

Supporting Online Material

Materials and Methods

Av1 and Av2 were isolated and purified under anaerobic conditions according to published protocols (*SI*). Crystals of nf-, pcp- and adp-Av2:Av1 complexes were prepared in sitting drops by vapor diffusion in an anaerobic chamber at room temperature. All solutions and chemicals used for crystallization were thoroughly deaerated using vacuum/Ar-fill cycles. Precipitating solutions for the nf-complex contained 16-18% (w/v) PEG 10000, and those for pcp- and adp- complexes contained 18-22% PEG 8000 (w/v), in addition to 0-50 mM NaCl, 100 mM Tris buffer (pH 8.5), and 10 mM dithionite. The protein solutions were prepared by mixing appropriate amounts of Av1 and Av2 stock solutions ($[Av1]_{stock} = \sim 20$ mg/ml, $[Av2]_{stock} = \sim 40$ mg/ml), both of which were in 100 mM Tris (pH 7.75), 200 mM NaCl and 5 mM dithionite. Best crystals for nf-, pcp- and adp-complexes were obtained using 1:1.2 to 1:1.5 Av1:Av2 ratios (v/v), corresponding to 5 to 6-fold molar excess of Av2 over per active site of Av1. The protein solutions for pcp- and adp-complexes also contained 10 mM $MgCl_2$ (added from a 1 M stock), and 10 mM AMPPCP or ADP, whose 100 mM stock solutions were prepared in 100 mM Tris buffer (pH 8.5) immediately prior to setting up the crystallization trays. The crystallization drops contained 2 μ l of the precipitating solution and 2 μ l of the protein mixture, and the reservoir contained 250 μ l of the precipitating solution. Brown, rod-shaped crystals appeared after 2-3 days and reached full growth after 1-2 weeks. The crystals for nf- and pcp-complexes were orthorhombic ($P2_12_12_1$), and those for the adp-complex were triclinic ($P1$) (see Table S1 for unit cell dimensions).

For data collection, suitable crystals were exchanged into 25% PEG 400 over five steps in one hour for cryoprotection and flash-frozen in liquid nitrogen. X-ray diffraction data for the nf-complex were collected at SSRL (BL 9-1) and those for pcg- and adp-complexes were acquired at ALS (BL 8.2.1) on ADSC CCD detectors using x-rays of wavelengths 0.9796 Å, 1.000 Å, and 1.000 Å, respectively. Data collection and refinement statistics are summarized in Table S1. Data sets were processed using DENZO-SCALEPACK (*S2*) for nf- and adp-complexes and MOSFLM (*S3*)-SCALA (*S4*) for the pcg-complex. The initial phases were obtained by molecular replacement using MOLREP (*S4*) with Av1 (PDB code: 1M1N) as a model. Initial electron density maps clearly revealed the positions of the iron-sulfur clusters and most secondary structure elements of Av2 molecules, allowing their manual placement using native Av2 (PDB code: 1G5P) and ADP•AlF₄⁻ complexed Av2 (PDB code: 1M34) as models.

After an initial round of rigid-body refinement with CNS (*S5*) and manual rebuilding with MAIN (*S6*), simulated annealing using Ramachandran potentials and a very low X-ray weight was performed to regularize geometry. Ramachandran potentials were utilized during refinement of the adp-Av2:Av1 structure. In the absence of such potentials, the refinement was less well-behaved as evidenced by high free R-factors (>33%). Simulated-annealing, positional and thermal refinement with CNS, along with manual rebuilding and water placement with XFIT (*S7*) and MAIN (*S6*) produced the final models. In case of the adp-complex, eight-fold cyclic NCS-averaging of the individual α -subunits of the four Av2 molecules in the asymmetric unit (using MAIN), in combination with 4-fold averaging of the individual Av1 $\alpha\alpha$ -dimers produced higher quality maps in the regions where the four Av2 molecules were structurally similar. The

averaged maps were used along with the non-averaged maps as a guide for manual rebuilding. Bulk solvent correction and anisotropic B-factor scaling were applied to the reflection data. NCS restraints ($300 \text{ kcal mol}^{-1} \text{ \AA}^{-2}$) were applied to four equivalent Av1 $\alpha\alpha$ -dimers and kept throughout the refinement. The stereochemistry of the final models was calculated using PROCHECK (S8). Final refinement statistics are indicated in Table S1. A listing of all residues included in the final model is provided in Table S3, with an evaluation of the quality of electron density for backbone and sidechain atoms. Figures were prepared using PYMOL (S9), MOLSCRIPT (S10) and RASTER3D (S11). The coordinates of the nf-Av2:Av1, pcp-Av2:Av1 and adp-Av2:Av1 complexes will be deposited in the Protein Data Bank (www.rcsb.org/pdb) for release upon publication.

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Table S1. Data collection and refinement statistics.

	nf-Av2:Av1	pcp-Av2:Av1	adp-Av2:Av1
Data Collection			
Space group	P2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2 ₁	P2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2 ₁	P1
Cell dimensions a, b, c (Å) α, β, γ (°)	170.9, 75.9, 223.7 90, 90, 90	110.5, 120.9, 264.8 90, 90, 90	72.9, 141.4, 165.5 73.7, 79.4, 76.6
Resolution (Å)	50.0 – 2.1	50.0 – 2.3	50.0 – 3.1
No. of total observations	578,292	583,968	169,772
Redundancy	3.6	3.4	1.7
R_{sym} (%) ^{a,b}	14.0 (53.6)	12.3 (37.8)	7.5 (24.2)
$I/\sigma(I)$ ^a	8.7 (2.5)	12.0 (3.4)	8.8 (2.7)
Completeness (%) ^a	95.7 (89.5)	89.2 (85.7)	88.2 (72.0)
Refinement			
Resolution (Å)	43.0 - 2.1	50.0 – 2.3	50.0 – 3.1
R (%) ^{a,c}	17.2	23.5	22.9
R_{free} (%) ^{a,d}	22.1	27.5	27.0
R.m.s. deviations from ideal values			
bond lengths (Å)	0.013	0.015	0.015
bond angles (°)	2.3	2.4	2.6
Ramachandran statistics			
most favored (%)	88.2	92.2	95.2
additionally allowed (%)	11.4	7.4	4.7
generously allowed (%)	0.4	0.4	0.1
disallowed (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0

^a Values in parentheses correspond to the highest resolution shell.

^b $R_{symm} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{hkl,i} \left(\frac{|I_{hkl,i} - \bar{I}_{hkl}|}{\bar{I}_{hkl}} \right)$ where $I_{hkl,i}$ is the scaled intensity of the i^{th} individual measurement of the reflection with indices hkl , and \bar{I}_{hkl} is the mean intensity of that reflection.

^c $R = \frac{\sum |F_{obs} - F_{calc}|}{\sum F_{obs}}$ for all reflections (no σ cutoff).

^d Free R calculated against 5% (nf), 7% (pcp) and 10% (adp) of the reflections randomly removed.

^e Ramachandran potentials were applied throughout the refinement for the adp:Av2-Av1 complex.

Table S2 Residues included in the final structural models for the nf-Av2:Av1, pcg-Av2:Av1 and adp-Av2:Av1 complexes. Residues with observable electron density for backbone atoms are included in the structural models; residues with poorly defined sidechain electron density are also included, but with the occupancy set to zero. Chains ABCD and IJKL correspond to the subunits of crystallographically distinct Av1 tetramers, while EF, GH, MN and OP are the subunits of crystallographically distinct Av2 dimers.

nf-Av1:Av2

Chain	Backbone defined	Residues with poor sidechain density
A	5-480	212, 332
B	2-523	
C	4-480	
D	2-523	
E	1-289	
F	1-286	

pcg-Av1:Av2

Chain	Backbone defined	Residues with poor sidechain density
A	4-480	26, 258
B	2-523	
C	5-480	
D	2-523	
E	1-50, 54-270	71, 74, 84, 92, 116-117, 127, 154, 159, 166, 170-171, 190-191, 194, 202, 211, 223-224, 233, 235, 262
F	1-50, 54-263	68, 80, 111, 116-118, 155, 163, 190-191, 233, 235, 257, 261
G	1-51, 54-272	54, 69, 74, 77, 116, 159, 186, 215, 221, 223-224, 230, 233, 235, 245
H	1-262	52, 54, 77, 118, 129, 155, 262

adp-Av1:Av2

Chain	Backbone defined	Residues with poor sidechain density
A	5-480	23, 30, 50-51, 101, 129, 168
B	2-523	143, 171, 177-178, 211, 303, 400, 417
C	5-480	7, 30, 43, 68, 70, 288
D	2-523	120, 171
E	2-88, 90-126, 129-157, 159-180, 182-191, 203-234, 237-271	10, 32, 39, 41, 46, 56, 58-60, 63, 72-74, 77, 84, 87, 100, 102, 109, 116, 119-121, 130, 135, 137, 140-141, 143, 154, 166, 171, 173-174, 179, 183, 185, 187-189, 191, 206, 211, 213-216, 219, 223, 230-231, 233, 239-240, 245-246, 249-251, 263-266, 270
F	1-62, 67-228, 230-275	8, 32, 46, 48-49, 52, 58, 60, 67-68, 70, 72-73, 77, 84, 92, 107, 110, 116, 127, 129, 137, 140-141, 143, 146, 166, 170-171, 187, 190, 194, 199, 202, 219, 221, 223-224, 230-231, 245, 251, 261
G	1-89, 93-94, 98-263	10, 15, 28, 31-32, 41, 46, 52, 54-56, 59, 68, 71, 75-77, 84, 100, 103-104, 108, 116, 118, 127, 135, 140, 155, 179, 182, 187-188, 191-192, 194-195, 202, 213, 223-224, 229, 235, 245-246, 249, 251-252, 262
H	2-7, 10-41, 81-88, 92-104, 119-155, 157-169, 175-185, 193-202, 205-219, 240-250, 255-258, 261-270	10, 15, 18, 20-21, 23, 26, 28-29, 31-32, 39, 41, 84, 87, 92, 100, 102-103, 121, 127, 137, 140, 142-143, 146, 154-155, 158-159, 163, 166, 169, 178, 182, 184-185, 194-195, 202, 210, 217-219, 241, 245-246, 250, 255, 257, 261, 263, 266, 269
I	5-480	
J	2-523	
K	5-480	125, 129, 133
L	2-523	
M	4-49, 52-69, 71-76, 78-88, 91-95, 97-120, 123-142, 144-183, 185-186, 191-271	4, 10, 15, 21, 29, 31-32, 39, 41, 43, 46-47, 52, 54-55, 60, 66-68, 71-72, 74-76, 84, 92, 100, 111, 116, 119, 135, 146, 151, 154-156, 158-159, 166, 170, 178, 182, 191-194, 199, 202-203, 207, 210, 213-219, 221, 224, 235, 241, 245, 251-252, 259-261, 264-265, 269, 271
N	4-22, 33-36, 40-44, 81-86, 96-117, 121-132, 137-143, 150, 156-170, 182-183, 193-204, 208-213.	4, 8, 10, 18, 20, 22, 33-36, 41, 84, 100, 102-104, 106-112, 115-116, 121, 123-124, 137, 139-140, 142-143, 156, 158-159, 166, 170, 182-183, 194-195, 199, 201-203, 208-210, 213, 216, 218-219, 221, 223-224, 239-241, 243, 245-248, 251-253, 255-256, 262-263, 265-268, 270

Chain	Backbone defined	Residues with poor sidechain density
	216-225, 227-228, 237-257, 261-273	
O	2-114, 117-263	10, 22, 26, 29, 31-33, 40, 46, 52, 57, 67-68, 74, 76-77, 84, 100, 108, 111, 117-119, 129-131, 141, 146, 165-166, 168- 170, 182, 187, 191, 194, 202-203, 213, 217, 219, 221, 223- 228, 235-236, 238, 241, 245-246, 249, 251-254, 262
P	6-20, 22-31, 36-39, 54-61, 80-82, 87- 117, 123-142, 144- 170, 180-184, 193- 212, 214-220, 223- 236, 239-252, 261- 272	10, 15, 31, 58-60, 80, 92, 111-112, 115, 117, 123, 130, 139-141, 145-148, 154, 163, 165, 170, 194, 196, 202-203, 205, 208, 210, 218-219, 223-224, 229, 233, 235, 239-241, 243, 246, 249-251, 261, 263-266, 269, 271

Table S3 Pairwise comparisons of different Fe-protein conformations

structure	native Av2	Av2 + ADP	alf- Av2	Δ Leu- 127	Δ Leu- 127+ ATP	nf- Av2	pcp-Av2		adp-Av2		
native Av2 (1G5P)											
Av2 + ADP (1FP6)	1.3 0.7										
alf-Av2 (1M34)	3.9 1.5	3.0 1.2									
Δ Leu-127 Av2 (1G20)	3.4 1.4	2.5 1.3	1.5 0.8								
Δ Leu-127 Av2 + ATP (1G21)	2.9 1.4	2.0 1.2	1.7 0.5	1.1 0.8							
nf-Av2 (chains EF)	1.0 0.8	1.5 0.9	4.0 1.5	3.5 1.4	2.9 1.4						
pcp-Av2 (chains EF)	3.5 1.6	2.6 1.4	1.7 0.7	1.2 1.0	0.9 0.8	3.4 1.6					
pcp-Av2 (chains GH)	3.1 1.4	2.1 1.2	1.6 0.4	1.1 0.8	0.6 0.5	3.0 1.5	0.8 0.6				
adp1-Av2 (chains EF)	1.4 0.7	0.7 0.6	2.9 1.3	2.5 1.3	2.1 1.2	1.6 0.8	2.6 1.4	2.2 1.2			
adp2-Av2 (chains GH)	1.3 0.7	0.7 0.6	3.1 1.3	2.5 1.3	2.1 1.2	1.4 0.8	2.6 1.4	2.2 1.3	0.6 0.3		
adp3-Av2 (chains MN)	1.0 0.7	1.5 0.6	3.8 1.3	3.5 1.3	3.0 1.2	1.3 0.8	3.5 1.4	3.2 1.3	1.4 0.3	1.3 0.3	
adp4-Av2 (chains OP)	1.2 0.7	0.7 0.6	3.3 1.3	2.6 1.2	2.2 1.2	1.3 0.8	2.7 1.4	2.3 1.2	0.7 0.3	0.5 0.3	1.4 0.3

Table S3 Root mean square deviations (in Å) between pairs of superimposed Fe-protein structures. The first five structures and their PDB IDs (in parentheses) have been previously deposited and serve as reference structures. When multiple Fe-protein dimers were present in the asymmetric unit of a reference structure, the first set of subunits was used. The remaining seven structures have been determined in the course of this work; the chain labels for the specified dimer are in parentheses. The C α 's of 236 residues (6-49, 56-115, 120-125, 129-186 and 193-260) present in each subunit of all available Fe-protein models were used for the comparison. The first line in each entry corresponds to the superposition of both subunits in each dimer; for example, subunits AB of one dimer are superimposed onto EF of the other (but subunits AB are not superimposed onto subunits FE). The second line corresponds to the superposition of individual subunits, calculated as the average of the A-E, A-F, B-E and B-F comparisons. The entries outlined in dark boxes designate the closest comparisons between the reference structures and the complexes determined in this work; specifically, the nf-Av2 structure most closely resembles native Av2; the pcp-Av2 structure most closely resembles the Δ Leu- \square l27+ATP structure; three of the adp-Av2 dimers (adp1, adp2 and adp4) most closely resemble the ADP bound state of Av2 in the absence of MoFe-protein, while the adp3 most closely resembles native Av2. In all cases, the best superpositions exhibit root mean square deviations for both the dimer and individual subunit comparisons ≤ 1 Å.

Table S4 Intermolecular polar interactions in the nitrogenase complexes. Contacts between oxygen and/or nitrogen atoms in the indicated Fe-protein - MoFe-protein complexes were identified with the CCP4 program CONTACT (*S4*) using a cutoff of 3.4 Å. "mc" indicates that the contact involves the main chain atoms of a specified residue; otherwise, the contacts are mediated by side chain groups. α - and β - designate the Fe-protein subunits in a given dimer that interact most closely with the α - and β -subunits of the MoFe-protein, respectively. "*" designates poor electron density for the designated side chain so that reliable placement could not be established; these residues are included to identify the interaction region. Due to disordering of the Fe-protein subunits, side chain density was weak for the adp3-Av2 and adp4-Av2 molecules. Contacts in the alf-Av2:Av1 structure (PDB ID 1M34) are included for comparison to the pcp-Av2:Av1 complex.

Table S4 cont'd

pcp-Av2:Av1 intermolecular contacts					
Av1 residue		mc	Av2 residue		mc
Lys	□51*		Gly	□-65	mc
Glu	□120		Arg	□-100	
Glu	□120		Thr	□-104	
Ile	□123	mc	Cys	□-97	mc
Val	□124	mc	Cys	□-97	mc
Gly	□157	mc	Arg	□-100	
Ile	□159	mc	Gly	□-133	mc
Gly	□160	mc	Arg	□-140	
Asp	□161	mc	Arg	□-140	
Glu	□184		Arg	□-100	
Glu	□120		Arg	□-100	
Glu	□120		Thr	□-104	
Asp	□121		Gly	□-65	mc
Val	□124	mc	Cys	□-97	mc
Glu	□156	mc	Arg	□-100	
Ile	□158	mc	Gly	□-133	mc
Asn	□163		Glu	□-141	
Asn	□167		Ser	□-174	mc
Asn	□168		Lys	□-170	mc

alf-Av2:Av1 (PDB ID 1M34) intermolecular contacts					
Av1 residue		mc	Av2 residue		mc
Lys	□51		Gly	□-65	mc
Glu	□120		Arg	□-100	
Glu	□120		Thr	□-104	
Ile	□123	mc	Cys	□-97	mc
Val	□124	mc	Cys	□-97	mc
Asp	□128		Lys	□-170	
Gly	□157	mc	Arg	□-100	
Ile	□159	mc	Gly	□-133	mc
Gly	□160	mc	Arg	□-140	
Asp	□161	mc	Arg	□-140	
Ser	□165		Ser	□-174	
Lys	□168		Glu	□-141	
Arg	□182		Arg	□-140	
Glu	□184		Arg	□-100	
Glu	□120		Arg	□-100	
Glu	□120		Thr	□-104	
Ala	□123	mc	Cys	□-97	mc
Val	□124	mc	Cys	□-97	mc
Glu	□156		Arg	□-100	
Ile	□158	mc	Gly	□-133	mc
Gly	□159	mc	Arg	□-140	
Asp	□160	mc	Arg	□-140	
Asp	□161	mc	Arg	□-140	
Asn	□163		Glu	□-141	
Asn	□167		Glu	□-141	
Asn	□167		Ser	□-174	mc
Asn	□168		Lys	□-170	mc
Lys	□171		Asn	□-173	mc
Lys	□400		Asp	□-69	

Table S4 cont'd

nf-Av2:Av1 intermolecular contacts				
Av1 residue	mc	Av2 residue	mc	
Glu 120		Asn 107		
Lys 121		Ala 61	mc	
Lys 121		Ala 64	mc	
Lys 121		Thr 66	mc	
Gly 160	mc	Arg 140		
Glu 156	mc	Arg 100		
Val 157	mc	Arg 100*		
Ile 158	mc	Arg 100*		
Asp 161		Tyr 171		
Asn 163		Lys 170	mc	
Asn 163		Asn 173		
Lys 211		Ala 172	mc	
Lys 211		Gly 175	mc	
Lys 211		Arg 178		
Asn 399		Glu 111*		
Lys 400		Glu 68	mc	
Lys 400		Leu 70	mc	
Lys 400		Glu 112		
Arg 401		Glu 111	mc	

adp-Av2:Av1 intermolecular contacts				
Av1 residue	mc	Av2 residue	mc	
adp1 (chains ABEF)				
Lys 50*		Glu 68*		
Val 124	mc	Arg 100		
Phe 125	mc	Arg 100		
Gly 157	mc	Arg 100*		
Ile 159	mc	Arg 100		
Asp 162		Arg 140*		
Asp 121		Gly 65	mc	
Asp 121		Val 67	mc	
adp2 (chains CDGH)				
Lys 50		Glu 68*		
Lys 168		Asn 173	mc	
Val 157	mc	Arg 100*		
adp3* (chains IJMN)				
Ile 159	mc	Arg 100		
Gly 160	mc	Arg 100		
adp4* (chains KLOP)				
Lys 26		Asp 69		
Lys 30		Asp 69		
Lys 50		Glu 68		
Lys 50		Glu 111		
Leu 158	mc	Arg 100		
Asp 162		Lys 170		
Ser 165		Lys 170		
Lys 168		Asn 173		
Glu 120	mc	Arg 100		

Table S5. Parameters describing Av2 – Av1 docking interactions for the individual adp-conformers. adp1-Av2, adp2-Av2, adp3-Av2 and adp4-Av2 designate specific Fe-protein dimers in the adp-Av2:Av1 structure with Av2 chain identifiers EF, GH, MN and OP, that are associated with Av1 subunits AB, CD, IJ and KL, respectively.

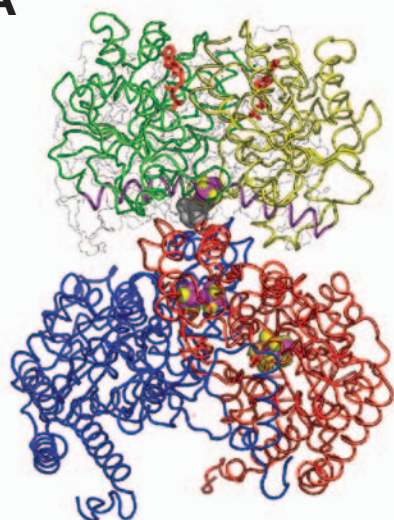
complex	Buried surface area (Å ²)	∠100 helix- helix angle ∠ (°)	[4Fe:4S] – P-cluster distance (Å)
adp1-Av2	2000	26	22.6
adp2-Av2	1700	29	22.8
adp3 -Av2	1600	31	23.8
adp4 -Av2	1900	33	23.7

Supplementary Figure Legends

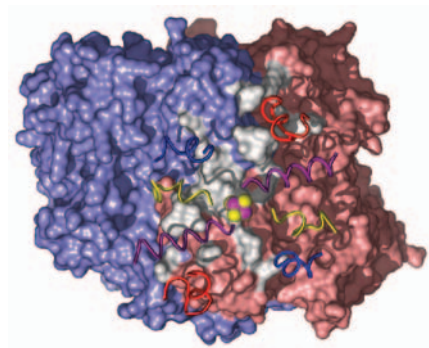
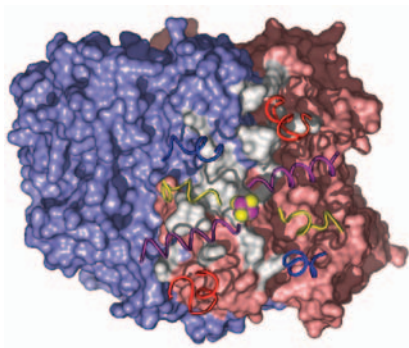
Fig. S1. Docking geometries and protein-protein interaction surfaces in (A) adp1- Av2:Av1, (B) adp2- Av2:Av1, and (C) adp3- Av2:Av1.

Fig. S2. Crosslinking region in nf-Av2:Av1, illustrating the H-bonding network involving Lys-400, Glu-112, Glu-68 and Glu-70. The $2F_o - F_c$ map (purple) is contoured at 1 σ .

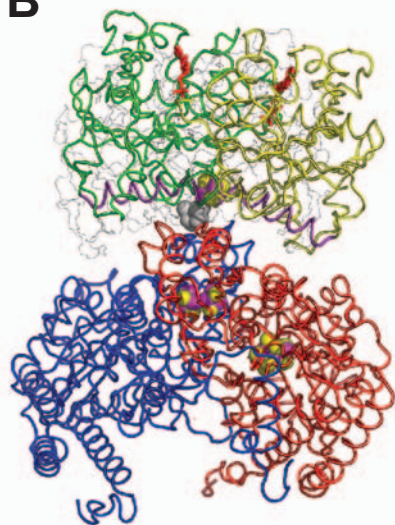
A



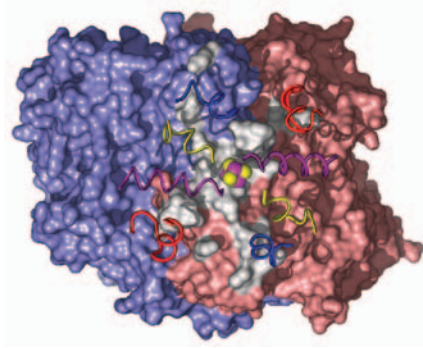
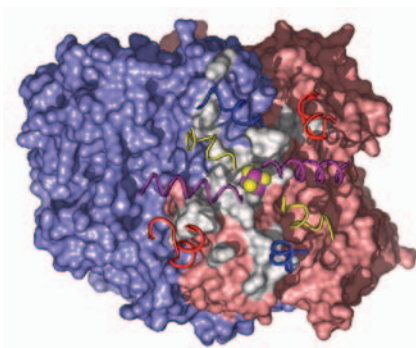
adp1-Av2:Av1



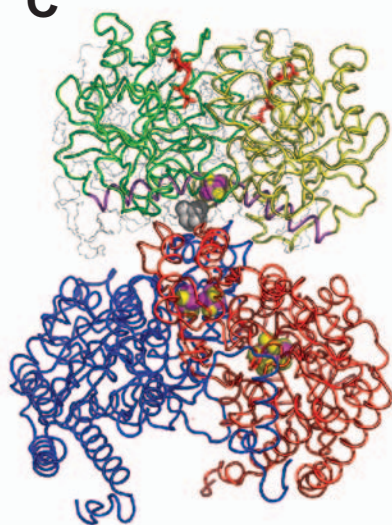
B



adp2-Av2:Av1



C



adp4-Av2:Av1

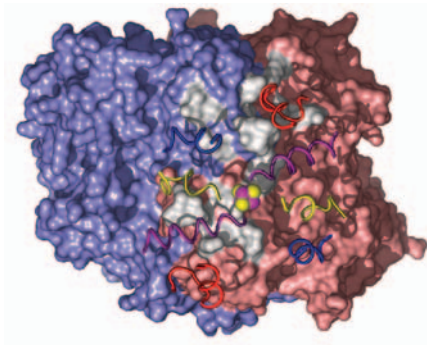
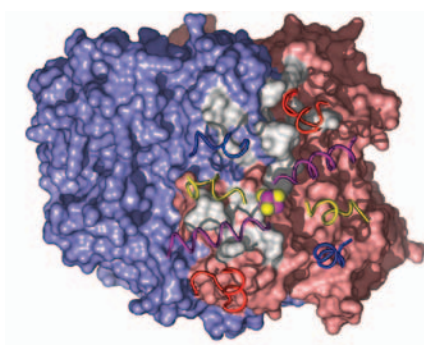


Fig. S1

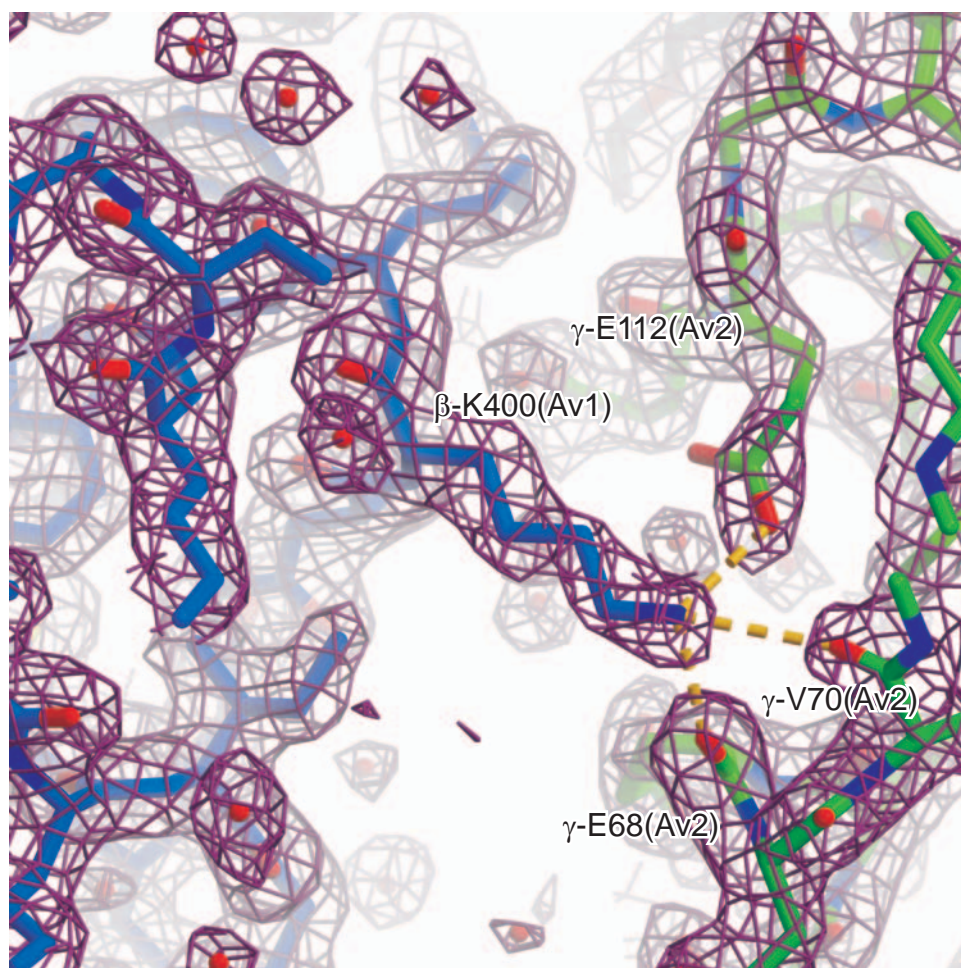


Fig. S2