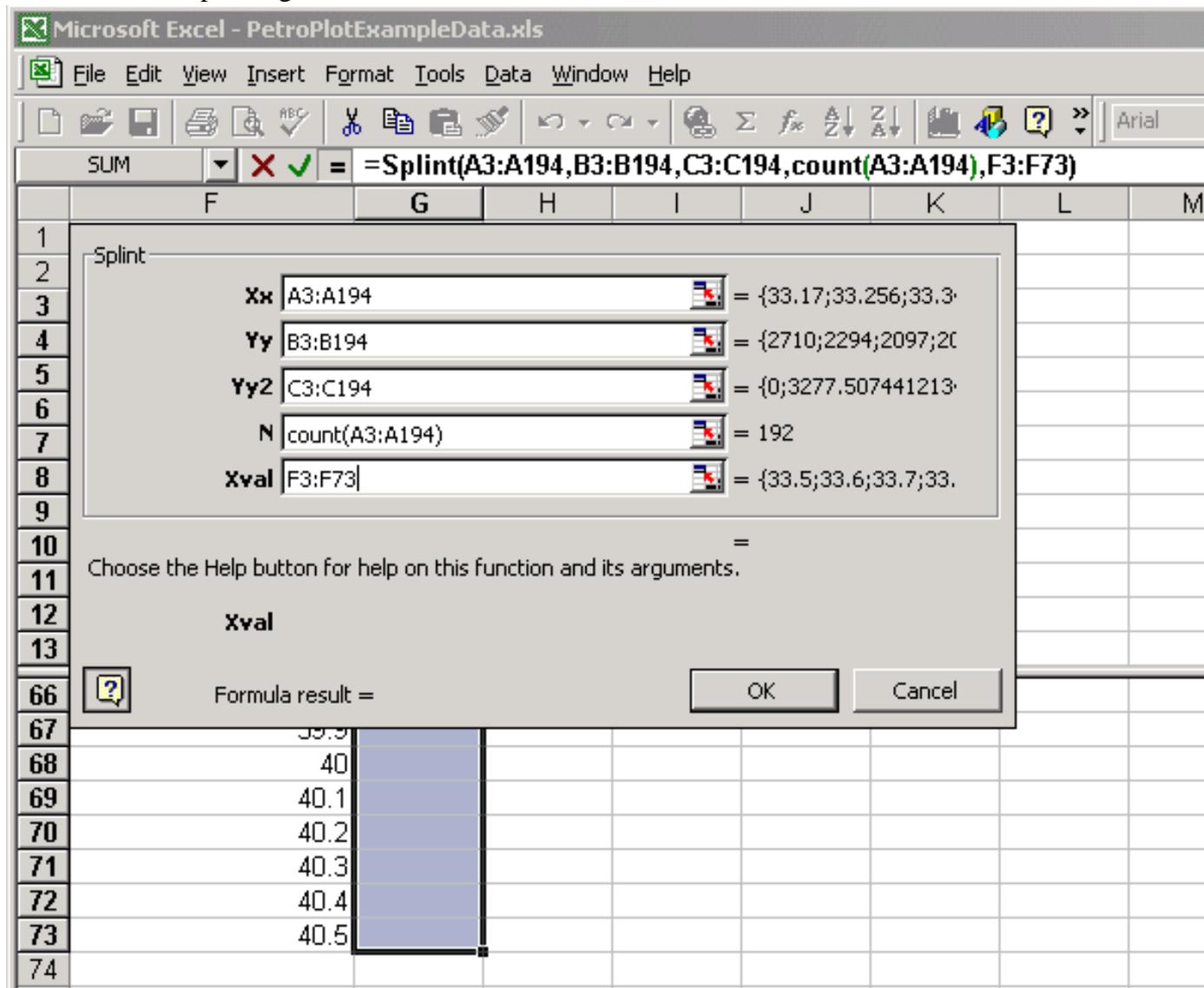
Select a range of cells equal in length to your x.

	F	G	H
1			
2	x values to interpolate to	Splint results	
3		33.5	
4		33.6	
5		33.7	
6		33.8	
7		33.9	
8		34	
9		34.1	
10		34.2	
11		34.3	
12		34.4	
13		34.5	
66		39.8	
67		39.9	
68		40	
69		40.1	
70		40.2	
71		40.3	
72		40.4	
73		40.5	
74			
75			
76			
77			
78			
79			
80			

Choose Insert->Function->User defined->Splint.



Enter the ranges of x values, of y values, of output from Spline, the number of data pairs, and the x value at which to evaluate the interpolating function.



73	40.5						
74							

To fill the whole selection: Type Command+Return(Mac) or Ctrl+Shift+Enter(PC)

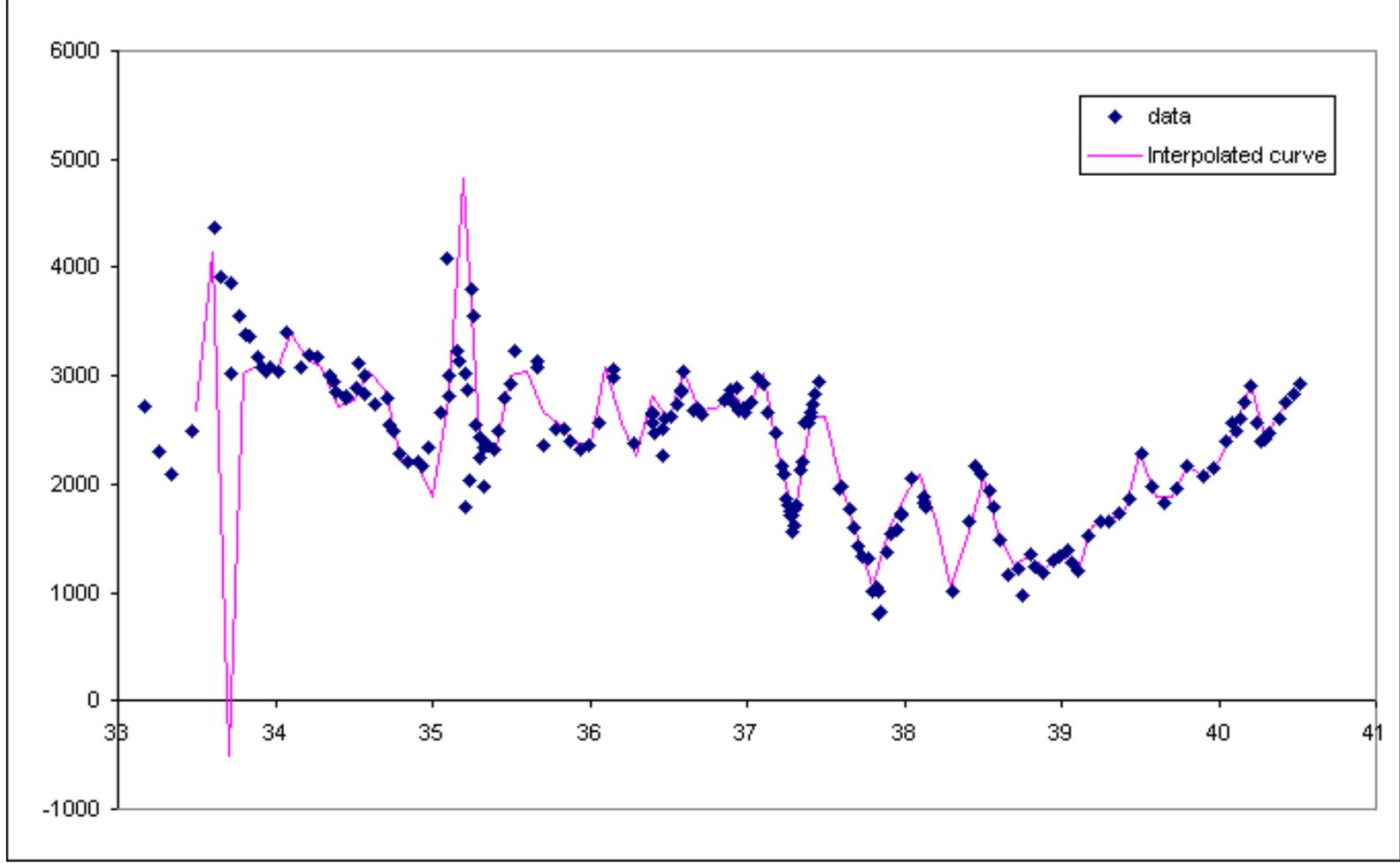
File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data Window Help

Geneva

G3 = =Splint(A\$3:A\$194,B\$3:B\$194,C\$3:C\$194,COUNT(A\$3:A\$194),F3)

	F	G	H	I	J	K	L
1							
2	x values to interpolate to	Splint results					
3	33.5	2677.25666					
4	33.6	4138.99505					
5	33.7	-502.146678					
6	33.8	3020.97265					
7	33.9	3106.1463					
8	34	3023.30186					
9	34.1	3402.70482					

Result plotted.



**Problems:**

- (1) The x-values must all be distinct, or the Spline routine will encounter a division by zero and fail.

- (2) The data points must be sorted so that the x-values are either monotonically ascending or descending; otherwise the Splint function will fail to find the right pair of points that bracket the desired x-value.
- (3) If the data are very noisy, the interpolating function can have wild swings to nonsensical values.

*Last modified 05/30/2002, [Paul D. Asimow](#) and Yong Jun Su.*

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Cubic Spline Interpolation functions**

# PetroPlot Tutorial

## Bovey Chart Labeler

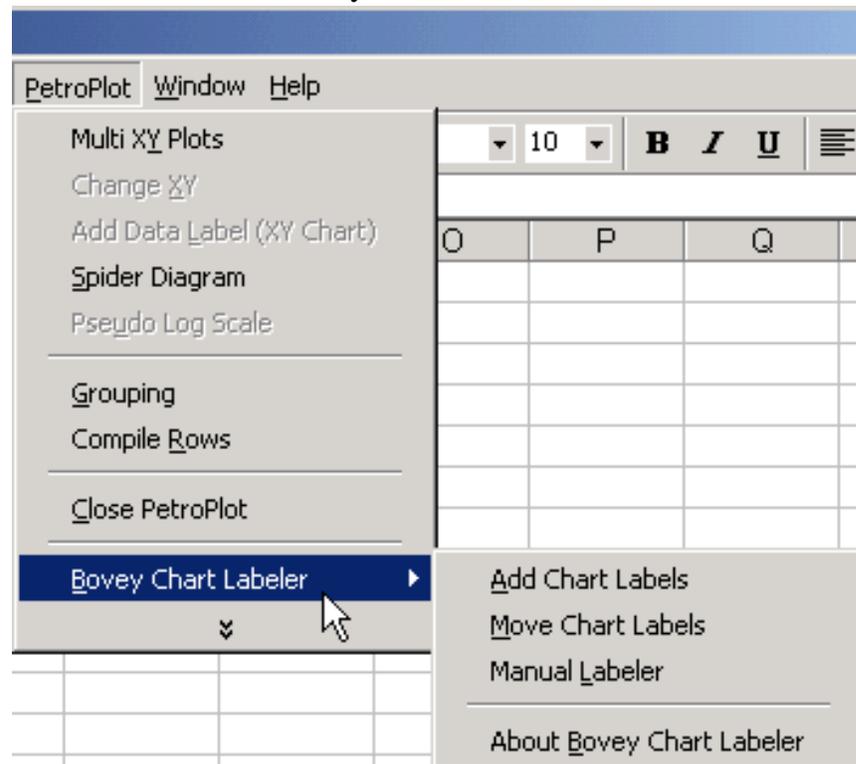
### Code Source:

We imported a set of label tools written by **Rob Bovey** ([www.appspro.com](http://www.appspro.com)).

The version is the XY Chart Labeler 6.22.

### The Bovey Chart Labeler menu

Click PetroPlot --> Bovey Chart Labeler



\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\* Start of imported text from [www.appspro.com](http://www.appspro.com)

The XY Chart Labeler provides the following features:

- **Add XY Chart Labels** - You can add labels to the points on your XY Chart data series from any selected range in the workbook. The label range can be oriented vertically or horizontally; named ranges are also supported. The labeler will pick up and apply the source range formatting characteristics to the data labels as well as live-link the data labels to the source range. Changes in the source range text will be immediately reflected in the corresponding data label.
- **Move XY Chart Labels** - You can move the entire set of data labels or single specific labels in 1 point increments in any direction. Movement is dynamic, accomplished by the use of an arrow dialog, so you can

see the results of your movements as you press the arrow keys.

- **Manual Labeler** - There are times when you don't want to label an entire data series, but rather use data labels to highlight specific data points. The manual labeler allows you to do this. As with the normal Add Labels function, you can specify a range to use for the label. The manual labeler also allows you to type in label text directly.

And the best part of all is that even though this utility is called the XY Chart Labeler, it is capable of labeling any type of Excel chart series that will accept data labels. The specific labeling options that are available will vary depending on the chart type of the series one is attempting to label.

[Download the XY Chart Labeler 6.22](#) (for Excel 97/2000/2002)

\*\*\* End of imported text from [www.appspro.com](http://www.appspro.com)

\*\*\*\*\*

**Comparison of PetroPlot ["Add Data Label \(XY Chart\)"](#) with Bovey Chart Labeler:**

#### ***PetroPlot Labeler***

- Adds label for a selected point. You don't need to know the point order ahead of adding the label.
- Adds label for all series in an XY Scatter chart at once.

#### ***Bovey Chart Labeler***

- Is capable of labeling any type of Excel chart series that will accept data labels.
- Can move all labels for a series.

*Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su*

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Bovey Chart Labeler**

# PetroPlot Known Problems

## Install PetroPlot.xla on Macintosh

**Problem:**

On some old MAC OS, the installation of PetroPlot Add-In may cause Excel to take a long time to start.

**Solution:**

Do not install the Add-In. Manually open the PetroPlot.xla each time you need to use it.

*Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su*

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot known problems: Install PetroPlot.xla on Macintosh**

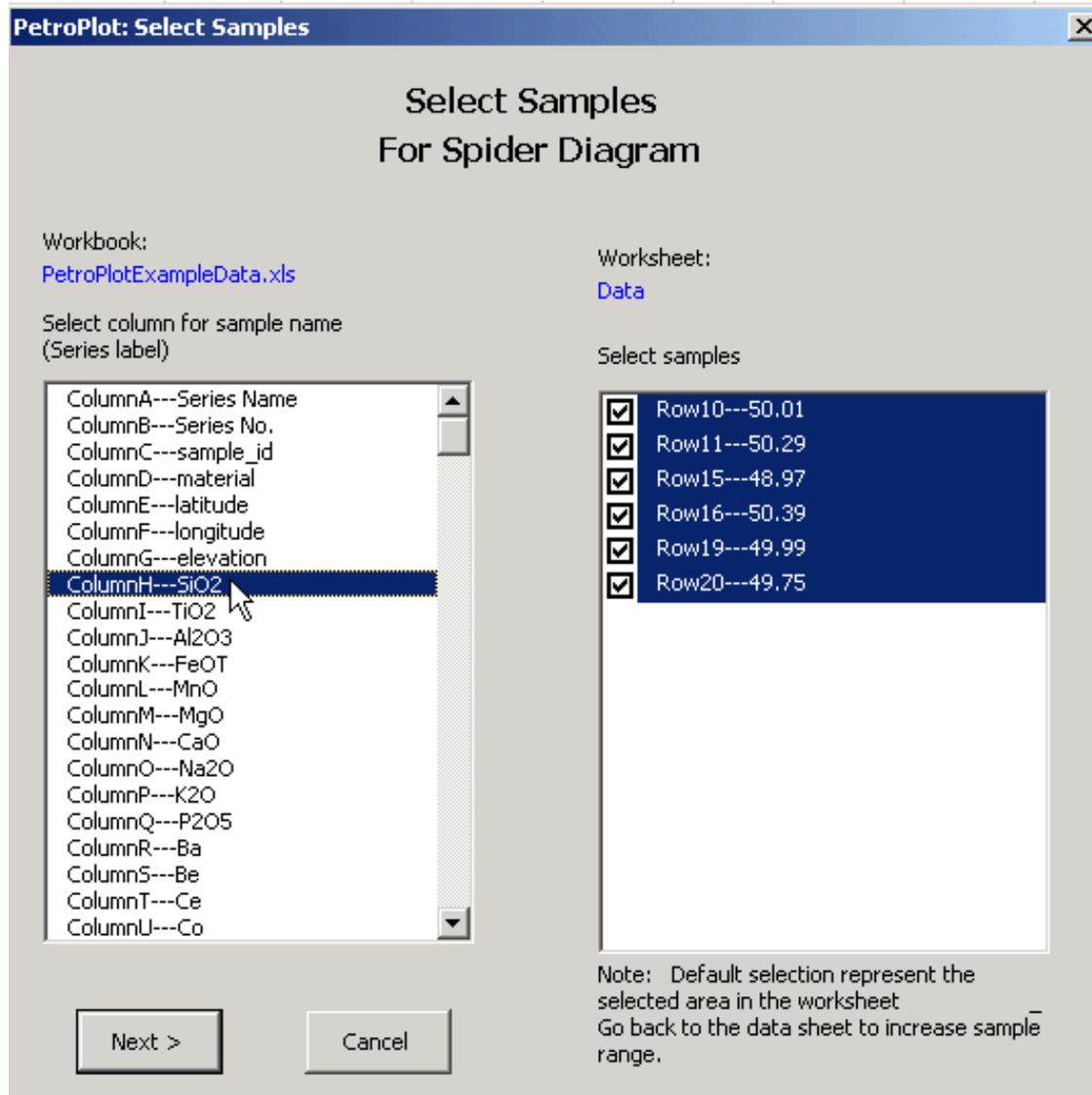
# PetroPlot Known Problems

## Use numbers as legend for spidergrams

### Problem:

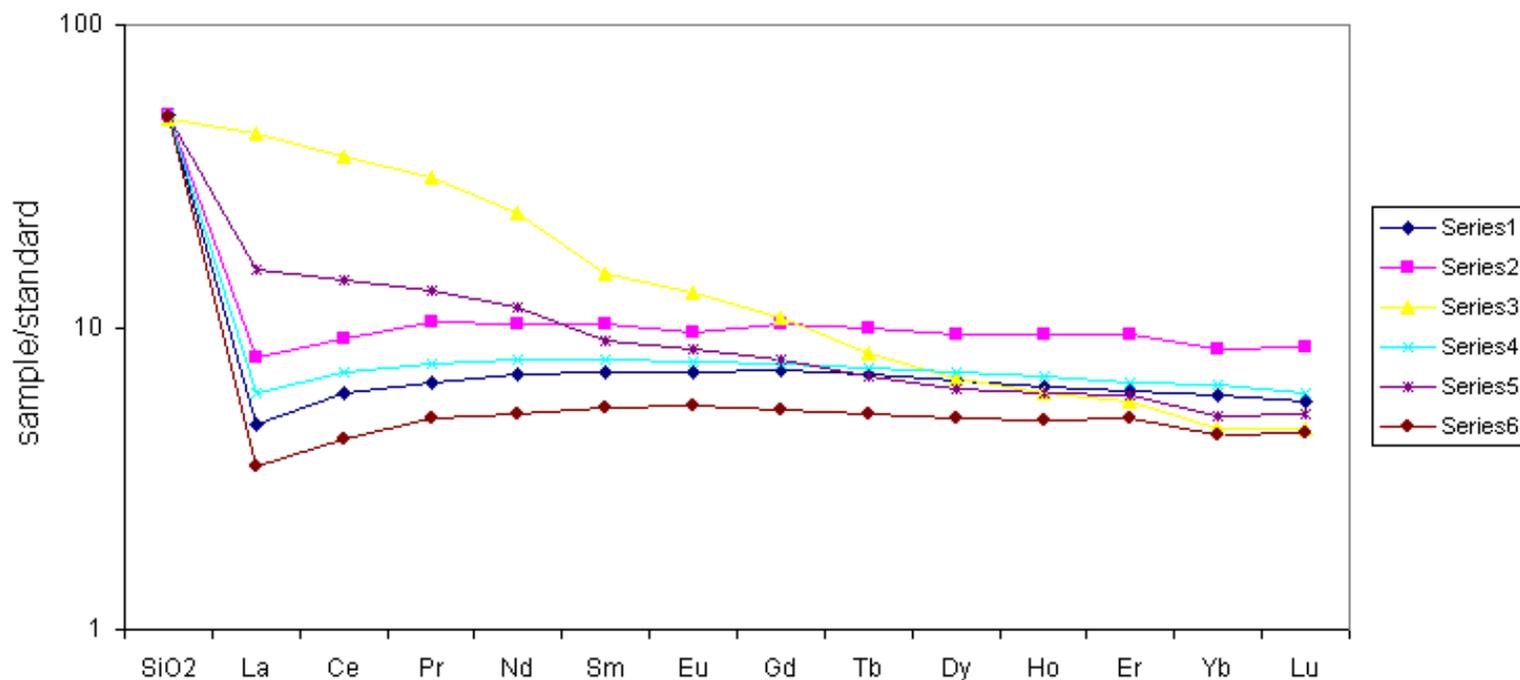
If you use numbers as legends for spider diagram, the plots will have errors.

The following example uses "SiO2" values as legend.



The result looks like:

## Normalized to: P mantle (Sun & McDonough 89)



### Solution:

Avoid using numbers as legends for spider diagram.

Pay special attention to samples names which look like "23", "3/4", "3-4" etc.

Excel might treat "3/4" or "3-4" as "4-Mar", and count it as a number.

*Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su*

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot known problems: Use numbers as legend for spidergrams**

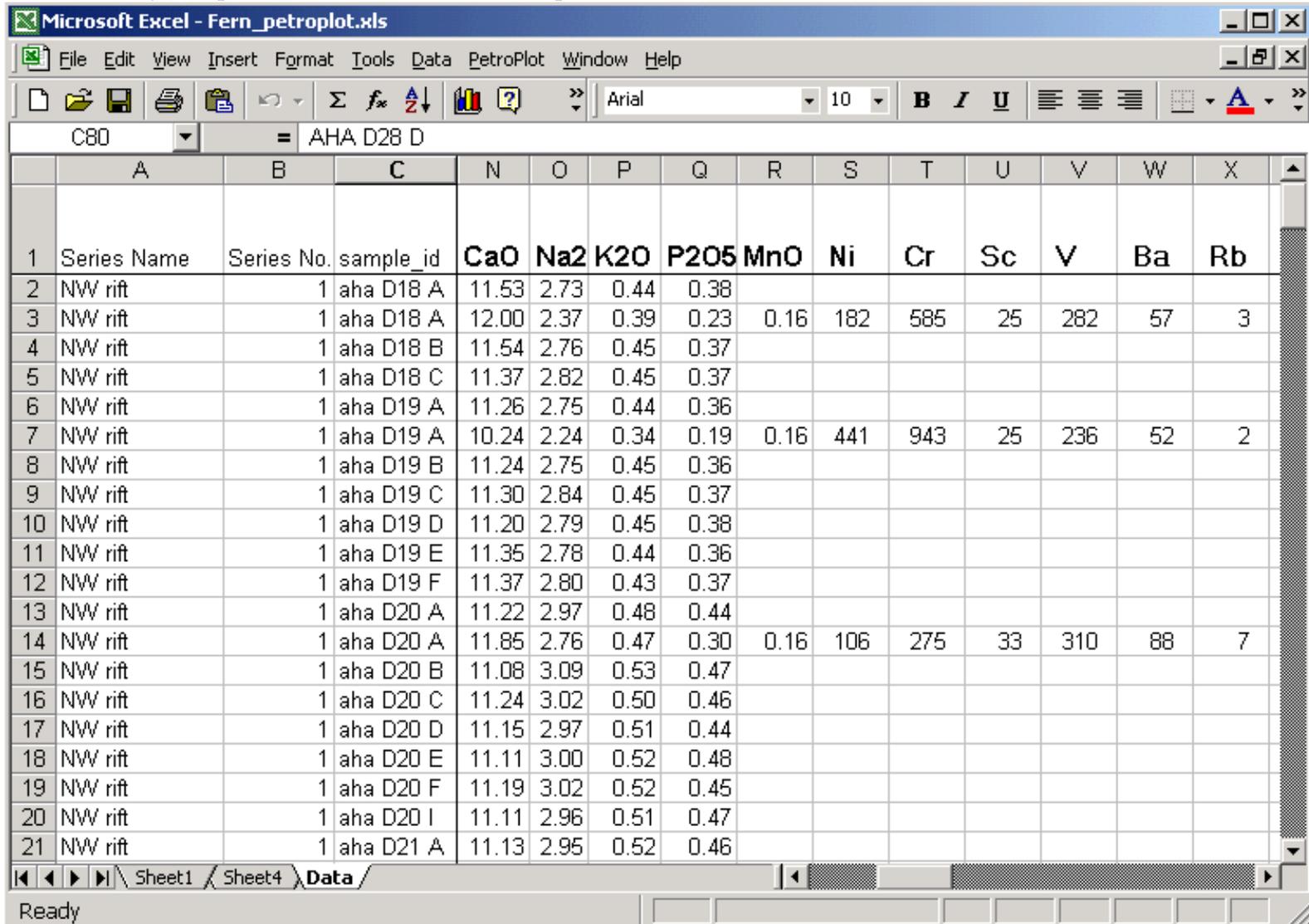
# PetroPlot Known Problems

## Empty cells when using "Multi-XY Plots"

### Problem:

If there exist empty cells in the selected data range, the PetroPlot program might hang up.

In the following example, trace element data are not complete.



The screenshot shows a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet with the following data:

	A	B	C	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X
1	Series Name	Series No.	sample_id	CaO	Na2	K2O	P2O5	MnO	Ni	Cr	Sc	V	Ba	Rb
2	NW rift	1	aha D18 A	11.53	2.73	0.44	0.38							
3	NW rift	1	aha D18 A	12.00	2.37	0.39	0.23	0.16	182	585	25	282	57	3
4	NW rift	1	aha D18 B	11.54	2.76	0.45	0.37							
5	NW rift	1	aha D18 C	11.37	2.82	0.45	0.37							
6	NW rift	1	aha D19 A	11.26	2.75	0.44	0.36							
7	NW rift	1	aha D19 A	10.24	2.24	0.34	0.19	0.16	441	943	25	236	52	2
8	NW rift	1	aha D19 B	11.24	2.75	0.45	0.36							
9	NW rift	1	aha D19 C	11.30	2.84	0.45	0.37							
10	NW rift	1	aha D19 D	11.20	2.79	0.45	0.38							
11	NW rift	1	aha D19 E	11.35	2.78	0.44	0.36							
12	NW rift	1	aha D19 F	11.37	2.80	0.43	0.37							
13	NW rift	1	aha D20 A	11.22	2.97	0.48	0.44							
14	NW rift	1	aha D20 A	11.85	2.76	0.47	0.30	0.16	106	275	33	310	88	7
15	NW rift	1	aha D20 B	11.08	3.09	0.53	0.47							
16	NW rift	1	aha D20 C	11.24	3.02	0.50	0.46							
17	NW rift	1	aha D20 D	11.15	2.97	0.51	0.44							
18	NW rift	1	aha D20 E	11.11	3.00	0.52	0.48							
19	NW rift	1	aha D20 F	11.19	3.02	0.52	0.45							
20	NW rift	1	aha D20 I	11.11	2.96	0.51	0.47							
21	NW rift	1	aha D21 A	11.13	2.95	0.52	0.46							

Now we select a data range and run the PetroPlot "Multi-XY Plot" function

Microsoft Excel - Fern\_petroplot.xls

File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data PetroPlot Window Help

PetroPlot: Multi XY Plots

### Choose X Axis and Y Axes

Choose X: MgO

Chart Title:

Choose Ys \*  Select All

- MgO
- SO2
- SiO2
- TiO2
- Al2O3
- Feo
- CaO
- Na2O
- K2O
- P2O5
- MnO
- Ni
- Cr
- Sc
- V
- Ba

Format X to be LOG scale

Format Y to be LOG scale

Add linear trend line on series 1

Next > <Back Cancel

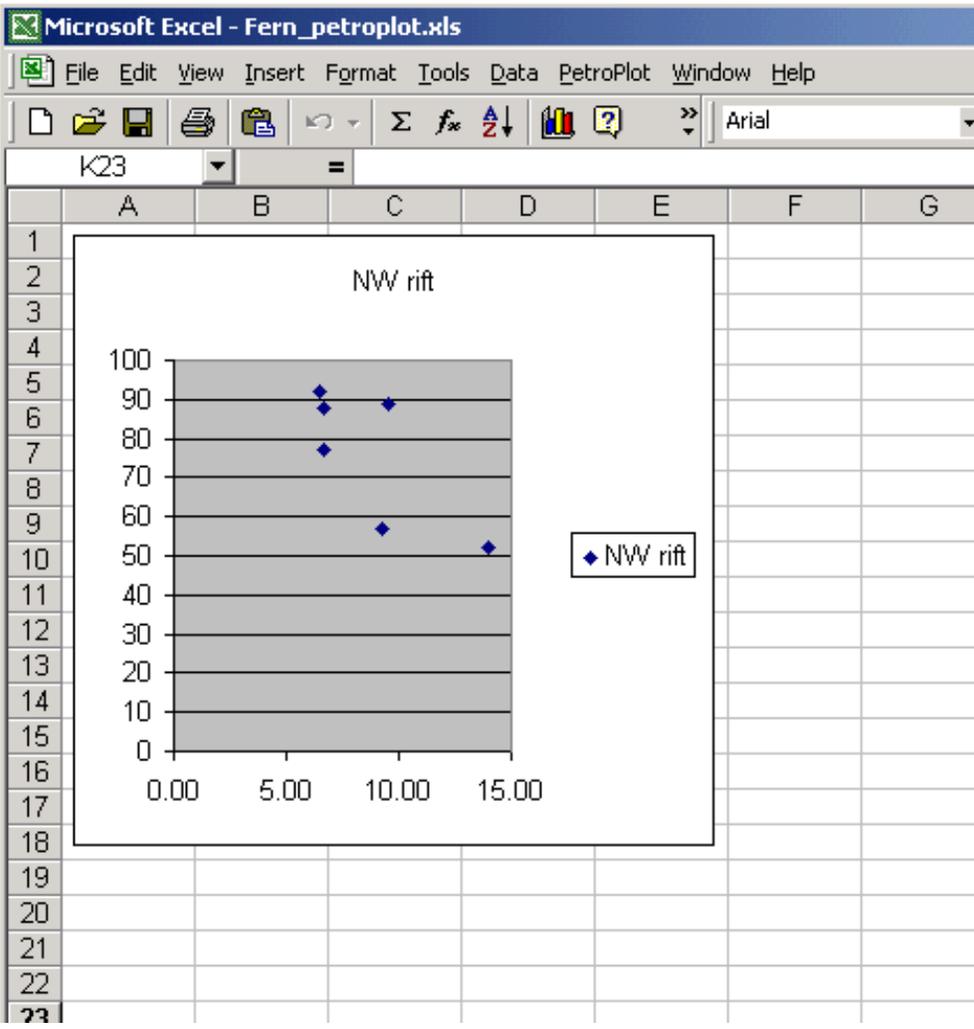
\* Note: Even when the X item is included in the Ys, PetroPlot ignores the X item during plotting

	O	P2O5	MnO	Ni
44	0.38			
39	0.23	0.16	18	
45	0.37			
45	0.37			
44	0.36			
34	0.19	0.16	44	
45	0.36			
45	0.37			
45	0.38			
44	0.36			
43	0.37			
48	0.44			
47	0.30	0.16	10	
53	0.47			
50	0.46			
51	0.44			
52	0.48			
52	0.45			
51	0.47			
52	0.46			

Sheet1 Sheet4 Data

Ready Sum=46132.07

PetroPlot hangs up, gives only one series even we selected all data.



**Solution:**  
Create two columns with sequential data.

Microsoft Excel - Fern\_petroplot.xls

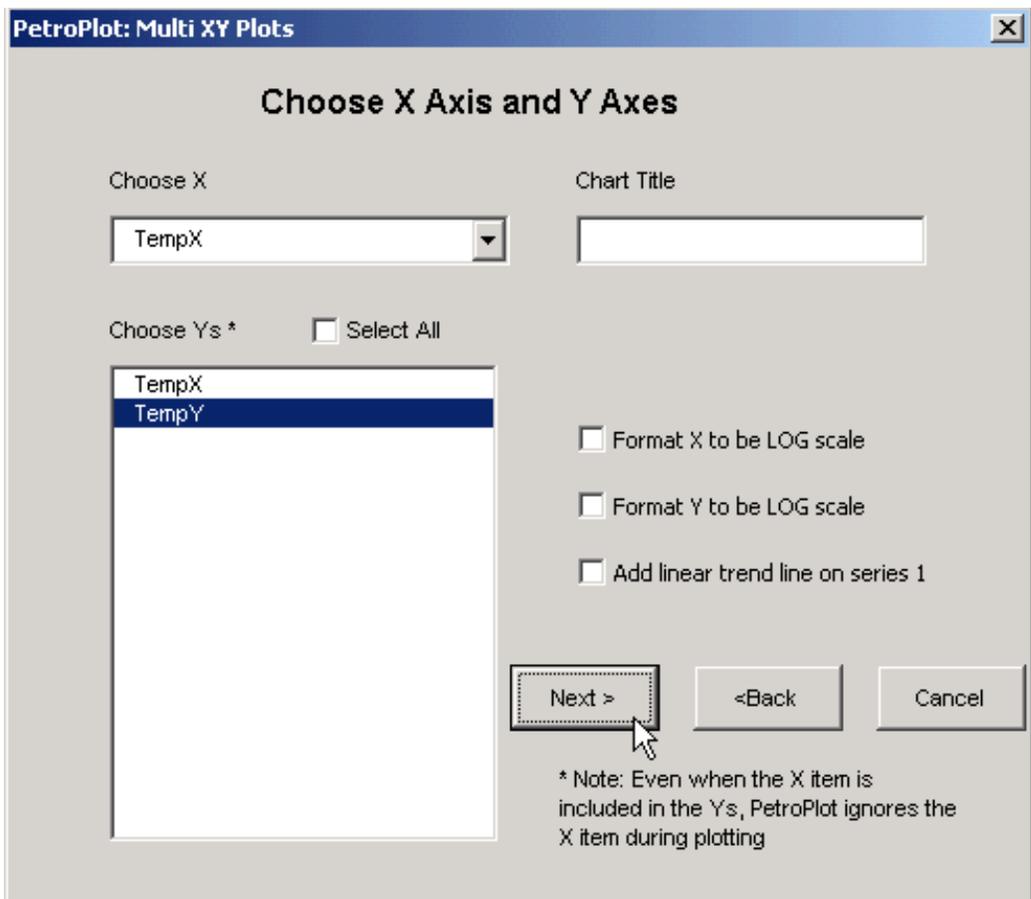
File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data PetroPlot Window Help

AG2 = 1

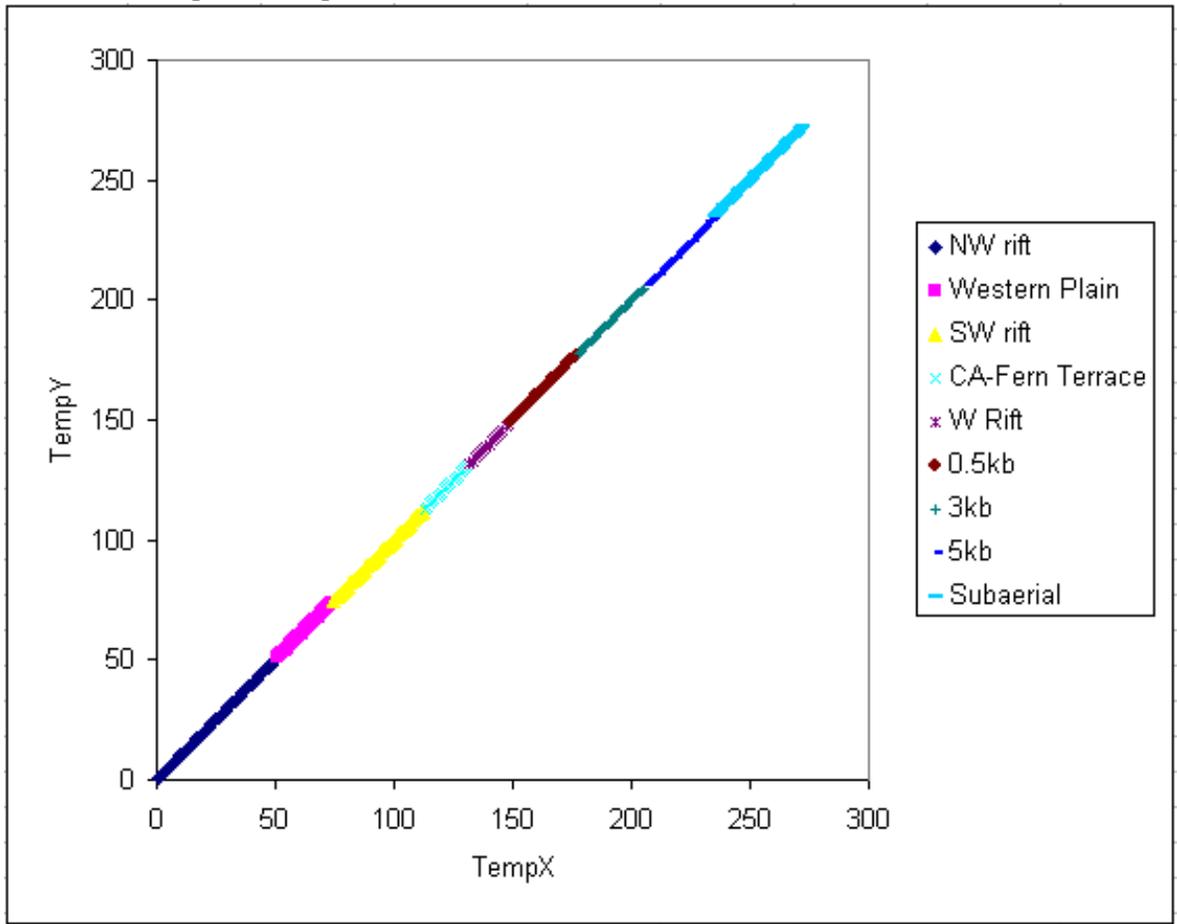
	A	B	C	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AI	AJ	AK	AL
1	Series Name	Series No.	sample_id	Ga	Cu	Zn	Pb	TempX	TempY				
2	NW rift	1	aha D18 A					1	1				
3	NW rift	1	aha D18 A	20	72	83	0	2	2				
4	NW rift	1	aha D18 B					3	3				
5	NW rift	1	aha D18 C					4	4				
6	NW rift	1	aha D19 A					5	5				
7	NW rift	1	aha D19 A	19	68	84	0	6	6				
8	NW rift	1	aha D19 B					7	7				
9	NW rift	1	aha D19 C					8	8				
10	NW rift	1	aha D19 D					9	9				
11	NW rift	1	aha D19 E					10	10				
12	NW rift	1	aha D19 F					11	11				
13	NW rift	1	aha D20 A					12	12				
14	NW rift	1	aha D20 A	24	67	91	0	13	13				
15	NW rift	1	aha D20 B					14	14				
16	NW rift	1	aha D20 C					15	15				
17	NW rift	1	aha D20 D					16	16				
18	NW rift	1	aha D20 E					17	17				
19	NW rift	1	aha D20 F					18	18				
20	NW rift	1	aha D20 I					19	19				
21	NW rift	1	aha D21 A					20	20				

Sheet1 / Sheet4 / Sheet2 / Data

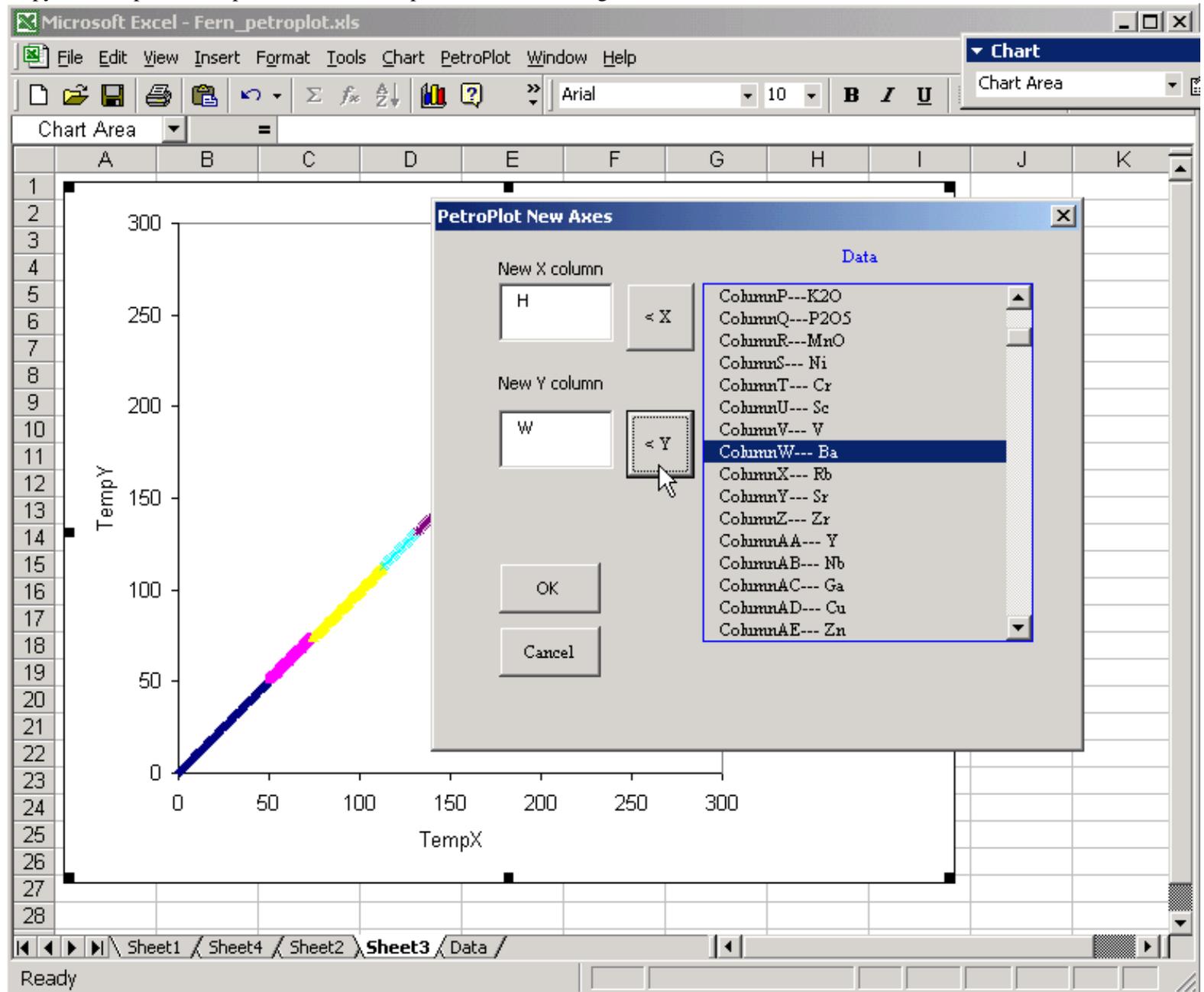
Run the PetroPlot "Multi-XY Plot" function



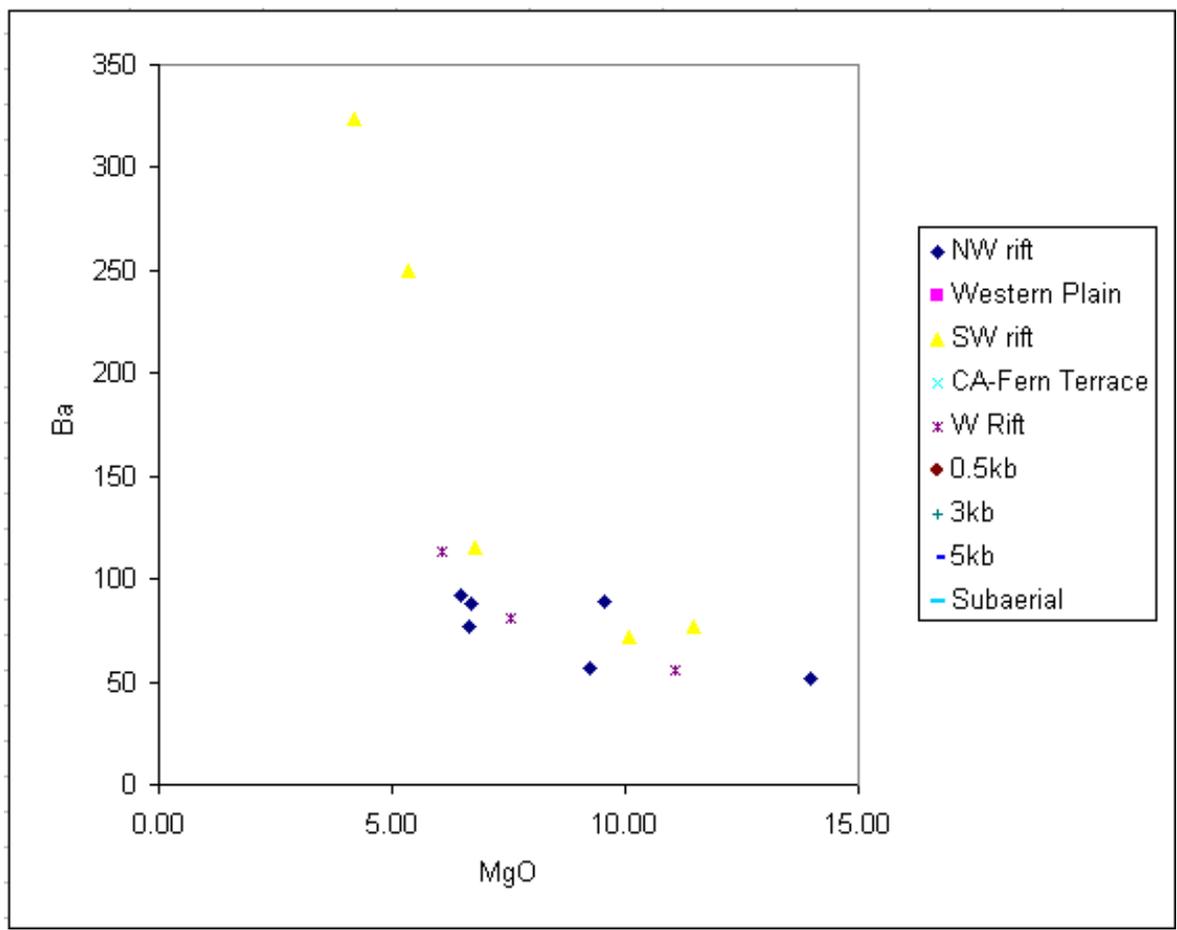
Format the TempX vs TempY chart



Copy the TempX vs TempY chart to another place, and run "Change XY" function



The result.



Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot** known problems: Empty cells when using "Multi-XY Plots"

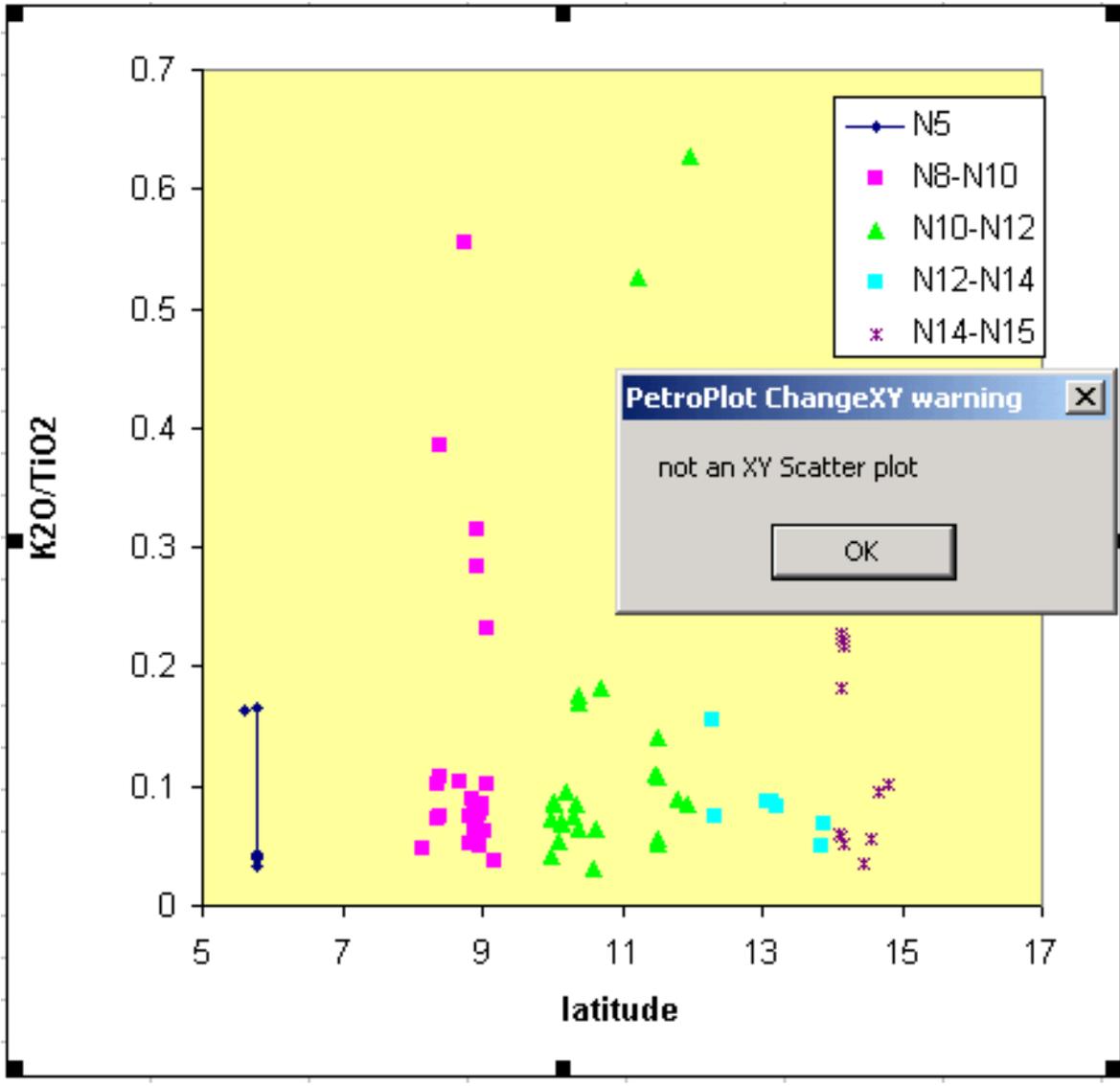
# PetroPlot Known Problems

## Chart type is not XY Scatter

**Problem:**

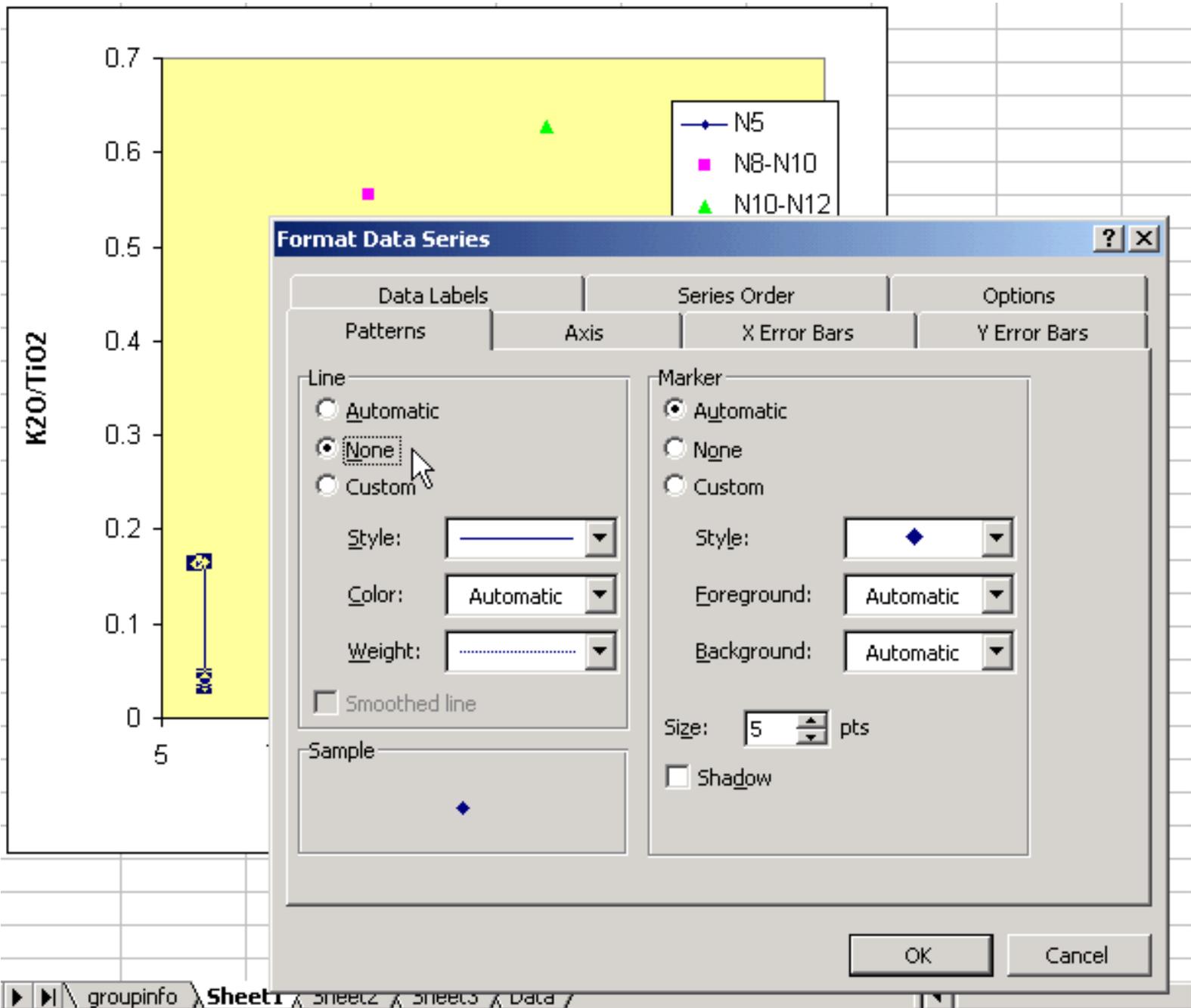
If you add lines to connect points on an XY chart, then the chart is not treated as XY Scatter any more.

The following example tries to run ChangeXY function.



**Solution:**

You need to re-format the series to get rid of the lines.



*Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su*

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot known problems: Chart type is not XY Scatter**

# PetroPlot Known Problems

## A chart contains data from multiple files or sheets

### **Problem:**

If an XY chart contains data from multiple files or sheets, PetroPlot ChangeXY or Add Data Label functions will not work for those series.

PetroPlot only changes series with data from the current workbook. All series need to come from the SAME SHEET.

### **Solution:**

Keep all data for an XY Chart in a single worksheet.

*Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su*

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot known problems: A chart contains data from multiple files or sheets**

# PetroPlot Conventions

The following rules can help users to work more efficiently with PetroPlot functions.

1. A data sheet should be organized with rows corresponding to sample/analysis and columns representing categories (location, element, element ratio, etc). The first row should contain only header information (i.e. element names etc).
2. All sheet-mode functions except “Compile Rows” work on selected areas in the data sheet. In general, whole sheet, whole column or whole row selections should be avoided. The program works most efficiently if only the cells with data to be worked on are selected.
3. For “Multi XY Plots”, it is recommended that Series Names are stored in Column A, and Series Numbers are stored in Column B, as shown in the [PetroPlotExampleData.xls](#) file.
4. To use PetroPlot “ChangeXY” function, data sources for all series in one chart must come from a single worksheet. Series with data from other files will NOT be updated to the new axes.
5. “Spider Diagram” function requires that "PetroPlotSpider.xls" is open.
6. Sample names should include a text string, and not be only numbers.
7. For the “Grouping” function, at least one group info sheet is needed (e.g. the groupinfo sheet in [PetroPlotExampleData.xls](#)) . There are no naming restrictions for group info sheets. A “-1” sign should be put in Column A after the last grouping record. No “-1” is needed in the header row.
8. To use the “Compile Rows” function, users should pre-sort the data sheet based on analytical quality. Make sure that better data appear first for a single sample.

If you think more or less rules should be listed here, please [contact me](#).

*Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su*

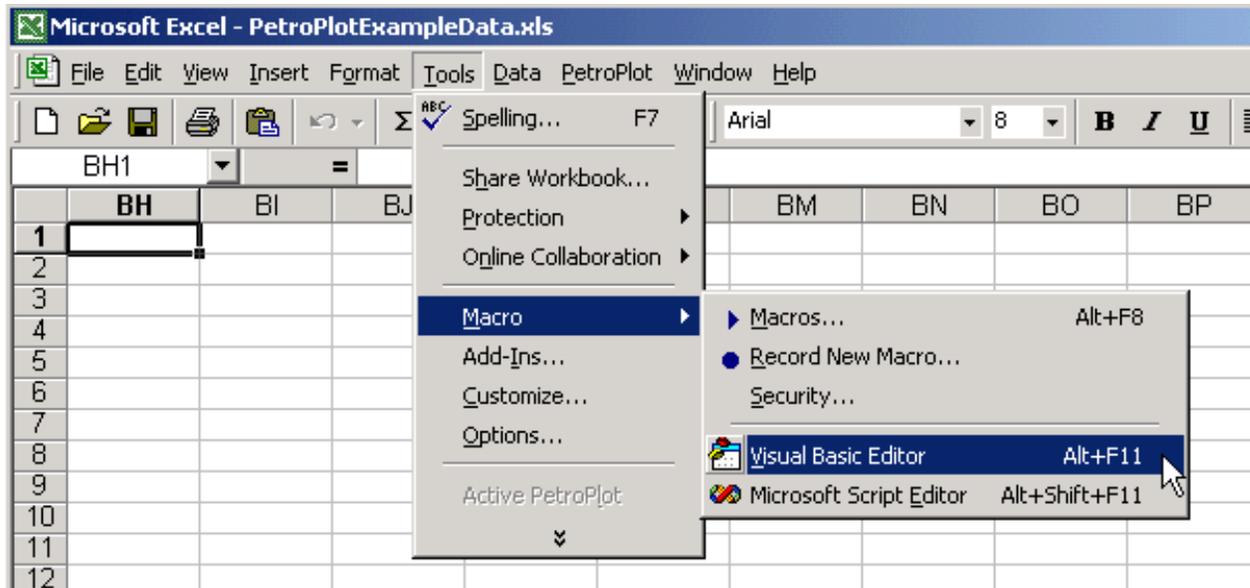
This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Conventions**

# PetroPlot Tutorial

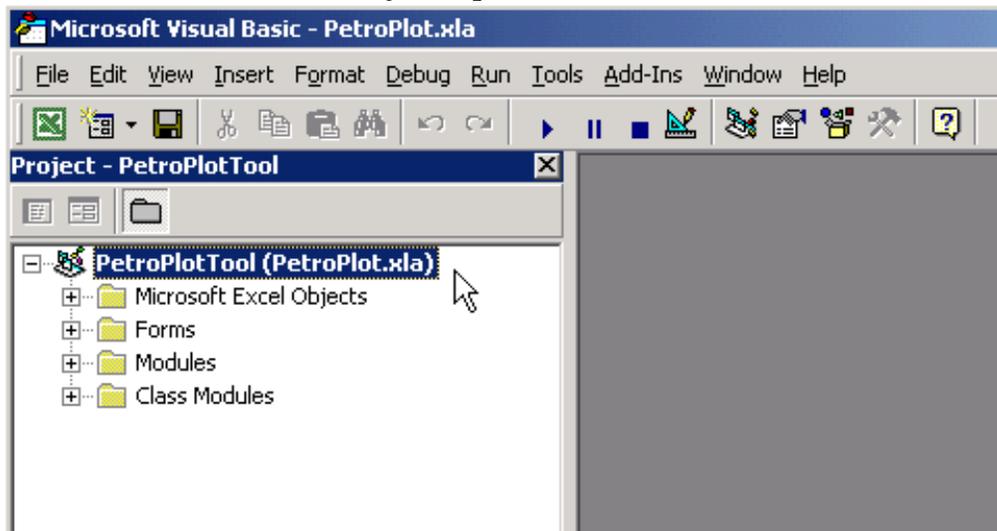
## Using Visual Basic Editor

Activate Visual Basic Editor:

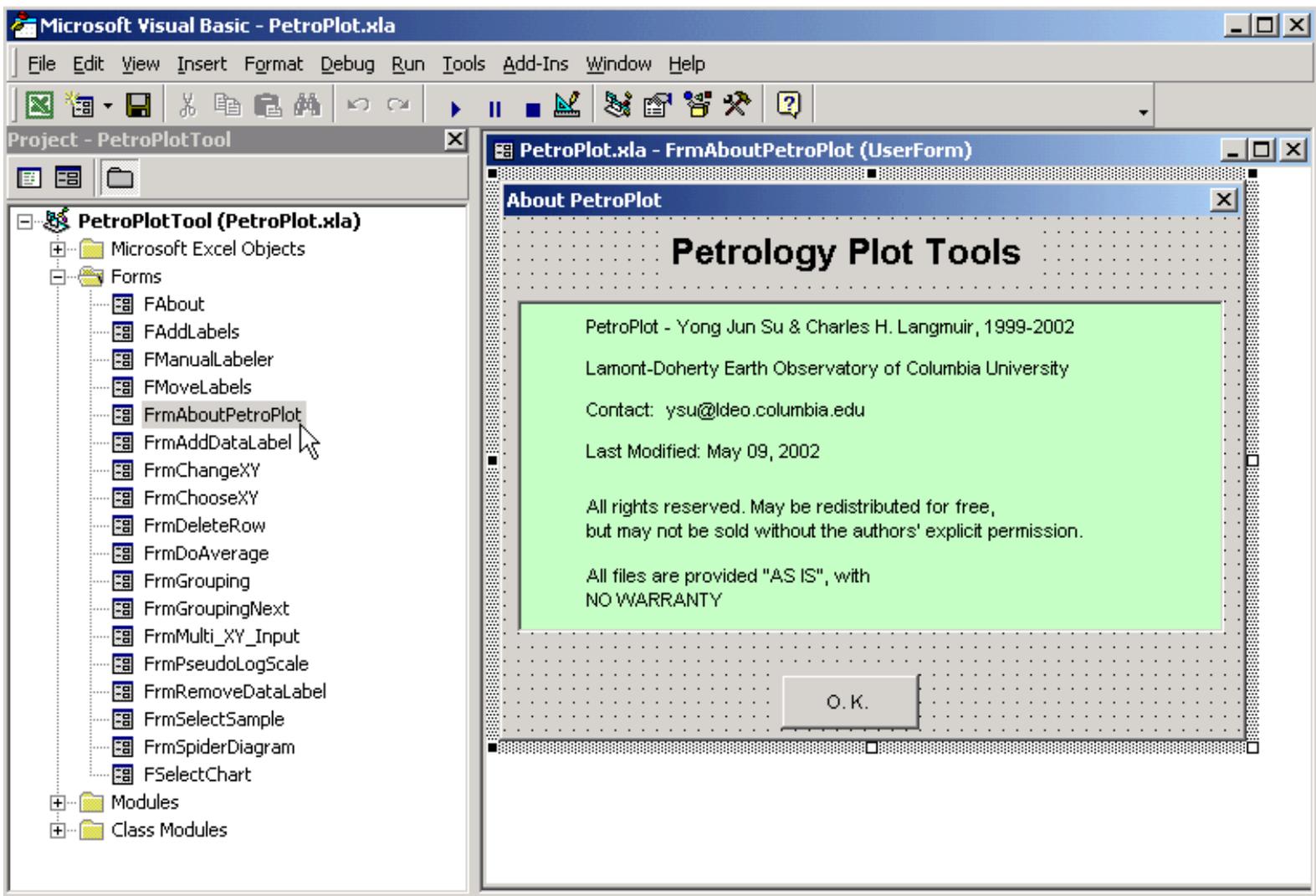
Click Tools --> Macro --> Visual Basic Editor



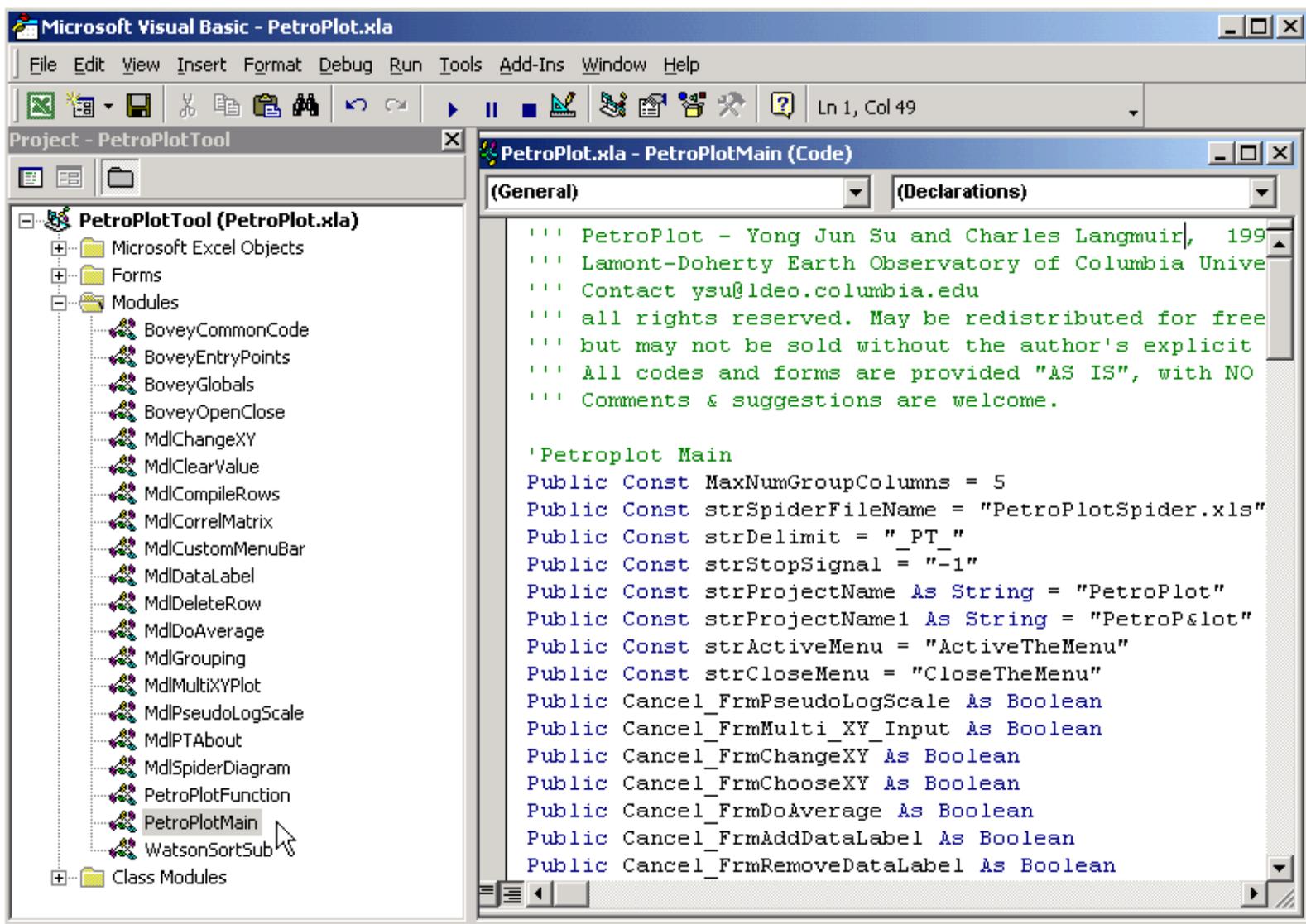
Locate the PetroPlot.xla in Project Explorer:



PetroPlot forms:



**PetroPlot Modules:**



You can [contact me](#) for more information.

*Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su*

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Using Visual Basic Editor**