

Supplemental Data

Communicable Ulcerative Colitis

Induced by T-Bet Deficiency

in the Innate Immune System

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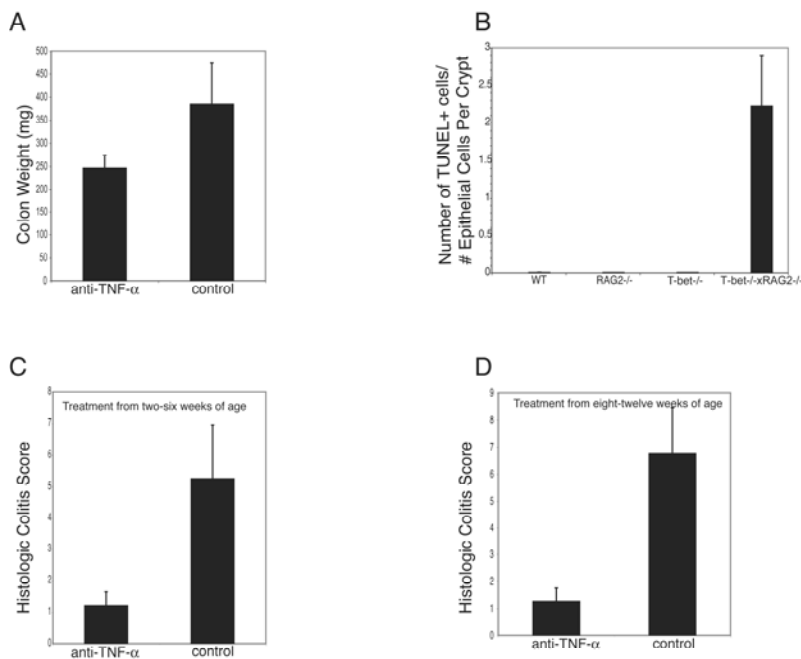


Figure S1.

(A) Anti-TNF- α treatment normalizes TRUC colon weights. Mice were treated with anti-TNF- α or isotype control from 4 wks of age through 8 wks of age on a weekly dosing schedule. Representative data from 1 of 3 independent experiments are shown. (B) There is increased apoptosis in the colonic epithelium of TRUC mice. TUNEL+ cells and the number of epithelial cells per crypt were counted across all 4 genotypes. 5 slides were generated from each genotype group (2-3 mice per genotype). Areas of the large bowel were randomly selected and epithelial cells, epithelial crypts, and TUNEL+ epithelial cells were counted. A minimum of 500 crypts per genotype were scored. (C) Anti-TNF- α treatment cures TRUC colitis when initiated prior to disease onset. Mice were treated with anti-TNF- α or isotype control from 2 wks of age through 6 wks of age, representative data from one of 2 independent experiments are shown, $p = .002$. (D) Anti-TNF- α treatment cures TRUC colitis when initiated during fulminate disease. Mice were treated with anti-TNF- α or isotype control from 8-12 wks of age, representative data from one of 2 independent experiments are shown, $p = .012$. Where shown, error bars denote standard deviation (SD).