[2]J. Shah, M. Combescot and A. H. Dayem, Phys. Rev. Lett. 38, 1497 (1977); A. Forchel and W. Schmid, unpublished.

[3]B. J. Feldman, H. L. Chou, and G. K. Wong, Solid State Commun. 24, 521 (1977).

[4]J. Shah, R. F. Leheny, W. R. Harding, and W. R. Wright, Phys. Rev. Lett. 38, 1164 (1977).

[5]D. Bimberg, M. S. Skolnick, and L. M. Sander, Phys. Rev. B 14, 2231 (1979); D. Bimberg, M. S. Skolnick, and W. J. Choyke, Phys. Rev. Lett. 40, 56 (1978).

[6]J. C. Hensel, T. G. Phillips, and G. A. Thomas, in *Solid State Physics*, edited by H. Ehrenreich, F. Seitz, and D. Turnbull (Academic, New York, 1977), Vol. 32; G. A. Thomas, T. M. Rice, and J. C. Hensel, Phys. Rev. Lett. 33, 219 (1974).

[7]P. Vashishta, S. G. Das, and K. S. Singwi, Phys. Rev. Lett. 33, 911 (1974).

[8]M. Combescot, Phys. Rev. Lett. 32, 15 (1974); T. M. Rice, in *Solid State Physics*, edited by H. Ehrenreich, F. Seitz, and D. Turnbull (Academic, New York, 1977), Vol. 32.

[9]T. L. Reinecke and S. C. Ying, Phys. Rev. Lett. 35, 311, 547(E) (1975), and Phys. Rev. B 13, 1850 (1976); a numerical error has been corrected.

[10]T. L. Reinecke, M. C. Lega, and S. C. Ying, Phys. Rev. B (to be published).

[11]See, e.g., G. Kirczenow and K. S. Singwi, Phys. Rev. Lett. 41, 326 (1978).

[12]The reason for this is not yet known in detail. Crudely $\epsilon^{xc}(n)$ is given to good approximation in terms of a single plasmonlike excitation and then scales roughly like the atomic unit of energy.

[13]For all six model systems the detailed values of $\epsilon^{xc}(n)$, $n\epsilon^{xc\prime}(n)$, $n^2\epsilon^{xc\prime\prime}(n)$, and $n^3\epsilon^{xc\prime\prime\prime}(n)$ for all densities between n_0 and n_c vary from those given by the single-polynomial form by at most 25%, 5%, 14%, and 17%, respectively.

[14]Recent evidence (Thomas, Mock, and Capizzi, Ref. 1) suggests that for Ge[4; 2] dissociation in the gas may affect the shape of the gas side of the diagram, but the situation is not yet clear. If this occurs then "shape" used here refers to the curvature of the liquid side.

[15]G. Beni and T. M. Rice, Phys. Rev. B 18, 768 (1978); L. V. Keldysh and A. P. Silin, Zh. Eksp. Teor. Fiz. 69, 1053 (1975) [Sov. Phys. JETP 42, 535 (1976)]; G. Beni, T. M. Rice, and L. M. Hemstreet, to be published.

ERRATA

JETS PRODUCED IN π^-, π^+, AND PROTON INTERACTIONS AT 200 GeV ON HYDROGEN AND ALUMINUM TARGETS. C. Bromberg, G. Fox, R. Gomez, J. Pine, J. Rohlf, S. Stampke, K. Yung, S. Erhan, E. Lorenz, M. Medinnis, P. Schlein, V. Ashford, H. Haggerty, R. Juhala, E. Malamud, S. Mori, R. Abrams, R. Delzenero, H. Goldberg, S. Margulies, D. McLeod, J. Solomon, R. Stanek, A. Dzierba, and W. Kropac [Phys. Rev. Lett. 42, 1202 (1979)].

Reference 8 should read K. Yung, thesis, California Institute of Technology, 1979 (unpublished).

LEPTON MASS FORMULA. A. O. Barut [Phys. Rev. Lett. 42, 1251 (1979)].

Reference 1 should be expanded to read as follows:

[1]A. O. Barut, Phys. Lett. 73B, 310 (1978), and references cited therein [in particular, Y. Nambu, Progr. Theor. Phys. 7, 595 (1952); G. Rosen, Nuovo Cimento 32, 1037 (1964)].