

Supporting Information

How Phenol and α -Tocopherol React with Ambient Ozone at Gas/Liquid Interfaces

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Appendix SA

The pH values used in the text are defined as the pH values in methanol referenced to water as standard state solvent.¹ The pH so defined, ${}^s_w\text{pH}$, is correlated with pH values in methanol referenced to methanol itself, ${}^s_s\text{pH}$, according to equation (I).¹

$${}^s_w\text{pH} = {}^s_s\text{pH} - \log({}^s_w\gamma_{\text{H}}^0) \quad (\text{I})$$

where ${}^s_w\gamma_{\text{H}}^0$ is the single-ion activity coefficients of the hydrogen ion listed in Table 1 of Rosés & Bosch's review.¹ The $-\log({}^s_w\gamma_{\text{H}}^0)$ value in 100% methanol is -2.00.

The pKa value of α -TOH in methanol solution in the ${}^s_w\text{pH}$ scale, ${}^s_w\text{pKa}$, is obtained from the pKa in the ${}^s_s\text{pH}$ scale, ${}^s_s\text{pKa}$, as follows:

$${}^s_w\text{pKa} = {}^s_s\text{pKa} - \log({}^s_w\gamma_{\text{H}}^0) \quad (\text{II})$$

where ${}^s_s\text{pKa}$ is evaluated from the equation (III):

$${}^s_s\text{pKa} = a_s {}^w_w\text{pKa} + b_s \quad (\text{III})$$

In equation (III), ${}^w_w\text{pKa}$ is the pKa value of α -TOH in water, reported to be 13.1,² a_s and b_s are the empirical parameters calculated from Table 6 in Rosés & Bosch's review by assuming similar values for phenol and α -TOH.¹ From the equations above and the values listed in the Tables, we get: ${}^s_s\text{pKa} = 17.7$ and ${}^s_w\text{pKa} = 15.7$ at 298 K.

¹ Rosés, M.; Bosch, E., *J. Chromatogr. A* **2002**, 982, 1-30.

² Mukai K. et al. *J. Phys. Chem. B* **2007**, 111, 652-662.

Table S1. MS/MS of α -TO⁻ and its ozonolysis products

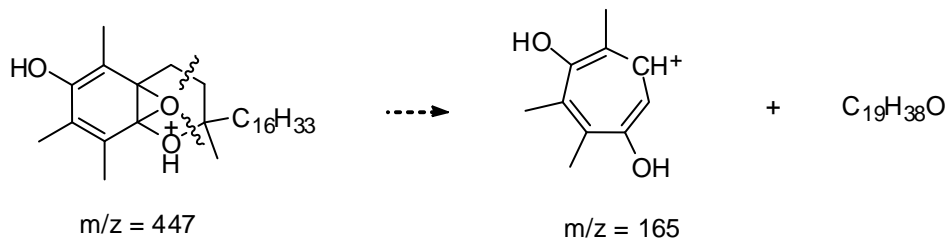
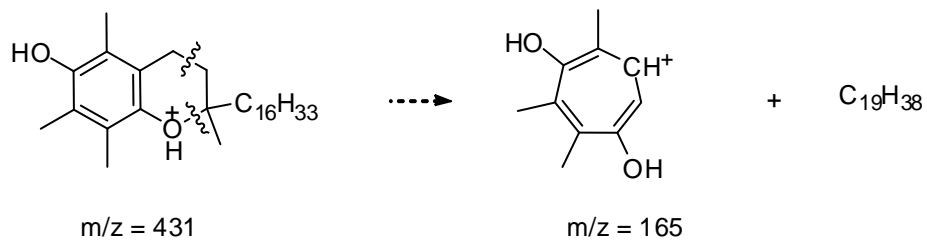
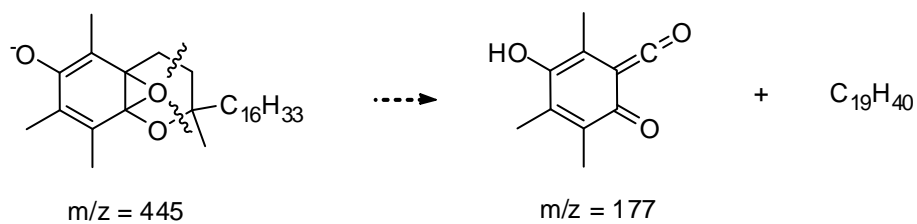
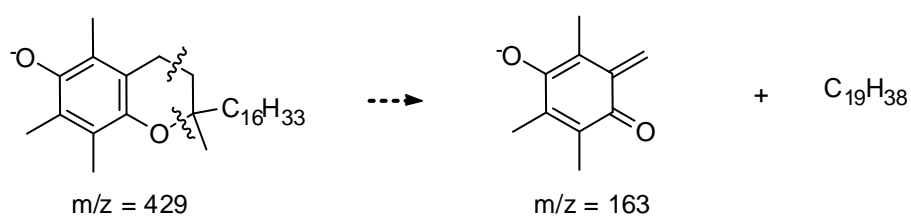
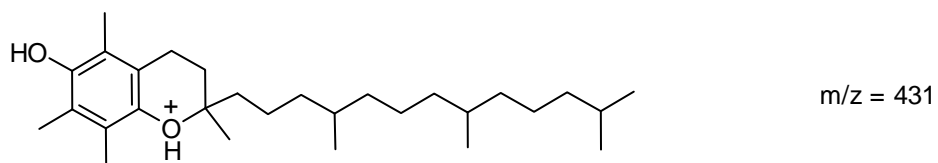
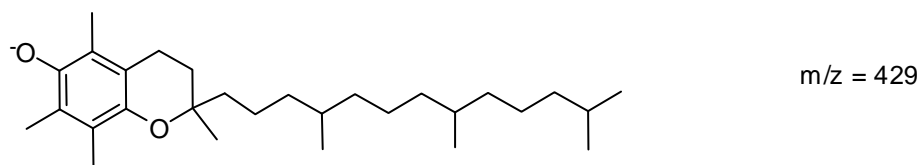
Parent anion Da	Threshold voltage V [*]	Fragment Anion Da	Neutral loss Da
429 (α -TO) ⁻	0.45 \pm 0.05	163	266 (C ₁₉ H ₃₈)
445 (α -TO-O) ⁻	0.47 \pm 0.05	177	268 (C ₁₉ H ₄₀)
461 (α -TO-O ₂) ⁻	0.40 \pm 0.05	419/417	42 (C ₂ H ₂ O)/44 (CO ₂)
477 (α -TO-O ₃) ⁻	0.52 \pm 0.05	433/407	44 (CO ₂)/70 (?)
493 (α -TO-O ₄) ⁻	0.48 \pm 0.05	447/449	46 (CH ₂ O ₂)/44 (CO ₂)
509 (α -TO-O ₅) ⁻	0.40 \pm 0.05	463/419	46 (CH ₂ O ₂)/90 (?)

*Parent ion decreases by > 90% at threshold voltage.

Table S2. MS/MS of α -TOH₂⁺ and its ozonolysis products

Parent cation Da	Threshold voltage V *	Fragment cation Da	Neutral loss Da
431 (α -TOH ₂) ⁺	0.40 ± 0.05	165	266 (C ₁₉ H ₃₈)
447 (α -TOH ₂ -O) ⁺	0.35 ± 0.05	429/165	18 (H ₂ O)/282 (C ₁₉ H ₃₈ O)
461 [5 (+H)] ⁺ **	0.35 ± 0.05	443/335	18 (H ₂ O)/126 (C ₆ H ₆ O ₃)
463 (α -TOH ₂ -O ₂) ⁺	0.35 ± 0.05	445	18 (H ₂ O)

*Parent ion decreases by > 90% at threshold voltage. ** See Scheme 1.



SCHEME S1
PROPOSED FRAGMENTATION PATTERNS

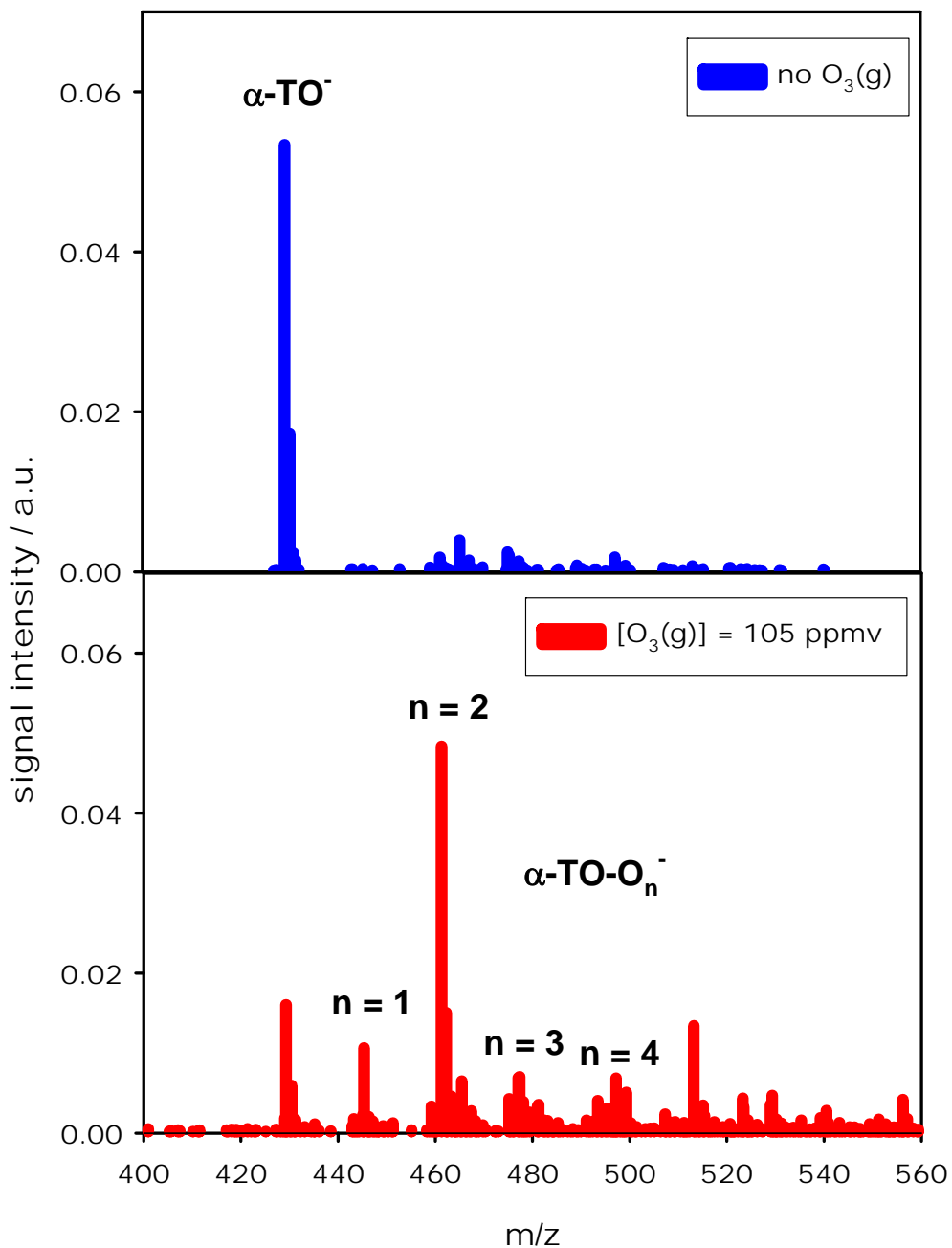


Figure S1. Negative ion mass spectra of 3 mM α -TOH/acetonitrile at pH 10.4 in the absence (upper panel) or presence of 105 ppmv O₃(g) (lower panel). Note that the same α -TO-O_n⁻ (n = 1 - 4) products as methanol solution are observed.

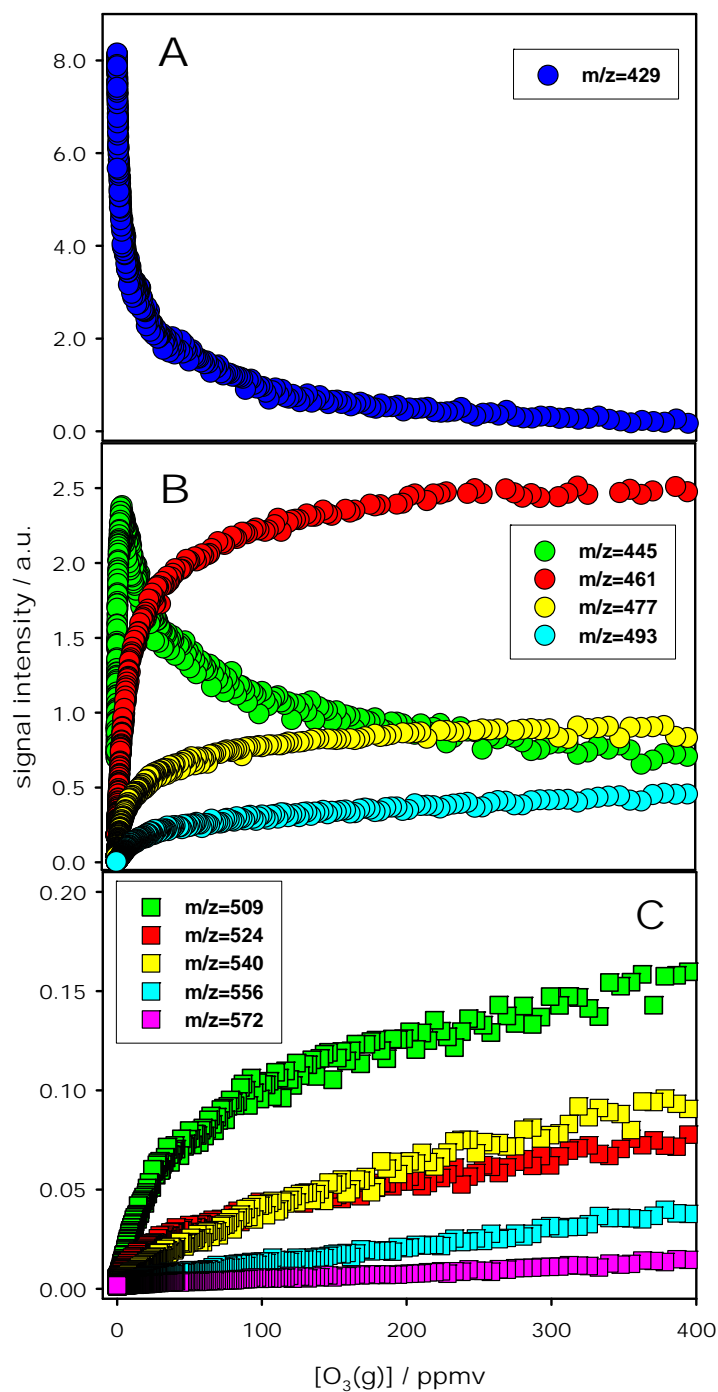


Figure S2. Reactant and anion products (signal intensities/a.u.) of the ozonolysis of 1.0 mM α -TOH:methanol at the air/liquid interface as a function of $[O_3(g)]$ in the range of 0 – 400 ppmv at bulk pH 11.3. A: reactant $m/z = 429$ (α -TO $^-$). B: reaction products $m/z = 445$ (α -TO-O $^-$), $m/z = 461$ (α -TO-O $_2^-$), $m/z = 477$ (α -TO-O $_3^-$), and $m/z = 493$ (α -TO-O $_4^-$). C: other reaction products $m/z = 509$, $m/z = 524$, $m/z = 540$, $m/z = 556$, and $m/z = 572$.

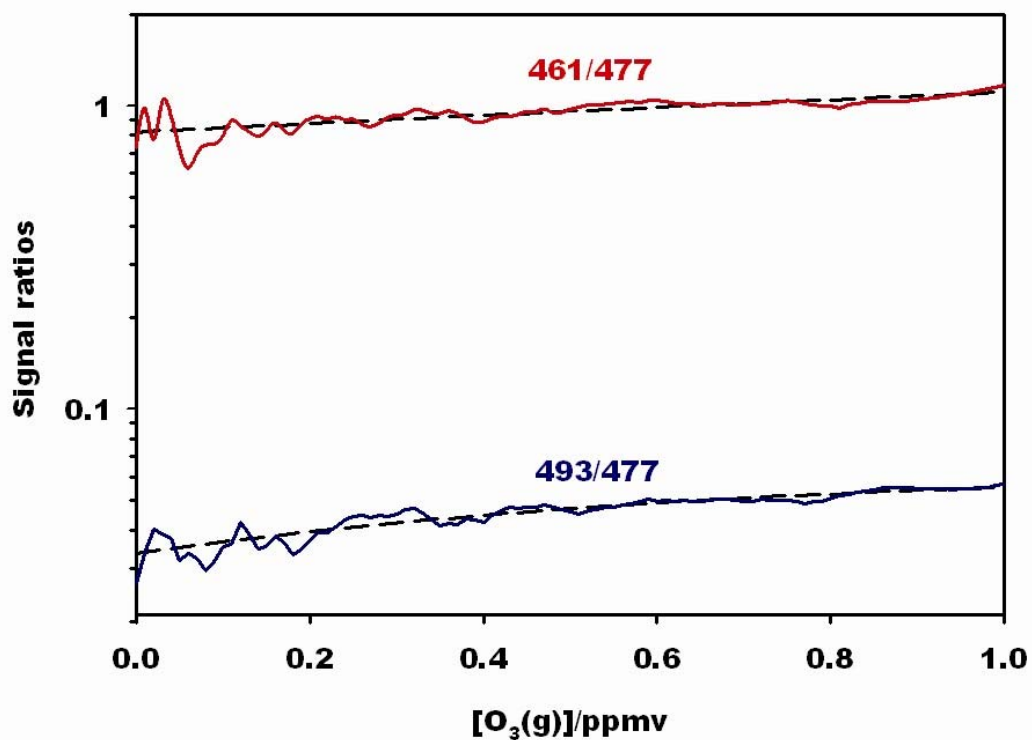


Figure S3. The ratios of $(\alpha\text{-TOH-O}_2)^{\cdot-}/(\alpha\text{-TOH-O}_3)^{\cdot-}$ (red) and $(\alpha\text{-TOH-O}_4)^{\cdot-}/(\alpha\text{-TOH-O}_3)^{\cdot-}$ (blue) in the ozonolysis of 1.0 mM $\alpha\text{-TOH}$:methanol at the air/liquid interface as a function of $[\text{O}_3(\text{g})]$ in the range of 0 – 1.0 ppmv at bulk pH 11.3.

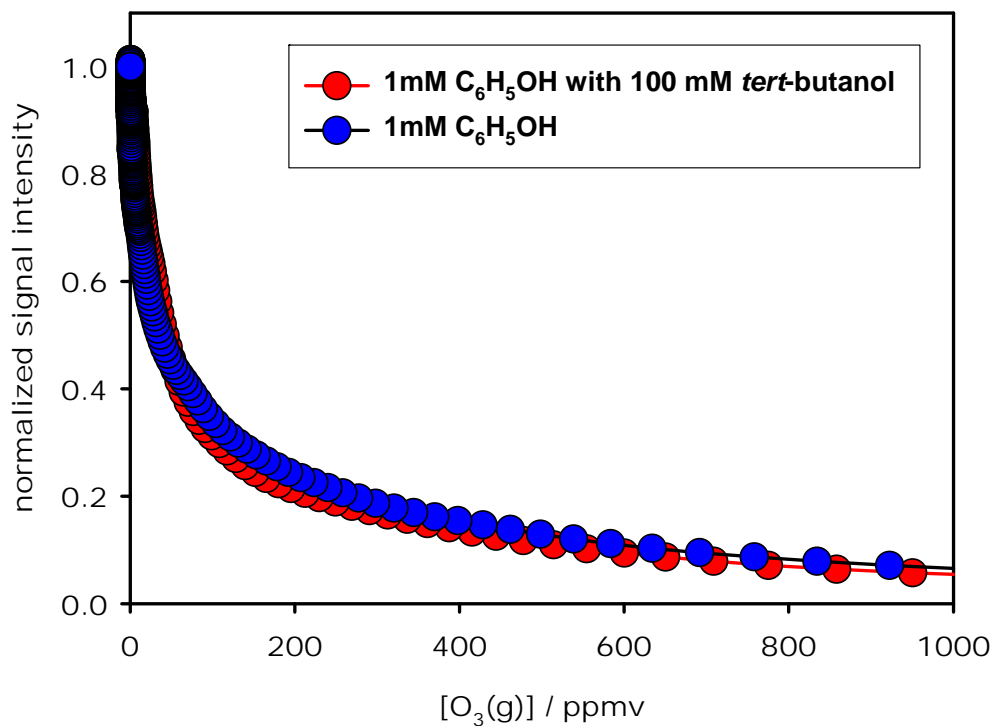


Figure S4. C₆H₅O⁻ decay in the ozonolysis of aqueous 1 mM C₆H₅OH microdroplets as a function of [O₃(g)] in the absence (blue)/presence (red) of 100 mM *tert*-butanol at pH 10.0.

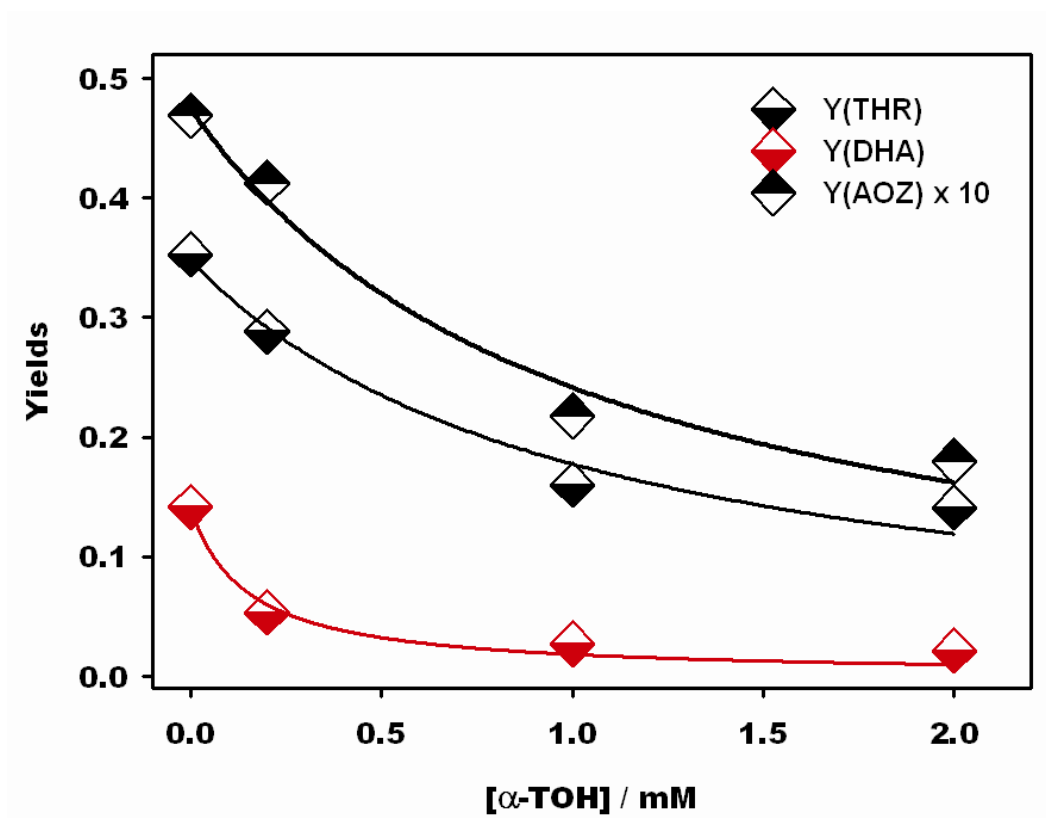


Figure S5. THR⁻, DHA⁻ and AOZ⁻ yields based on interfacial AH⁻ loss versus [α -TOH] in the mixture of 1mM AH₂ + X mM α -TOH in methanol solutions at pH 7.2 in 500 ppmv O₃(g). See text for details.