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# ABSTRACT

As a step toward a comprehensive overview of the infrared (IR) diagnostics of the central engines and host galaxies of quasars at low redshift, we present *Spitzer Space Telescope* spectroscopic (5–40  $\mu$ m) and photometric (24, 70, and 160  $\mu$ m) measurements of all Palomar–Green (PG) quasars at z < 0.5 and Two Micron All Sky Survey (2MASS) quasars at z < 0.3. We supplement these data with *Herschel* measurements at 160  $\mu$ m. The sample is composed of 87 optically selected PG quasars and 52 near-IR-selected 2MASS quasars. Here we present the data, measure the prominent spectral features, and separate emission due to star formation from that emitted by the dusty circumnuclear torus. We find that the mid-IR (5–30  $\mu$ m) spectral shape for the torus is largely independent of quasar IR luminosity with scatter in the spectral energy distribution (SED) shape of  $\leq 0.2$  dex. Except for the silicate features, no large difference is observed between PG (unobscured—silicate emission) and 2MASS (obscured—silicate absorption) quasars. Only mild silicate features are observed in both cases. When in emission, the peak wavelength of the silicate feature tends to be longer than 9.7  $\mu$ m, possibly indicating effects on grain properties near the active galactic nucleus. The IR color is shown to correlate with the equivalent width of the aromatic features, indicating that the slope of the quasar mid- to far-IR SED is to first order driven by the fraction of radiation from star formation in the IR bands.

Key words: galaxies: active - galaxies: starburst - infrared: galaxies

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## 1. INTRODUCTION

Active galactic nuclei (AGNs), signposts for accretion onto super-massive black holes (SMBHs), are now understood to be a critical phase of massive galaxy formation. In the local universe all individual massive galaxies are found to host SMBHs at their centers, with the SMBH masses tightly correlated with galaxy properties (Kormendy & Richstone 1995; Magorrian et al. 1998; Gebhardt et al. 2000; Ferrarese & Merritt 2000). Probing the properties of material located at different radii surrounding SMBHs should offer important clues to how accretion by the SMBHs influences, or is influenced by, the evolution of their host galaxies to maintain this correlation. It may also solve puzzles such as how the angular momentum of material at kiloparsec radii is removed to feed central engines.

It is believed that there is a geometrically thick structure, termed the dusty torus, outside the accretion disk in AGNs. The dusty torus may physically bridge from the inner accretion disk to the outer host galaxy, and likely plays a crucial role in funneling the material into SMBHs. Significant progress has been made in probing the torus, starting from the earliest suggestions of its existence in the 1980s to direct imaging of it in a few nearby AGNs (Jaffe et al. 2004). The dusty torus is thought to explain the large apparent diversity of AGN phenomena. For example, in the AGN unified model (Antonucci 1993), orientation-dependent obscuration in the torus determines whether the broad emission lines emerge in the UV/optical spectra and thus whether an AGN is classified as type 1 or type 2.

The dust in the torus is heated by UV/optical radiation from the accretion disk to high temperatures ( $\sim 100-1000$  K) to emit dominantly in the near- to mid-infrared (IR) spectral ranges. The emission by the torus dust is dominated by a continuum that is featureless, except for the broad silicate features at around 9.7 and 18  $\mu$ m either in emission or absorption. Its output is distinct from the radiation of star-forming regions: for them, the aromatic features dominate at wavelengths shorter than 15  $\mu$ m, while at longer wavelengths there is a strong continuum due to warm and cold (<60 K) dust (Smith et al. 2007; Stierwalt et al. 2013). In luminous AGNs, i.e., quasars such as those studied here, the torus nearly always dominates the integrated mid-IR emission so that the observations can be compared directly to predictions of torus models.

The silicate features are important diagnostics to constrain the structure of the dusty torus (Siebenmorgen et al. 2005; Hao et al. 2005; Sturm et al. 2005, 2006; Shi et al. 2006). They can be directly compared to predictions of dusty torus models, probing the internal torus structures (Fritz et al. 2006; Hönig et al. 2006; Nenkova et al. 2008; Schartmann et al. 2008; Stalevski et al. 2012; Feltre et al. 2012). For example, Feltre et al. (2012) demonstrate how to discriminate two broad types of dusty tori, i.e., smooth versus clumpy, through the behavior of the silicate features and of the overall mid-IR spectral energy distributions (SEDs). The IR emission lines also have the advantage of probing narrow emission line regions without significant extinction (e.g., Diamond-Stanic et al. 2009).

The IR data are also powerful in probing the host galaxy properties, e.g., the star formation rate (SFR). While commonly used SFR tracers, such as UV radiation, hydrogen recombination lines, and forbidden lines are contaminated severely by the nuclear radiation, the mid-IR aromatic features and far-IR photometry are two relatively uncontaminated tracers of star formation (SF) in quasars (e.g., Shi et al. 2007; Netzer et al. 2007; Lutz et al. 2008; Hernán-Caballero et al. 2009; Hiner et al. 2009; Rosario et al. 2013).

Studies of IR features are enabled by the *Spitzer Space Telescope* with a photometric wavelength coverage from 3.6 to 160  $\mu$ m and low-resolution spectroscopy from 5 to 40  $\mu$ m. To exploit the potential of the IR data, we carried out a program with *Spitzer* in the last cryogenic cycle to complete spectroscopic (5–40  $\mu$ m) and photometric (24, 70, and 160  $\mu$ m) observations of two samples of luminous AGNs at low redshift, namely the unobscured optically selected Palomar–Green (PG) quasars (Schmidt & Green 1983; Boroson & Green 1992) and obscured near-IR selected Two Micron All Sky Survey (2MASS) quasars (Cutri et al. 2001; Smith et al. 2002). By focusing on quasars, we will probe the phase where SMBHs grow most rapidly and where their output stands out most clearly from that of their host galaxies.

In this paper we present the observations and extract measurements of aromatic and silicate features and continuum luminosities for these two samples. We use this information to determine the SFRs of the host galaxies and to show that the values from the aromatic bands and far-IR emission are consistent. We present the sample, observations, and data reductions in Section 2. The spectral decomposition is detailed in Section 3. The results are presented in Section 4. Our conclusions are presented Section 5. Throughout this paper, we assume  $H_0 = 70 \text{ km s}^{-1} \text{ Mpc}^{-1}$ ,  $\Omega_0 = 0.3$ , and  $\Omega_{\Lambda} = 0.7$ .

# 2. SAMPLES, OBSERVATIONS, AND DATA REDUCTION

## 2.1. Samples

For this study we included all 87 objects of the PG sample (Schmidt & Green 1983; Boroson & Green 1992) at z < 0.5and all 52 objects of the 2MASS sample (Cutri et al. 2001; Smith et al. 2002) at z < 0.3, as listed in Table 1. The PG quasars are defined by an average limiting B-band magnitude of 16.16, blue U - B color (<-0.44), and dominant starlike appearance. All these objects show broad emission lines, and thus are classified as type 1 quasars. Due to the large photographic magnitude errors and the simple color selection, the PG sample is incomplete (e.g., Goldschmidt et al. 1992; Jester et al. 2005), but the incompleteness is independent of the optical magnitude and color (Jester et al. 2005), indicating that the PG sample is still representative of bright optically selected quasars. Compared to PG quasars, the 2MASS quasars represent a redder population with  $J - K_s > 2$  (compared with a typical value of  $J - K_s \sim 1.5$  for PG quasars), but have similar  $K_s$ -band luminosities ( $M_{K_s} < -23$ ; Smith et al. 2002). Unlike PG quasars, the 2MASS sample includes objects with narrow, intermediate and broad emission lines. The 2MASS sample is increasingly incomplete at  $K_s > 13$  (Cutri et al. 2001).

# 2.2. Observations and Data Reduction

We carried out 25.1 hr of *Spitzer* observations (PID: 50196; PI: G. Rieke) to complete the Infrared Spectrograph (IRS) spectroscopic and MIPS photometric data for the PG/2MASS sample. The program included all objects that did not have archived data from previous cycles. As a result, there are lowresolution IR spectra  $(5-40 \,\mu\text{m})$  and MIPS photometry at 24, 70, and  $160 \,\mu\text{m}$  for the entire sample.<sup>6</sup> All the broad-band photometry is listed in Table 2, while the IRS data are available in Table 3.

The spectra were obtained using the standard IRS staring mode. To reduce them, we drew from the archive the basic calibrated data (BCD) as products of Spitzer Science Center data reduction pipeline version S18.7, which provided cosmic ray removal, replacement of saturated pixels, droop correction, subtraction of darks, linearization correction, and stray light and flat field correction. The post-pipeline processing of the BCD was based on IRSCLEAN<sup>7</sup> and SPICE.<sup>8</sup> IRSCLEAN was used to create bad pixel masks for the BCD image. The sky background for each module within a given order was then subtracted using the image obtained with the same module in a different order. For observations with only one order, the image at one slit position was used as sky background for the image at another slit position. SPICE was employed to extract the spectra from these background-subtracted images. We used the optimal extraction mode to increase the ratio of signal to noise, since our targets are point sources. The mismatch in the signal between short-low (5–14  $\mu$ m) and longlow (14–40  $\mu$ m) modules was removed by scaling the short-low spectrum to the long-low one. The whole spectrum was further scaled to the MIPS 24  $\mu$ m photometry by comparing to synthetic photometry of the spectra. The flux difference between the shortlow and long-low, and the difference between the MIPS 24  $\mu$ m photometry and IRS synthetic flux at this wavelength, could be caused by the errors in the flux calibration of the MIPS and IRS instruments, and the pointing errors with short-low and longlow, not necessarily by extended emission outside the IRS slit. As listed in Table 2, the scaling factor from short-low to longlow has a median value of 1.0 and a standard deviation of 0.4, and the factor from long-low synthetic 24  $\mu$ m to MIPS 24  $\mu$ m flux has a median value of 1.08 and a standard deviation of 0.18. The almost unity conversion factor with scatter comparable to the flux calibration uncertainties indicates that missed extended emission is not important for the IRS observations. In addition, visual checks of MIPS 24  $\mu$ m images do not find any source with significant extended emission.

MIPS observations were made with the small field photometry mode. The data reduction and photometry measurements were carried out with Data Analysis tool v3.1 and redMIPS v1.1 (Gordon et al. 2005) by the MIPS Instrument team. For the 160  $\mu$ m photometry, we have visually checked individual images and removed those where the photometry is affected by close companions or structure in the sky (e.g., IR cirrus). In total 98%, 91%, and 32% of the sample have MIPS detections above 3 $\sigma$  at 24, 70, and 160  $\mu$ m, respectively.

To increase the fraction of objects with 160  $\mu$ m detections, we searched for measurements in the *Herschel Space Telescope* data archive. All the PG quasars have been observed with *Herschel* (PI: L. Ho) but no archived data were found for the 2MASS

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The previous IRS spectroscopic programs were by J. Houck (PID: 4), G. Rieke (PID: 36), F. Low (PID: 40), M. Werner (PID: 61), S. Gallagher (PID:

<sup>148),</sup> R. Siebenmorgen (PID: 193), D. Lutz (PID: 323), S. Veilleux (PID: 485), A. Stockton (PID: 14067), A. Wehrle (PID: 14991), and particularly by P. Ogle (PID: 11451). The previous MIPS programs were led by F. Low (PID: 49), G. Ricke (PID: 82, 30306, 40053, 50507), M. Werner (PID: 86), M. Bondi (PID: 3327), Z. Shang (PID: 20084), A. Marscher (PID: 20496), A. Wehrle (PID: 30785), and G. Fazio (PID: 30860).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> http://irsa.ipac.caltech.edu/data/SPITZER/docs/dataanalysistools/tools/ irsclean/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> http://irsa.ipac.caltech.edu/data/SPITZER/docs/dataanalysistools/tools/ spice/

 Table 1

 Physical Properties of Our Sample

Number	Name	Position(J2000)	z	$m_B$	$m_K$	Туре
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	PG0003+158	00 <sup>h</sup> 05 <sup>m</sup> 59 <sup>s</sup> 24+16 <sup>d</sup> 09 <sup>m</sup> 49 <sup>s</sup> 0	0.450	15.960		1.0
2	PG0003+199	00 <sup>h</sup> 06 <sup>m</sup> 19 <sup>s</sup> 52+20 <sup>d</sup> 12 <sup>m</sup> 10 <sup>s</sup> 5	0.025	13.750		1.0
3	PG0007+106	00 <sup>h</sup> 10 <sup>m</sup> 31 <sup>s</sup> 01+10 <sup>d</sup> 58 <sup>m</sup> 29 <sup>s</sup> 5	0.089	16.110		1.0
4	PG0026+129	00 <sup>h</sup> 29 <sup>m</sup> 13 <sup>s</sup> .60+13 <sup>d</sup> 16 <sup>m</sup> 03 <sup>s</sup> .0	0.142	14.950		1.0
5	PG0043+039	00 <sup>h</sup> 45 <sup>m</sup> 47 <sup>s</sup> 27+04 <sup>d</sup> 10 <sup>m</sup> 24 <sup>s</sup> .4	0.384	15.880		1.0
6	PG0049+171	00 <sup>h</sup> 51 <sup>m</sup> 54 <sup>s</sup> 80+17 <sup>d</sup> 25 <sup>m</sup> 58 <sup>s</sup> 4	0.064	15.880		1.0
7	PG0050+124	00 <sup>h</sup> 53 <sup>m</sup> 34 <sup>s</sup> 94+12 <sup>d</sup> 41 <sup>m</sup> 36 <sup>s</sup> 2	0.061	14.390		1.0
8	PG0052+251	00 <sup>h</sup> 54 <sup>m</sup> 52 <sup>s</sup> 10+25 <sup>d</sup> 25 <sup>m</sup> 38.0	0.155	15.420		1.0
9	PG0157+001	01 <sup>h</sup> 59 <sup>m</sup> 50 <sup>s</sup> 21+00 <sup>d</sup> 23 <sup>m</sup> 40 <sup>s</sup> .6	0.164	15.200		1.0
10	PG0804+761	$08^{h}10^{m}58^{s}60+76^{d}02^{m}42^{s}.0$	0.100	15.150		1.0
11	PG0838+770	08 <sup>h</sup> 44 <sup>m</sup> 45 <sup>s</sup> .26+76 <sup>d</sup> 53 <sup>m</sup> 09 <sup>s</sup> .5 08 <sup>h</sup> 47 <sup>m</sup> 42 <sup>s</sup> .47+34 <sup>d</sup> 45 <sup>m</sup> 04 <sup>s</sup> .4	0.131	16.300		1.0
12 13	PG0844+349 PG0921+525	$08^{h}47^{m}42^{s}47+34^{o}45^{m}04^{s}4$ $09^{h}25^{m}12^{s}87+52^{d}17^{m}10^{s}5$	0.064 0.035	14.000 15.620		1.0 1.0
13	PG0921+323 PG0923+201	$09^{h}25^{m}12.87+32^{-1}7^{m}10.3$ $09^{h}25^{m}54^{s}.72+19^{d}54^{m}05^{s}.1$	0.033	15.020		1.0
14	PG0923+201 PG0923+129	$09^{2}25^{-}34.72+19^{-}34^{-}03.1^{-}$ $09^{h}26^{m}03^{s}.29+12^{d}44^{m}03^{s}.6^{-}$	0.190	14.930		1.0
16	PG0934+013	$09^{h}37^{m}01^{s}03+01^{d}05^{m}43^{s}5$	0.029	16.290		1.0
17	PG0947+396	$09^{h}50^{m}48^{s}39+39^{d}26^{m}50^{s}5$	0.206	16.400		1.0
18	PG0953+414	$09^{h}56^{m}52^{s}39+41^{d}15^{m}22^{s}3$	0.239	15.050		1.0
19	PG1001+054	$10^{h}04^{m}20^{s}14+05^{d}13^{m}00^{s}5$	0.161	16.130		1.0
20	PG1004+130	10 <sup>h</sup> 07 <sup>m</sup> 26 <sup>s</sup> 10+12 <sup>d</sup> 48 <sup>m</sup> 56 <sup>s</sup> 2	0.240	15.930		1.0
21	PG1011-040	$10^{h}14^{m}20^{s}.69 - 04^{d}18^{m}40^{s}.5$	0.058	15.490		1.0
22	PG1012+008	10 <sup>h</sup> 14 <sup>m</sup> 54 <sup>s</sup> 90+00 <sup>d</sup> 33 <sup>m</sup> 37 <sup>s</sup> 4	0.185	15.890		1.0
23	PG1022+519	10 <sup>h</sup> 25 <sup>m</sup> 31 <sup>s</sup> 28+51 <sup>d</sup> 40 <sup>m</sup> 34 <sup>s</sup> 9	0.045	16.120		1.0
24	PG1048+342	10 <sup>h</sup> 51 <sup>m</sup> 43 <sup>s</sup> 90+33 <sup>d</sup> 59 <sup>m</sup> 26 <sup>s</sup> 7	0.167	15.810		1.0
25	PG1048-090	$10^{h}51^{m}29.90 - 09^{d}18^{m}10.00$	0.344	16.000		1.0
26	PG1049-005	$10^{h}51^{m}51^{s}.44 - 00^{d}51^{m}17^{s}.7$	0.357	15.950		1.0
27	PG1100+772	11 <sup>h</sup> 04 <sup>m</sup> 13 <sup>s</sup> .69+76 <sup>d</sup> 58 <sup>m</sup> 58 <sup>s</sup> .0	0.313	15.860		1.0
28	PG1103-006	$11^{h}06^{m}31^{s}.77 - 00^{d}52^{m}52^{s}.5$	0.425	16.020		1.0
29	PG1114+445	11 <sup>h</sup> 17 <sup>m</sup> 06 <sup>s</sup> 40+44 <sup>d</sup> 13 <sup>m</sup> 33 <sup>s</sup> 3	0.144	16.050		1.0
30	PG1115+407	11 <sup>h</sup> 18 <sup>m</sup> 30 <sup>s</sup> 29+40 <sup>d</sup> 25 <sup>m</sup> 54 <sup>s</sup> .0	0.154	16.020		1.0
31	PG1116+215	11 <sup>h</sup> 19 <sup>m</sup> 08 <sup>s</sup> 68+21 <sup>d</sup> 19 <sup>m</sup> 18 <sup>s</sup> 0	0.177	15.170		1.0
32	PG1119+120	11 <sup>h</sup> 21 <sup>m</sup> 47 <sup>s</sup> .10+11 <sup>d</sup> 44 <sup>m</sup> 18 <sup>s</sup> .3	0.049	14.650		1.0
33 34	PG1121+422 PG1126-041	11 <sup>h</sup> 24 <sup>m</sup> 39 <sup>s</sup> .18+42 <sup>d</sup> 01 <sup>m</sup> 45 <sup>s</sup> .0 11 <sup>h</sup> 29 <sup>m</sup> 16 <sup>s</sup> .66 -04 <sup>d</sup> 24 <sup>m</sup> 07 <sup>s</sup> .6	0.234 0.060	16.020 15.430		1.0 1.0
34 35	PG1120-041 PG1149-110	$11^{h}29^{m}10.00 - 04^{2}24^{m}07.00$ $11^{h}52^{m}03^{s}.54 - 11^{d}22^{m}24^{s}.3$	0.080	15.450		1.0
35 36	PG1149-110 PG1151+117	$11^{\text{h}}52^{\text{m}}05.34 - 11^{\text{h}}22^{\text{m}}24.3$ $11^{\text{h}}53^{\text{m}}49^{\text{s}}27 + 11^{\text{d}}28^{\text{m}}30^{\text{s}}4$	0.049	15.400		1.0
30 37	PG1202+281	$12^{h}04^{m}42^{s}.11+27^{d}54^{m}11^{s}.8$	0.170	15.020		1.0
38	PG12021201 PG1211+143	$12^{h}14^{m}17^{s}70+14^{d}03^{m}12^{s}6$	0.085	14.630		1.0
39	PG1216+069	12 <sup>h</sup> 19 <sup>m</sup> 20 <sup>s</sup> 93+06 <sup>d</sup> 38 <sup>m</sup> 38 <sup>s</sup> 5	0.334	15.680		1.0
40	PG1226+023	12 <sup>h</sup> 29 <sup>m</sup> 06 <sup>s</sup> 70+02 <sup>d</sup> 03 <sup>m</sup> 08 <sup>s</sup> 6	0.158	12.860		1.0
41	PG1229+204	12h32m03s60+20d09m29s2	0.064	14.650		1.0
42	PG1244+026	12h46m35s25+02d22m08s8	0.048	16.150		1.0
43	PG1259+593	13h01m1293+59d02m0697	0.472	15.600		1.0
44	PG1302-102	$13^{h}05^{m}33^{s}.01 - 10^{d}33^{m}19^{s}.4$	0.286	15.090		1.0
45	PG1307+085	13h09m47.00+08d19m48.2	0.155	15.280		1.0
46	PG1309+355	13 <sup>h</sup> 12 <sup>m</sup> 17 <sup>s</sup> 77+35 <sup>d</sup> 15 <sup>m</sup> 21 <sup>s</sup> 2	0.184	15.450		1.0
47	PG1310-108	$13^{h}13^{m}05^{s}.78 - 11^{d}07^{m}42^{s}.4$	0.035	15.550		1.0
48	PG1322+659	13 <sup>h</sup> 23 <sup>m</sup> 49 <sup>s</sup> .52+65 <sup>d</sup> 41 <sup>m</sup> 48 <sup>s</sup> .2	0.168	15.860		1.0
49	PG1341+258	13 <sup>h</sup> 43 <sup>m</sup> 56 <sup>s</sup> 75+25 <sup>d</sup> 38 <sup>m</sup> 47 <sup>s</sup> 7	0.087	15.930		1.0
50	PG1351+236	13 <sup>h</sup> 54 <sup>m</sup> 06 <sup>s</sup> 43+23 <sup>d</sup> 25 <sup>m</sup> 49 <sup>s</sup> 1	0.055	15.870		1.0
51	PG1351+640	13 <sup>h</sup> 53 <sup>m</sup> 15 <sup>s</sup> 83+63 <sup>d</sup> 45 <sup>m</sup> 45 <sup>s</sup> .7	0.087	15.420		1.0
52	PG1352+183	13 <sup>h</sup> 54 <sup>m</sup> 35 <sup>s</sup> .69+18 <sup>d</sup> 05 <sup>m</sup> 17 <sup>s</sup> .5 13 <sup>h</sup> 56 <sup>m</sup> 32 <sup>s</sup> .80+21 <sup>d</sup> 03 <sup>m</sup> 52 <sup>s</sup> .4	0.158	15.710		1.0
53	PG1354+213	$13^{\text{m}}56^{\text{m}}32^{\text{s}}80+21^{\text{c}}03^{\text{m}}52^{\text{s}}4$ $14^{\text{h}}05^{\text{m}}16^{\text{s}}21+25^{\text{d}}55^{\text{m}}34^{\text{s}}.1$	0.300	15.850		1.0
54 55	PG1402+261 PG1404+226	$14^{h}06^{m}21^{s}89+22^{d}23^{m}46^{s}6$	0.164 0.098	15.570 15.820		1.0 1.0
55 56	PG1404+226 PG1411+442	$14^{h}06^{m}21^{s}.89+22^{s}23^{m}46^{s}.6$ $14^{h}13^{m}48^{s}.33+44^{d}00^{m}14^{s}.0$	0.098	15.820		1.0
50 57	PG1411+442 PG1415+451	$14^{h}17^{m}00^{s}70+44^{d}56^{m}06^{s}0$	0.089	14.990		1.0
58	PG1416-129	$14^{h}19^{m}03^{s}.80 - 13^{d}10^{m}44^{s}.0$	0.114	15.400		1.0
59	PG1410-129 PG1425+267	$14^{h}27^{m}35^{s}61+26^{d}32^{m}14^{s}5$	0.129	15.400		1.0
60	PG1426+015	14 <sup>h</sup> 29 <sup>m</sup> 06 <sup>s</sup> 59+01 <sup>d</sup> 17 <sup>m</sup> 06 <sup>s</sup> 5	0.086	15.050		1.0
61	PG1427+480	14 <sup>h</sup> 29 <sup>m</sup> 43 <sup>s</sup> 07+47 <sup>d</sup> 47 <sup>m</sup> 26 <sup>s</sup> 2	0.221	16.330		1.0
62	PG1435-067	$14^{h}38^{m}16^{s}.16 - 06^{d}58^{m}21^{s}.3$	0.129	15.540		1.0
63	PG1440+356	14 <sup>h</sup> 42 <sup>m</sup> 07 <sup>s</sup> .46+35 <sup>d</sup> 26 <sup>m</sup> 22 <sup>s</sup> .9	0.077	15.000		1.0
64	PG1444+407	14 <sup>h</sup> 46 <sup>m</sup> 45 <sup>s</sup> .94+40 <sup>d</sup> 35 <sup>m</sup> 05 <sup>s</sup> .8	0.267	15.950		1.0
65	PG1448+273	14 <sup>h</sup> 51 <sup>m</sup> 08 <sup>s</sup> 76+27 <sup>d</sup> 09 <sup>m</sup> 26 <sup>s</sup> 9	0.065	15.010		1.0

		(Continued)				
Number (1)	Name (2)	Position(J2000) (3)	<i>z</i> (4)	$m_B$ (5)	<i>m<sub>K</sub></i> (6)	Type (7)
66	PG1501+106	15 <sup>h</sup> 04 <sup>m</sup> 01 <sup>s</sup> 20+10 <sup>d</sup> 26 <sup>m</sup> 16 <sup>s</sup> 2	0.036	15.090		1.0
67	PG1512+370	15 <sup>h</sup> 14 <sup>m</sup> 43 <sup>s</sup> .04+36 <sup>d</sup> 50 <sup>m</sup> 50 <sup>s</sup> .4	0.371	15.970		1.0
68	PG1519+226	15 <sup>h</sup> 21 <sup>m</sup> 14 <sup>s</sup> 26+22 <sup>d</sup> 27 <sup>m</sup> 43 <sup>s</sup> .9	0.137	16.090		1.0
69	PG1534+580	15 <sup>h</sup> 35 <sup>m</sup> 52 <sup>s</sup> 36+57 <sup>d</sup> 54 <sup>m</sup> 09 <sup>s</sup> 2	0.030	15.540		1.0
70	PG1535+547	15 <sup>h</sup> 36 <sup>m</sup> 38 <sup>s</sup> 36+54 <sup>d</sup> 33 <sup>m</sup> 33 <sup>s</sup> 2 15 <sup>h</sup> 45 <sup>m</sup> 30 <sup>s</sup> 24+48 <sup>d</sup> 46 <sup>m</sup> 09 <sup>s</sup> 1	0.038	15.310		1.0
71 72	PG1543+489 PG1545+210	$15^{h}47^{m}43^{s}.54+20^{d}52^{m}16^{s}.6$	0.400 0.266	16.050 16.050		1.0
72 73	PG1543+210 PG1552+085	$15^{h}54^{m}44^{s}58+08^{d}22^{m}21^{s}5$	0.200	16.030		1.0 1.0
73 74	PG1612+261	$16^{h}14^{m}13^{s}20+26^{d}04^{m}16^{s}2$	0.11)	16.000		1.0
75	PG1613+658	16 <sup>h</sup> 13 <sup>m</sup> 57 <sup>s</sup> .18+65 <sup>d</sup> 43 <sup>m</sup> 09 <sup>s</sup> .6	0.129	15.370		1.0
76	PG1617+175	16 <sup>h</sup> 20 <sup>m</sup> 11 <sup>s</sup> 29+17 <sup>d</sup> 24 <sup>m</sup> 27 <sup>s</sup> 7	0.114	15.530		1.0
77	PG1626+554	16 <sup>h</sup> 27 <sup>m</sup> 56 <sup>s</sup> 12+55 <sup>d</sup> 22 <sup>m</sup> 31 <sup>s</sup> 5	0.133	16.170		1.0
78	PG1700+518	17 <sup>h</sup> 01 <sup>m</sup> 24 <sup>s</sup> 80+51 <sup>d</sup> 49 <sup>m</sup> 20 <sup>s</sup> 0	0.282	15.430		1.0
79	PG1704+608	17 <sup>h</sup> 04 <sup>m</sup> 41 <sup>s</sup> 38+60 <sup>d</sup> 44 <sup>m</sup> 30 <sup>s</sup> 5	0.371	15.900		1.0
80	PG2112+059	21 <sup>h</sup> 14 <sup>m</sup> 52 <sup>s</sup> 57+06 <sup>d</sup> 07 <sup>m</sup> 42 <sup>s</sup> 5	0.466	15.520		1.0
81	PG2130+099	21 <sup>h</sup> 32 <sup>m</sup> 27 <sup>s</sup> .81+10 <sup>d</sup> 08 <sup>m</sup> 19 <sup>s</sup> .5	0.061	14.620		1.0
82	PG2209+184	22 <sup>h</sup> 11 <sup>m</sup> 53 <sup>s</sup> 89+18 <sup>d</sup> 41 <sup>m</sup> 49 <sup>s</sup> 9	0.070	15.860		1.0
83	PG2214+139	22 <sup>h</sup> 17 <sup>m</sup> 12 <sup>s</sup> 26+14 <sup>d</sup> 14 <sup>m</sup> 20 <sup>s</sup> 9	0.067	14.980		1.0
84	PG2233+134	22 <sup>h</sup> 36 <sup>m</sup> 07 <sup>s</sup> 68+13 <sup>d</sup> 43 <sup>m</sup> 55 <sup>s</sup> 3	0.325	16.040		1.0
85	PG2251+113	22 <sup>h</sup> 54 <sup>m</sup> 10 <sup>s</sup> 40+11 <sup>d</sup> 36 <sup>m</sup> 38 <sup>s</sup> 3	0.323	16.250		1.0
86 87	PG2304+042 PG2308+098	$23^{h}07^{m}02^{s}91+04^{d}32^{m}57^{s}2$ $23^{h}11^{m}17^{s}76+10^{d}08^{m}15^{s}5$	0.042 0.432	15.440 16.120		1.0
87 88	2MASSiJ000703.6+155423	$25^{\text{m}}11^{17.76+10}08^{15.5}$ $00^{\text{h}}07^{\text{m}}03^{\text{s}}60+15\text{d}54^{\text{m}}23^{\text{s}}8$	0.432	10.120	13.100	1.0 1.8
89	2MASSiJ000703.0+135423 2MASSiJ000810.8+135452	$00^{h}08^{m}10^{s}.86+13^{d}54^{m}52^{s}.3$	0.114		14.400	2.0
90	2MASSiJ004118.7+281640	$00^{h}41^{m}18^{s}70+28^{d}16^{m}40^{s}0$	0.194		12.500	1.0
91	2MASSiJ005010.1+280619	$00^{h}50^{m}10^{s}05+28^{d}06^{m}20^{s}7$	0.277		15.130	110
92	2MASSiJ005055.7+293328	00 <sup>h</sup> 50 <sup>m</sup> 55 <sup>s</sup> 70+29 <sup>d</sup> 33 <sup>m</sup> 28 <sup>s</sup> 1	0.136		13.220	2.0
93	2MASSiJ010230.1+262337	01 <sup>h</sup> 02 <sup>m</sup> 30 <sup>s</sup> 10+26 <sup>d</sup> 23 <sup>m</sup> 37 <sup>s</sup> 0	0.194		13.830	1.0
94	2MASSiJ010835.1+214818	01 <sup>h</sup> 08 <sup>m</sup> 35 <sup>s</sup> 10+21 <sup>d</sup> 48 <sup>m</sup> 18 <sup>s</sup> 0	0.285		13.460	1.9
95	2MASSiJ012031.5+200327	01 <sup>h</sup> 20 <sup>m</sup> 31 <sup>s</sup> .50+20 <sup>d</sup> 03 <sup>m</sup> 27 <sup>s</sup> .0	0.087		12.470	
96	2MASSiJ015721.0+171248	01 <sup>h</sup> 57 <sup>m</sup> 21 <sup>s</sup> 00+17 <sup>d</sup> 12 <sup>m</sup> 48 <sup>s</sup> 0	0.213		13.160	1.0
97	2MASSiJ022150.6+132741	02 <sup>h</sup> 21 <sup>m</sup> 50 <sup>s</sup> 60+13 <sup>d</sup> 27 <sup>m</sup> 40 <sup>s</sup> 8	0.140		13.250	1.8
98	2MASSiJ024807.3+145957	02 <sup>h</sup> 48 <sup>m</sup> 07 <sup>s</sup> 36+14 <sup>d</sup> 59 <sup>m</sup> 57 <sup>s</sup> 7	0.072		12.650	1.0
99 100	2MASSiJ034857.6+125547	03 <sup>h</sup> 48 <sup>m</sup> 57 <sup>s</sup> .68+12 <sup>d</sup> 55 <sup>m</sup> 47 <sup>s</sup> .4 08 <sup>h</sup> 16 <sup>m</sup> 52 <sup>s</sup> .24+42 <sup>d</sup> 58 <sup>m</sup> 29 <sup>s</sup> .4	0.210		13.600	1.0
100	2MASSiJ081652.2+425829 2MASSiJ082311.3+435318	08 <sup>h</sup> 23 <sup>m</sup> 11 <sup>s</sup> 27+43 <sup>d</sup> 53 <sup>m</sup> 18 <sup>s</sup> 5	0.235 0.182		13.730 12.850	1.0 1.5
101	2MASSiJ082511.5+455518 2MASSiJ091848.6+211717	$08^{25}$ 11.27+45 55 18.5 $09^{h}18^{m}48^{s}.61+21^{d}17^{m}17^{s}.0$	0.182		12.850	1.5
102	2MASSiJ092049.0+190320	$09^{h}20^{m}49^{s}.00+19^{d}03^{m}20^{s}.00$	0.149		14.920	1.0
103	2MASSiJ094636.4+205610	$09^{h}46^{m}36^{s}43+20^{d}56^{m}11^{s}0$	0.280		13.720	1.5
105	2MASSiJ095504.5+170556	09 <sup>h</sup> 55 <sup>m</sup> 04 <sup>s</sup> 55+17 <sup>d</sup> 05 <sup>m</sup> 56 <sup>s</sup> 4	0.139		13.440	1.0
106	2MASSiJ100121.1+215011	10 <sup>h</sup> 01 <sup>m</sup> 21 <sup>s</sup> 17+21 <sup>d</sup> 50 <sup>m</sup> 11 <sup>s</sup> 2	0.248		14.680	
107	2MASSiJ101400.4+194614	10 <sup>h</sup> 13 <sup>m</sup> 58 <sup>s</sup> 99+19 <sup>d</sup> 45 <sup>m</sup> 59 <sup>s</sup> 1	0.110		12.370	1.5
108	2MASSiJ101649.3+215435	10 <sup>h</sup> 16 <sup>m</sup> 49 <sup>s</sup> 35+21 <sup>d</sup> 54 <sup>m</sup> 35 <sup>s</sup> 0	0.257		13.940	1.0
109	2MASSiJ102724.9+121920	10 <sup>h</sup> 27 <sup>m</sup> 24 <sup>s</sup> .98+12 <sup>d</sup> 19 <sup>m</sup> 19 <sup>s</sup> .8	0.231		13.220	1.5
110	2MASSiJ105144.2+353930	10 <sup>h</sup> 51 <sup>m</sup> 44 <sup>s</sup> 24+35 <sup>d</sup> 39 <sup>m</sup> 30 <sup>s</sup> .8	0.158		13.540	
111	2MASSiJ125807.4+232921	12 <sup>h</sup> 58 <sup>m</sup> 07 <sup>s</sup> 46+23 <sup>d</sup> 29 <sup>m</sup> 21 <sup>s</sup> .6	0.259		13.450	1.0
112	2MASSiJ130005.3+163214	$13^{h}00^{m}05^{s}.35+16^{d}32^{m}14^{s}.8$	0.080		11.860	1.0
113	2MASSiJ130700.6+233805	13 <sup>h</sup> 07 <sup>m</sup> 00 <sup>s</sup> 63+23 <sup>d</sup> 38 <sup>m</sup> 05 <sup>s</sup> 2	0.275		13.450	1.0
114 115	2MASSiJ132917.5+121340 2MASSiJ134915.2+220032	13 <sup>h</sup> 29 <sup>m</sup> 17 <sup>s</sup> 52+12 <sup>d</sup> 13 <sup>m</sup> 40 <sup>s</sup> 2 13 <sup>h</sup> 49 <sup>m</sup> 15 <sup>s</sup> 20+22 <sup>d</sup> 00 <sup>m</sup> 32 <sup>s</sup> 7	0.203 0.062		14.120 12.240	1.0
115 116	2MASSIJ134915.2+220052 2MASSIJ1402511+263117	$13^{h}49^{m}13.20+22^{-}00^{m}32.7$ $14^{h}02^{m}51.20+26^{d}31^{m}17.6$	0.082		12.240	1.5 1.0
117	2MASSiJ145231.5+135358	$14^{h}53^{m}31^{s}.52+13^{d}53^{m}58^{s}.7$	0.137		12.070	1.0
118	2MASSiJ145406.6+195028	14 <sup>h</sup> 54 <sup>m</sup> 06 <sup>s</sup> 68+19 <sup>d</sup> 50 <sup>m</sup> 28 <sup>s</sup> 2	0.260		14.710	1.5
119	2MASSiJ145410.1+195648	$14^{h}54^{m}10^{s}17+19^{d}56^{m}48^{s}.7$	0.243		14.170	1.9
120	2MASSiJ145608.6+275008	14 <sup>h</sup> 56 <sup>m</sup> 08 <sup>s</sup> 65+27 <sup>d</sup> 50 <sup>m</sup> 08 <sup>s</sup> 8	0.250		13.380	1.0
121	2MASSiJ150113.1+232908	15 <sup>h</sup> 01 <sup>m</sup> 13 <sup>s</sup> 20+23 <sup>d</sup> 29 <sup>m</sup> 08 <sup>s</sup> 3	0.258		13.460	1.0
122	2MASSiJ151621.1+225944	15 <sup>h</sup> 16 <sup>m</sup> 21 <sup>s</sup> 11+22 <sup>d</sup> 59 <sup>m</sup> 44 <sup>s</sup> .7	0.190		14.120	1.0
123	2MASSiJ151653.2+190048	15 <sup>h</sup> 16 <sup>m</sup> 53 <sup>s</sup> 23+19 <sup>d</sup> 00 <sup>m</sup> 48 <sup>s</sup> 3	0.190		11.410	1.0
124	2MASSiJ151901.5+183804	15 <sup>h</sup> 19 <sup>m</sup> 01 <sup>s</sup> 48+18 <sup>d</sup> 38 <sup>m</sup> 04 <sup>s</sup> 9	0.187		14.250	1.0
125	2MASSiJ152151.0+225120	15 <sup>h</sup> 21 <sup>m</sup> 51 <sup>s</sup> 00+22 <sup>d</sup> 51 <sup>m</sup> 20 <sup>s</sup> 0	0.287		14.300	1.0
126	2MASSiJ154307.7+193751	15 <sup>h</sup> 43 <sup>m</sup> 07 <sup>s</sup> 78+19 <sup>d</sup> 37 <sup>m</sup> 51 <sup>s</sup> .8	0.228		12.740	1.5
127	2MASSiJ163700.2+222114	16 <sup>h</sup> 37 <sup>m</sup> 00 <sup>s</sup> 22+22 <sup>d</sup> 21 <sup>m</sup> 14 <sup>s</sup> 1	0.211		13.590	1.0
128	2MASSiJ163736.5+254302	$16^{h}37^{m}36^{s}52+25^{d}43^{m}02^{s}8$	0.277		14.170	1.9
129	2MASSiJ165939.7+183436	16 <sup>h</sup> 59 <sup>m</sup> 39 <sup>s</sup> 77+18 <sup>d</sup> 34 <sup>m</sup> 36 <sup>s</sup> 8	0.170		12.910	1.5

Table 1 (Continued)

17<sup>h</sup>05<sup>m</sup>36<sup>s</sup>.66+21<sup>d</sup>01<sup>m</sup>38<sup>s</sup>.0

0.271

130

2MASSiJ170536.6+210137

14.310

1.0

		(Continued)				
Number (1)	Name (2)	Position(J2000) (3)	z (4)	<i>m</i> <sub>B</sub> (5)	<i>m<sub>K</sub></i> (6)	Туре (7)
131	2MASSiJ171442.7+260248	17 <sup>h</sup> 14 <sup>m</sup> 42 <sup>s</sup> 77+26 <sup>d</sup> 02 <sup>m</sup> 48 <sup>s</sup> .6	0.163		13.080	1.0
132	2MASSiJ222221.1+195947	22 <sup>h</sup> 22 <sup>m</sup> 21 <sup>s</sup> .14+19 <sup>d</sup> 59 <sup>m</sup> 47 <sup>s</sup> .1	0.211		12.920	1.0
133	2MASSiJ222554.2+195837	22h25m54s25+19d58m37s2	0.147		13.490	2.0
134	2MASSiJ223742.6+145614	22h37m42s60+14d56m14s0	0.277		14.000	1.0
135	2MASSiJ223946.0+192955	22h39m46s00+19d29m55s0	0.194		14.670	
136	2MASSiJ230304.3+162440	23h03m04s30+16d24m40s0	0.289		14.670	2.0
137	2MASSiJ230442.4+270616	23 <sup>h</sup> 04 <sup>m</sup> 42 <sup>s</sup> 40+27 <sup>d</sup> 06 <sup>m</sup> 16 <sup>s</sup> 0	0.237		14.770	1.5
138	2MASSiJ234259.3+134750	23h42m59s36+13d47m50s4	0.299		14.190	1.5
139	2MASSiJ234449.5+122143	$23^{h}44^{m}49^{s}.56+12^{d}21^{m}43^{s}.1$	0.199		12.910	1.0

Table 1 (Continued)

**Notes.** Column 2: the name of the target; Column 3: the position of the target; Column 4: redshift; Column 5: *B*-band magnitude of PG quasars in Vega system (see Schmidt & Green 1983); Column 6:  $K_s$  magnitude of 2MASS quasars in internal 2MASS magnitude system (http://www.ipac.caltech.edu/2mass/releases/allsky/doc/sec6\_4a.html). Column 7: the optical type of emission line where 1.0 for broad emission line, 2.0 for narrow emission line and values between 1.0 and 2.0 for intermediate types.

quasars. These data were reduced to images as described in Balog et al. (2013). First, bad and saturated pixels were flagged. The response was calibrated and corrected for flat fields. A highpass filter was applied to eliminate the 1/f noise of the detector. Aperture photometry was carried out on the reduced images as in Balog et al. (2013). For objects with both *Spitzer* 160  $\mu$ m and *Herschel* 160  $\mu$ m detections, the latter is used because of (generally) higher signal to noise and greater freedom from structured sky emission.

#### 3. SPECTRAL DECOMPOSITIONS

### 3.1. Fitting Spectral Features

The IR spectra of quasars are rich in features. As shown in Figure 1, they usually contain strong hot dust continuum emission, cold dust emission, silicate emission or absorption features at 9.7 and 18  $\mu$ m, aromatic features mainly at 6.2, 7.7, 8.6, 11.3, and 12.1  $\mu$ m, plus atomic fine-structure and molecular hydrogen emission lines.

Although these features can be measured individually, we prefer to fit them simultaneously so that blends can be separated. Our method is based on a simple physical model, similar to the IDL program PAHFIT.pro which was developed by Smith et al. (2007) to decompose the spectra of normal galaxies. The dust continuum is modeled through a combination of a series of blackbodies at fixed temperatures of 1000, 580, 415, 210, 97, 58, 48, 41, 32, 29, and 26 K while letting the normalization be free. The highest temperature is chosen to fit the hottest dust emission peaking around  $3 \mu m$ , and the lowest temperature is limited by our SED coverage that in general does not extend beyond 200  $\mu$ m. This set of temperatures was based on several test runs, and includes criteria such as the peak wavelengths of the blackbodies should not lie within spectral regions of strong and broad silicate and aromatic features. The emission at wavelengths longer than  $200\,\mu\text{m}$  is usually described by a modified blackbody. However, as we have little >200  $\mu$ m photometry and are not fitting features in this spectral range, we simply adopted blackbody spectra. Higher-fidelity fits to these long wavelengths are discussed in the following section. Each silicate feature either in emission or absorption is modeled through two Gaussian functions: (1) for the 9.7  $\mu$ m silicate feature, central wavelengths of two Gaussians were set to be 10.0 and 11.5  $\mu$ m that can vary by  $\pm 3\%$ . The standard

deviations (i.e., widths) were set to be 8% and 10% of the central wavelengths, respectively. The fractional Gaussian widths were allowed to vary from -2% to +4%. The normalizations of the two Gaussians are free, with the initial value set to be half of the difference between the observed flux at the Gaussian central wavelength and the one at 8  $\mu$ m; and (2) for the 18  $\mu$ m feature, two Gaussians were placed at 16.0 and 19.0  $\mu$ m, respectively, with all other parameters treated similarly to those for the 9.7  $\mu$ m feature; the initial value of the normalization is set to be half of the difference between the observed flux at the Gaussian central wavelength and the one at  $15 \,\mu$ m. Figure 2 shows examples of the two-Gaussian fitting for the 9.7 silicate feature. A single Gaussian function was used to model the emission lines including H<sub>2</sub> S(3) 9.67  $\mu$ m, [SIV] 10.52  $\mu$ m, [NeII] 12.81  $\mu$ m, [Ne III] 15.56  $\mu$ m, H<sub>2</sub> S(1) 17.03  $\mu$ m, and [O IV] 25.91  $\mu$ m. The line width of the Gaussian was set by the spectral resolution at a given wavelength but allowed to vary by  $\pm 20\%$ , while the normalization was totally free. As detailed in Smith et al. (2007), the aromatic features were described by Drude profiles with fixed centers and widths but free normalizations.

The fitting results from minimizing  $\chi^2$  were in general excellent under visual inspection. However, for about 20% of the sample, the broad silicate emission features appeared to mimic dust blackbody emission. In these cases, the initial value of the silicate feature strength needs to be relatively accurate and was obtained by spline interpolation or visual estimate. We used a general criterion that the dust continuum underlying the silicate emission feature between 9 and 20  $\mu$ m should change gradually and monotonically.

The results of the SED decompositions are shown in Figure 1. With the fitted profiles, various features are quantified and listed in Table 4. The silicate feature strength is defined as  $\ln(f^{\text{peak}}/f_{\text{cont}}^{\text{peak}})$ , where  $f^{\text{peak}}$  is the flux density at the wavelength where the silicate emission feature peaks or the silicate absorption feature shows a minimum based on the two fitted Gaussian profiles for the individual features, and  $f_{\text{cont}}^{\text{peak}}$  is the continuum flux density at the same wavelength. The continuum luminosities at given wavelengths were measured as the average of the spectra over a  $2 \,\mu$ m range around the central wavelengths. All the listed errors in Table 4 only consider the photon noise in the spectrum. For the silicate feature intensity, due to the difficulty in differentiating the broad feature from the underlying continuum, there are additional systematic uncertainties that could be up to 0.1–0.2. The peak wavelength can also suffer systematic

Table 2	
Broad-band Photometry of the Samp	le

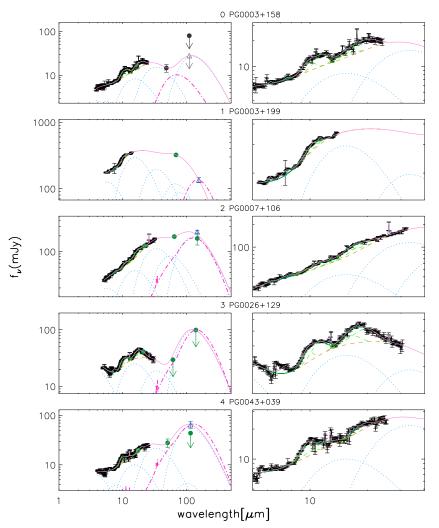
Number	Name	$f_{ m Spitzer-24\mu m}$ (mJy)	fspitzer-70μm (mJy)	$f_{ m Spitzer-160\mu m}$ (mJy)	$f_{ m Herschel-160\mu m}$ (mJy)	$C_{IRS-SL}^{IRS-LL}$	C <sub>IRS</sub> <sup>MIPS</sup>
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1	PG0003+158	$24.69\pm0.38$	$21.26\pm4.29$	<115.88	<40.68	1.31	0.99
2	PG0003+199	$-9.00\pm1.00$	$329.80 \pm 11.0$		$138.06\pm12.3$		1.77
3	PG0007+106	$139.90 \pm 0.29$	$210.80 \pm 9.31$	$194.40 \pm 49.1$	$260.19\pm14.8$	1.00	0.92
4	PG0026+129	$46.82 \pm 0.37$	<33.67	<112.96	00.71 + 12.76	1.29	1.13
5 6	PG0043+039 PG0049+171	$27.08 \pm 0.41$ $17.46 \pm 0.49$	$38.53 \pm 7.63$ <14.48	<60.59 <163.63	$89.71 \pm 13.76 < 40.56$	0.95 1.00	1.18 1.06
7	PG0049+171 PG0050+124	$17.40 \pm 0.49$ $953.40 \pm 0.48$	<14.48 2084.00 ± 11.	<103.03 1612.00 ± 34.	<40.30 1884.34 ± 17.	0.96	1.00
8	PG0052+251	$71.19 \pm 0.33$	$82.07 \pm 8.68$	<150.31	$155.53 \pm 16.2$	0.98	0.99
9	PG0157+001	$-9.00 \pm 1.00$	02107 1 0100	100101	$1301.47 \pm 11.$	1.01	1.35
10	PG0804+761	$199.10 \pm 0.31$	$122.70 \pm 5.71$	<68.58	$50.07 \pm 13.64$	0.95	0.99
11	PG0838+770	$75.25\pm0.27$	$140.60\pm 6.82$	$117.70\pm22.3$	$224.59 \pm 12.5$	0.94	1.15
12	PG0844+349	$98.72\pm0.37$	$100.90\pm6.75$	$163.80\pm28.3$	$239.90\pm14.5$	0.93	1.15
13	PG0921+525	$93.44\pm0.31$	$95.75\pm10.03$		$142.30\pm10.2$	0.91	1.16
14	PG0923+201	$54.05\pm0.41$	$50.00 \pm 4.82$	<227.46	$63.26 \pm 12.65$	0.89	1.13
15	PG0923+129	$242.50 \pm 0.43$			$1059.21 \pm 14.$	0.94	1.11
16	PG0934+013	$86.50 \pm 0.39$	$214.60 \pm 10.8$		$305.10 \pm 15.0$	0.94	1.12
17	PG0947+396	$50.11 \pm 0.36$	$107.80 \pm 9.89$	.05.10	$189.65 \pm 10.8$	0.89	1.09
18 19	PG0953+414	$46.15 \pm 0.34$	$39.49 \pm 10.73$	<95.10	$69.89 \pm 12.99$	0.98	1.08
19 20	PG1001+054 PG1004+130	$38.50 \pm 0.40$ $80.60 \pm 0.50$	$39.85 \pm 5.94$ $104.20 \pm 3.99$	<89.45 <119.74	$56.30 \pm 10.60$ $82.72 \pm 15.23$	0.87 1.00	1.13 1.10
20 21	PG1011-040	$104.00 \pm 0.33$	$104.20 \pm 5.99$ $179.80 \pm 6.96$	<119.74 266.60 ± 40.4	$233.90 \pm 13.7$	1.00	1.10
22	PG1012+008	$57.18 \pm 0.72$	$93.63 \pm 7.90$	$175.60 \pm 31.1$	$104.81 \pm 17.1$	1.00	1.00
23	PG1022+519	$46.62 \pm 0.29$	$246.90 \pm 7.94$	110100 ± 0111	$288.98 \pm 11.5$	0.94	1.08
24	PG1048+342	$26.97\pm0.36$	$62.60 \pm 10.17$	$133.10 \pm 18.2$	$160.10 \pm 13.1$	1.06	1.14
25	PG1048-090	$25.31\pm0.35$	$57.32\pm6.75$		<56.84	1.20	1.23
26	PG1049-005	$101.90\pm0.37$	$259.80\pm6.27$	<77.58	$170.00\pm12.5$	1.00	1.03
27	PG1100+772	$48.81\pm0.26$	$61.16 \pm 2.66$	<154.62	$90.04 \pm 16.89$	1.00	1.07
28	PG1103-006	$37.95\pm0.35$	$55.29 \pm 6.97$	<143.80	$49.97 \pm 10.70$	1.00	1.16
29	PG1114+445	$137.20 \pm 0.33$	$88.37 \pm 6.91$	<60.59	<42.98	1.00	1.08
30	PG1115+407	$44.98 \pm 0.32$	$189.60 \pm 7.34$	$267.30 \pm 23.9$	$303.31 \pm 11.7$	1.00	1.11
31 32	PG1116+215	$103.70 \pm 0.45$	$64.96 \pm 10.16$ $351.70 \pm 7.97$	< 81.10 334.20 ± 36.7	$346.25 \pm 11.8$	1.05 1.00	0.93 1.08
32 33	PG1119+120 PG1121+422	$\begin{array}{c} 235.70 \pm 0.35 \\ 14.50 \pm 0.34 \end{array}$	<10.49	<pre>&gt;&gt;4.20 ± 50.7 &lt;71.47</pre>	$340.23 \pm 11.8$ <39.66	0.97	1.08
34	PG1126-041	$14.30 \pm 0.34$ $261.90 \pm 0.49$	$495.20 \pm 10.5$	$349.90 \pm 49.7$	$451.76 \pm 13.3$	1.75	1.19
35	PG1149-110	$119.40 \pm 0.41$	$493.20 \pm 10.3$ $220.50 \pm 14.3$	549.90 ± 49.7	$349.89 \pm 12.7$	0.94	1.05
36	PG1151+117	$32.28 \pm 0.41$	$36.19 \pm 5.75$	<108.66	<33.61	1.06	1.16
37	PG1202+281	$82.08 \pm 0.36$	$85.88 \pm 13.59$		$91.88 \pm 13.24$	1.00	1.05
38	PG1211+143	$250.90\pm0.39$	$139.80\pm8.98$	<114.47	<41.63	1.02	0.99
39	PG1216+069	$28.21\pm0.41$	<22.52		<42.43	0.82	1.22
40	PG1226+023	$592.50\pm0.39$	$985.90\pm8.64$	$1010.00 \pm 26.$		0.98	0.95
41	PG1229+204	$155.50\pm0.34$	$152.40\pm 6.64$	$198.60 \pm 31.1$	$250.75 \pm 12.1$	1.00	1.15
42	PG1244+026	$108.90 \pm 0.40$	$192.80 \pm 9.34$	$235.80 \pm 35.9$	$109.60 \pm 12.4$	0.95	1.11
43	PG1259+593	$22.29 \pm 0.28$	$22.94 \pm 3.86$	<48.54	<41.71	0.97	1.07
44 45	PG1302-102 PG1307+085	$99.66 \pm 0.37$ $70.81 \pm 0.35$	$\begin{array}{c} 121.10 \pm 8.30 \\ 86.30 \pm 9.18 \end{array}$	<136.95 <107.19	$\begin{array}{c} 184.77 \pm 13.8 \\ 63.89 \pm 11.51 \end{array}$	0.95 1.00	1.09 0.97
45	PG1309+355	$108.90 \pm 0.30$	$45.33 \pm 9.19$	<56.05	$132.10 \pm 13.9$	1.00	0.97
40	PG1310-108	$108.90 \pm 0.30$ $126.60 \pm 0.40$	$45.35 \pm 9.19$ $105.10 \pm 7.37$	<128.36	$152.10 \pm 15.9$	0.93	1.12
48	PG1322+659	$48.75 \pm 0.39$	$149.60 \pm 8.80$	<87.11	$136.28 \pm 14.9$	0.95	1.12
49	PG1341+258	$47.07 \pm 0.33$	$102.80 \pm 8.71$		$75.77 \pm 13.27$	0.99	1.18
50	PG1351+236	$53.75\pm0.37$	$369.80 \pm 7.64$	$375.60 \pm 21.2$	$491.88 \pm 11.7$	1.01	0.98
51	PG1351+640	$437.90\pm0.45$	$626.10 \pm 13.4$	$455.30\pm46.4$	$336.70 \pm 16.9$	0.96	1.04
52	PG1352+183	$32.28\pm0.34$	$18.18 \pm 4.84$	<71.84	<39.22	5.37	1.05
53	PG1354+213	$30.65\pm0.31$	$51.89 \pm 5.18$	$134.80\pm37.6$	<40.59	1.04	1.12
54	PG1402+261	$106.40 \pm 0.33$	$223.80 \pm 8.69$	$186.10 \pm 30.9$	$173.77 \pm 13.9$	1.00	1.00
55	PG1404+226	$27.96 \pm 0.33$	$47.12 \pm 5.98$	<73.61	$110.07 \pm 13.9$	1.02	1.03
56	PG1411+442	$123.80 \pm 0.28$	$140.80 \pm 6.12$	$94.89 \pm 16.63$	$179.71 \pm 15.3$	1.14	1.07
57 58	PG1415+451	$62.08 \pm 0.31$	$106.10 \pm 6.18$	$105.60 \pm 17.6$	$138.19 \pm 14.2$	1.00	1.06
58 59	PG1416-129 PG1425+267	$\begin{array}{c} 28.26 \pm 0.38 \\ 49.08 \pm 0.30 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 29.88 \pm 6.43 \\ 82.70 \pm 2.71 \end{array}$	<143.85 <72.31	$38.74 \pm 11.96$ $71.25 \pm 14.28$	1.10 0.95	1.24 1.15
60	PG1425+207 PG1426+015	$49.08 \pm 0.30$ $189.90 \pm 0.37$	$32.70 \pm 2.71$ $301.90 \pm 9.89$	< 72.31 298.60 $\pm$ 32.2	$71.25 \pm 14.28$ $344.06 \pm 13.9$	0.93	1.13
61	PG1427+480	$44.80 \pm 0.28$	$109.10 \pm 9.12$	<66.01	$51.73 \pm 10.71$	1.09	1.12
62	PG1435-067	$40.27 \pm 0.37$	$49.23 \pm 4.01$	<84.19	<36.63	0.90	1.08
63	PG1440+356	$184.90 \pm 0.31$	$807.10 \pm 10.1$	$597.50 \pm 31.1$	$628.43 \pm 16.6$	0.95	1.11
64	PG1444+407	$62.21 \pm 0.28$	$90.14 \pm 9.13$	<95.16		0.99	1.04

NumberName $f_{Spitzer-24  \mu m}$ $f_{Spitzer-70  \mu m}$ $f_{Spitzer-160  \mu m}$ (mJy)(mJy)(mJy)(mJy)(mJy)(1)(2)(3)(4)(5)65PG1448+273108.20 $\pm$ 0.31133.20 $\pm$ 7.76156.60 $\pm$ 25.866PG1501+106433.50 $\pm$ 0.41365.00 $\pm$ 8.96135.40 $\pm$ 18.667PG1512+37033.86 $\pm$ 0.2843.34 $\pm$ 3.86<68.3768PG1519+22661.93 $\pm$ 0.3284.57 $\pm$ 6.48<107.3669PG1534+580178.80 $\pm$ 0.28178.00 $\pm$ 4.76125.10 $\pm$ 20.270PG1535+54777.58 $\pm$ 0.2996.20 $\pm$ 5.917171PG1543+489105.50 $\pm$ 0.45303.80 $\pm$ 6.96261.40 $\pm$ 32.872PG1545+21035.84 $\pm$ 0.2937.85 $\pm$ 2.13<102.9773PG1552+08529.89 $\pm$ 0.3531.16 $\pm$ 4.51<58.0074PG1612+26199.88 $\pm$ 0.34211.90 $\pm$ 6.71121.60 $\pm$ 39.775PG1613+658 $-9.00 \pm 1.00$ 76PG1617+17552.85 $\pm$ 0.3449.48 $\pm$ 5.32<93.8377PG1626+55418.69 $\pm$ 0.3021.22 $\pm$ 5.40<73.03	$ \begin{array}{c} f_{\rm Herschel-160\mu m} \\ (mJy) \\ (6) \\ \hline \\ 181.71 \pm 12.4 \\ 64.35 \pm 11.06 \\ 88.82 \pm 11.01 \\ \hline \\ 114.81 \pm 15.4 \\ 206.31 \pm 12.2 \\ <38.30 \\ <43.01 \\ 229.89 \pm 14.4 \\ 793.21 \pm 16.1 \\ <51.05 \\ \end{array} $	C <sup>IRS-LL</sup> (7) 0.92 1.01 0.98 0.96 0.97 1.07 0.86 1.04 1.00 0.93	1.05 1.07 1.16 1.10 1.01 1.08
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$181.71 \pm 12.4$ $64.35 \pm 11.06$ $88.82 \pm 11.01$ $114.81 \pm 15.4$ $206.31 \pm 12.2$ $<38.30$ $<43.01$ $229.89 \pm 14.4$ $793.21 \pm 16.1$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.92 \\ 1.01 \\ 0.98 \\ 0.96 \\ 0.97 \\ 1.07 \\ 0.86 \\ 1.04 \\ 1.00 \end{array}$	1.20 1.02 1.17 1.05 1.07 1.16 1.10 1.01 1.08
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 64.35 \pm 11.06 \\ 88.82 \pm 11.01 \\ \\ 114.81 \pm 15.4 \\ 206.31 \pm 12.2 \\ < 38.30 \\ < 43.01 \\ 229.89 \pm 14.4 \\ 793.21 \pm 16.1 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 1.01\\ 0.98\\ 0.96\\ 0.97\\ 1.07\\ 0.86\\ 1.04\\ 1.00\\ \end{array} $	1.02 1.17 1.05 1.07 1.16 1.10 1.01 1.08
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 88.82 \pm 11.01 \\ \\ 114.81 \pm 15.4 \\ 206.31 \pm 12.2 \\ < 38.30 \\ < 43.01 \\ 229.89 \pm 14.4 \\ 793.21 \pm 16.1 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.98 \\ 0.96 \\ 0.97 \\ 1.07 \\ 0.86 \\ 1.04 \\ 1.00 \end{array}$	1.17 1.05 1.07 1.16 1.10 1.01 1.08
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 88.82 \pm 11.01 \\ \\ 114.81 \pm 15.4 \\ 206.31 \pm 12.2 \\ < 38.30 \\ < 43.01 \\ 229.89 \pm 14.4 \\ 793.21 \pm 16.1 \end{array}$	0.96 0.97 1.07 0.86 1.04 1.00	1.05 1.07 1.16 1.10 1.01 1.08
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 114.81 \pm 15.4 \\ 206.31 \pm 12.2 \\ < 38.30 \\ < 43.01 \\ 229.89 \pm 14.4 \\ 793.21 \pm 16.1 \end{array}$	0.97 1.07 0.86 1.04 1.00	1.07 1.16 1.10 1.01 1.08
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$206.31 \pm 12.2 < 38.30 < 43.01 229.89 \pm 14.4 793.21 \pm 16.1$	1.07 0.86 1.04 1.00	1.16 1.10 1.01 1.08
72PG1545+210 $35.84 \pm 0.29$ $37.85 \pm 2.13$ $<102.97$ 73PG1552+085 $29.89 \pm 0.35$ $31.16 \pm 4.51$ $<58.00$ 74PG1612+261 $99.88 \pm 0.34$ $211.90 \pm 6.71$ $121.60 \pm 39.7$ 75PG1613+658 $-9.00 \pm 1.00$ $-9.01 \pm 1.00$ $<76$ 76PG1617+175 $52.85 \pm 0.34$ $49.48 \pm 5.32$ $<93.83$	<38.30 <43.01 $229.89 \pm 14.4$ $793.21 \pm 16.1$	1.04 1.00	1.01 1.08
73PG1552+085 $29.89 \pm 0.35$ $31.16 \pm 4.51$ $<58.00$ 74PG1612+261 $99.88 \pm 0.34$ $211.90 \pm 6.71$ $121.60 \pm 39.7$ 75PG1613+658 $-9.00 \pm 1.00$ $-9.00 \pm 1.00$ $-90.00 \pm 1.00$ 76PG1617+175 $52.85 \pm 0.34$ $49.48 \pm 5.32$ $<93.83$	<43.01 229.89 ± 14.4 793.21 ± 16.1	1.00	1.08
74PG1612+261 $99.88 \pm 0.34$ $211.90 \pm 6.71$ $121.60 \pm 39.7$ 75PG1613+658 $-9.00 \pm 1.00$ 76PG1617+175 $52.85 \pm 0.34$ $49.48 \pm 5.32$ $<93.83$	$\begin{array}{c} 229.89 \pm 14.4 \\ 793.21 \pm 16.1 \end{array}$		
75PG1613+658 $-9.00 \pm 1.00$ 76PG1617+175 $52.85 \pm 0.34$ $49.48 \pm 5.32$ $<93.83$	$793.21\pm16.1$	0.93	
76 PG1617+175 $52.85 \pm 0.34$ $49.48 \pm 5.32$ <93.83		0.95	1.09 1.51
	<51.05	1.00	1.09
77 PG1626+554 $18.69 \pm 0.30$ $21.22 \pm 5.40$ <73.03		0.94	1.12
78 PG1700+518 $188.10 \pm 0.26$ $401.30 \pm 4.72$ $207.30 \pm 27.0$	$328.60 \pm 12.3$	1.11	1.07
79 PG1704+608 $109.60 \pm 0.23$ $205.40 \pm 3.28$ $135.80 \pm 21.5$	$109.36\pm14.5$	1.00	1.03
80 PG2112+059 76.31 $\pm$ 0.31 68.78 $\pm$ 6.19 <84.58	$103.80\pm9.91$	1.00	1.14
81 PG2130+099 $312.60 \pm 0.32$ $486.30 \pm 6.98$ $330.10 \pm 25.1$	$397.25 \pm 12.0$	1.05	1.00
82PG2209+184 $25.06 \pm 0.68$ $102.10 \pm 10.5$ $243.70 \pm 42.1$ 83PG2214+139 $98.17 \pm 0.33$ $103.50 \pm 8.46$	$210.40 \pm 13.7$	1.10 0.98	1.23
83PG2214+139 $98.17 \pm 0.33$ $103.50 \pm 8.46$ 84PG2233+134 $59.86 \pm 0.35$ $93.84 \pm 10.12$ <177.06	$136.31 \pm 10.1$ $85.11 \pm 10.14$	0.98	1.13 1.10
85 PG2251+113 $46.80 \pm 0.35$ $104.70 \pm 7.98$ <114.14	$77.57 \pm 13.83$	0.95	1.08
86 PG2304+042 $26.77 \pm 0.42 < 29.95$		1.07	1.02
87 PG2308+098 $25.75 \pm 0.35 < 30.94$	<48.33	0.88	1.12
882MASSiJ000703.6+155423 $68.95 \pm 0.37$ $262.80 \pm 7.86$ $258.50 \pm 51.4$		0.93	1.04
89 2MASSiJ000810.8+135452 8.81 $\pm$ 0.96 39.34 $\pm$ 7.25 <186.76			1.05
902MASSiJ004118.7+281640 $78.74 \pm 0.37$ $108.10 \pm 10.1$ $149.40 \pm 43.5$ 912MASSiJ005010.1+280619 $10.28 \pm 0.32$ $134.80 \pm 6.52$ $207.80 \pm 53.7$		1.14 1.11	1.05
912MASSiJ005010.1+280619 $10.28 \pm 0.32$ $134.80 \pm 6.52$ $207.80 \pm 53.7$ 922MASSiJ005055.7+293328 $61.67 \pm 0.31$ $199.70 \pm 6.09$ $< 83.01$		1.11	1.46 1.04
93 2MASSiJ010230.1+262337 $18.27 \pm 0.32$ $33.31 \pm 7.11$ <80.71		1.19	1.04
94 2MASSiJ010835.1+214818 78.77 ± 0.35 107.30 ± 10.7 <128.46		1.09	1.04
95 2MASSiJ012031.5+200327 7.50 $\pm$ 0.39 92.06 $\pm$ 8.82		0.87	2.25
96 2MASSiJ015721.0+171248 $33.50 \pm 0.36$ 240.30 $\pm 14.3$ <343.97		0.97	1.03
97         2MASSiJ022150.6+132741         115.30 ± 0.39         411.50 ± 7.96         <179.55           98         2MASSiJ024807.3+145957         84.15 ± 0.43         177.60 ± 9.95         <101.16		1.82	1.03
98         2MASSiJ024807.3+145957         84.15 ± 0.43         177.60 ± 9.95         <101.16           99         2MASSiJ034857.6+125547         157.30 ± 0.39         302.70 ± 13.1         275.20 ± 80.1		1.03 1.29	1.03 1.04
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		0.96	1.17
101 2MASSiJ082311.3+435318 $78.20 \pm 0.34$ 222.50 $\pm$ 6.12 283.80 $\pm$ 28.0		1.04	1.04
102 2MASSiJ091848.6+211717 96.67 $\pm$ 0.37 205.00 $\pm$ 10.9 181.50 $\pm$ 32.8		1.00	0.96
103 2MASSiJ092049.0+190320 $13.45 \pm 0.35$ <23.70 <76.02		1.04	1.34
104         2MASSiJ094636.4+205610 $45.70 \pm 0.40$ $40.78 \pm 9.56$ $<121.49$ 105         2MASSiJ094636.4+205610         45.70 \pm 0.41         16.25 + 4.02         22.72		1.06	1.05
1052MASSiJ095504.5+170556 $20.95 \pm 0.41$ $16.25 \pm 4.97$ $<92.72$ 1062MASSiJ100121.1+215011 $19.52 \pm 0.40$ $225.40 \pm 9.41$ $226.10 \pm 37.4$		1.10 2.00	1.10 1.16
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2.00	1.10
$\begin{array}{c} 108 \\ 2MASSiJ101649.3+215435 \\ 23.37 \pm 0.39 \\ 42.89 \pm 7.75 \\ <74.29 \end{array}$		1.27	0.92
109 2MASSiJ102724.9+121920 $86.35 \pm 0.41$ 99.53 $\pm 9.68$		1.38	1.05
110 2MASSiJ105144.2+353930 $35.66 \pm 0.35$ $53.64 \pm 7.95$		1.00	1.05
111 2MASSiJ125807.4+232921 72.69 $\pm$ 0.33 129.60 $\pm$ 7.32 <84.02		1.02	0.96
112 2MASSiJ130005.3+163214 162.50 $\pm$ 0.37 68.99 $\pm$ 7.36 <74.69 112 2MASSiJ120709 (222205 78.22 $\pm$ 0.22 70(20 $\pm$ 7.27 205 (0 $\pm$ 2.68)		1.00	0.99
113         2MASSiJ130700.6+233805         78.32 ± 0.32         796.30 ± 7.37         395.60 ± 36.8           114         2MASSiJ132917.5+121340         13.37 ± 0.88         <30.72		1.56 1.26	1.03 1.23
115 2MASSIJ134915.2+220032 200.10 $\pm$ 0.35 413.40 $\pm$ 6.19 227.40 $\pm$ 31.7		1.20	1.23
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1.04	1.11
117 2MASSiJ145331.5+135358 124.80 $\pm$ 0.31 702.10 $\pm$ 7.51 424.00 $\pm$ 26.3		0.94	0.96
118         2MASSiJ145406.6+195028         15.99 ± 0.29         36.17 ± 5.57         <79.24		1.32	1.13
119 2MASSiJ145410.1+195648 32.34 $\pm$ 0.32 38.69 $\pm$ 6.66 <121.89		1.29	1.26
120       2MASSiJ145608.6+275008 $31.06 \pm 0.29$ 96.27 $\pm$ 7.40       141.70 $\pm$ 31.9         121       2MASSiJ150113 1, 232008       51.13 $\pm$ 0.30       112.60 $\pm$ 17.1       213.40 $\pm$ 53.4		1.31	1.18
1212MASSiJ150113.1+232908 $51.13 \pm 0.30$ $112.60 \pm 17.1$ $213.40 \pm 53.4$ 1222MASSiJ151621.1+225944 $20.61 \pm 0.33$ $31.61 \pm 8.18$ $<130.20$		0.96 1.25	1.07 1.06
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1.02	0.98
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		0.94	1.23
125 2MASSiJ152151.0+225120 55.28 $\pm$ 0.33 574.70 $\pm$ 8.31 637.90 $\pm$ 36.8		1.10	1.02
1262MASSiJ154307.7+193751 $87.04 \pm 0.28$ $120.90 \pm 9.78$ $<79.39$		1.03	1.02
127 2MASSiJ163700.2+222114 25.44 $\pm$ 0.67 146.30 $\pm$ 14.7 255.80 $\pm$ 30.9		1.17	0.42
1282MASSiJ163736.5+254302 $40.33 \pm 0.25$ $86.63 \pm 7.84$ $<97.47$		0.95	1.10

			(Continued)				
Number	Name	f <sub>Spitzer-24 μm</sub> (mJy)	$f_{ m Spitzer-70\mu m}$ (mJy)	fSpitzer-160μm (mJy)	$f_{ m Herschel-160\mu m}$ (mJy)	CIRS-LL IRS-SL	C <sub>IRS</sub> <sup>MIPS</sup>
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
129	2MASSiJ165939.7+183436	$140.70\pm0.28$	$269.40\pm8.26$			1.00	0.96
130	2MASSiJ170536.6+210137	$11.84\pm0.32$	$74.79\pm3.19$	<111.69		0.90	1.05
131	2MASSiJ171442.7+260248	$26.09 \pm 0.32$	$75.63 \pm 3.35$	<76.58		1.13	1.40
132	2MASSiJ222221.1+195947	$51.96 \pm 0.30$	$67.19 \pm 10.07$			1.08	1.10
133	2MASSiJ222554.2+195837	$45.09\pm0.33$	$166.70 \pm 5.17$	<113.14		0.92	1.00
134	2MASSiJ223742.6+145614	$20.75\pm0.33$	$91.35\pm7.19$			1.14	1.14
135	2MASSiJ223946.0+192955	$7.61\pm0.30$	$70.38 \pm 6.57$			0.87	2.12
136	2MASSiJ230304.3+162440	$4.66\pm0.33$	$104.50\pm8.25$			0.88	1.00
137	2MASSiJ230442.4+270616	$5.63\pm0.33$	$33.15\pm 6.39$	<90.77		0.97	1.28
138	2MASSiJ234259.3+134750	$19.63\pm0.41$	$47.88 \pm 6.63$	<93.73		1.13	1.15
139	2MASSiJ234449.5+122143	$59.40\pm0.35$	$152.60\pm8.76$	<109.66		1.04	1.05

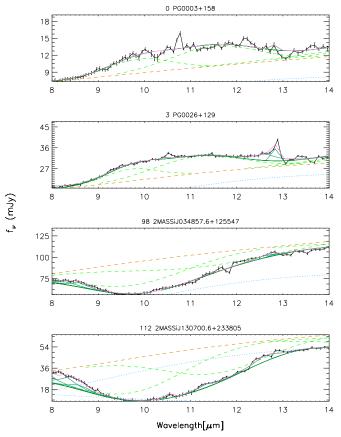
Table 2

Note. The factor in Column 7 is used to multiply with the IRS short-low to long-low, while the factor in Column 8 is used to scale the IRS to the MIPS  $24 \mu m$  photometry.



**Figure 1.** Rest-frame IRS spectra (black points) and broad-band photometry (green filled circles). For each object, the left panel shows the full SEDs while the right panel zooms into the 5–40  $\mu$ m spectral range. The pink solid lines are the fitted curves as a sum of all individual fitted profiles including blackbody, silicate features, aromatic features, and emission lines. The blue dotted lines indicate the fitted individual blackbody emission the sum of which is shown as yellow dashed line. The green dashed lines represent the fitted silicate feature profiles. The pink dotted-dashed line is the best-fit star-forming template derived from the library of Rieke et al. (2009).

(A color version and an extended version of this figure are available in the online journal.)



**Figure 2.** Examples of two Gaussian fitting for the 9.7  $\mu$ m silicate feature. All line styles are the same as the Figure 1.

errors of  $\sim 1 \,\mu$ m for the 9.7  $\mu$ m feature and 2  $\mu$ m for the 18  $\mu$ m silicate feature.

# 3.2. Decomposing SEDs into Star-forming and Dusty Torus Components

The above spectral decomposition aims to measure intensities of different spectral features. In this section we decompose the full IR SED into emission from SF and the radiation from the dusty torus. For an initial reconnaissance, we assume the emission at a far-IR wavelength or an aromatic feature comes entirely from star-forming regions and then select the starforming template (Rieke et al. 2009) that yields the closest observed fluxes. We have derived such estimates in three ways: (1) 11.3  $\mu$ m aromatic features; (2) MIPS 70  $\mu$ m photometry; and (3) MIPS or PACS 160  $\mu$ m photometry.

Although the aromatic features in quasar spectra arise from SF regions in the host galaxies (e.g., Shi et al. 2007), observations of the central regions (~0.5 kpc) of Seyfert galaxies indicate that the nuclear radiation may suppress the aromatic features at 6.2, 7.7, and 8.6  $\mu$ m, but not the 11.3  $\mu$ m feature (Diamond-Stanic & Rieke 2010; Esquej et al. 2014). We convert the aromatic flux for this feature to SFR using the star-forming templates of Rieke et al. (2009). An issue with this method is the large intrinsic scatter between aromatic fluxes and SFRs as seen in non-AGN star-forming galaxies (Smith et al. 2007; Calzetti et al. 2007).

Far-IR luminosity is generally considered to be a reliable SFR indicator for galaxies. For each broad-band photometry measurement, we choose the star-forming template with monochromatic luminosity closest to the observation, normalize it to the

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 Table 3

 Infrared Spectra and Photometry of the Sample

Number	Name	Wave	$f_{\nu}$ (mJy)	Error (mJy)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	PG0003+158	5.52	7.01	0.43
		5.56	7.05	0.44
		5.59	6.95	0.31
		5.63	6.74	0.44
		5.67	6.98	0.42

(This table is available in its entirety in a machine-readable form in the online journal. A portion is shown here for guidance regarding its form and content.)

measured flux density, and estimate the far-IR luminosity from this normalized template. The risk for this approach is that the far-IR emission may be contaminated by cold dust in the dusty torus. After choosing the best star-forming template, including bands not affected by cold interstellar medium (ISM) dust, we measured the SFRs based on the 24  $\mu$ m emission of the template following Rieke et al. (2009).

We evaluate the contribution from the dusty torus to the 70 and 160  $\mu$ m emission by comparing SFRs from these two bands to the aromatic-based SFRs, since the aromatic emission should arise mainly from star-forming regions. Although aromatic features could be excited by B-type stars (Peeters et al. 2004; Vega et al. 2010), for our sample with relatively high far-IR luminosity (mostly above  $10^{10}L_{\odot}$ ), such a contribution should be negligible. As shown in Figure 3, no systematic offset is seen between 160  $\mu$ m based SFRs and the SFRs from aromatic features. The situation for the 70  $\mu$ m based SFRs is more complex. For SFRs larger than  $10 M_{\odot} \text{ yr}^{-1}$  from the aromatic feature, there is no systematic offset. For lower SFRs, the estimates from the 70  $\mu$ m measurement tend to be high. This behavior may indicate contamination of the 70  $\mu$ m photometry (typically at rest-frame  $\sim 50 \,\mu m$  for our sample) by emission from the dusty torus in cases where the SFR is low.

The above three methods demonstrate the overall consistency of SFRs estimated from monochromatic photometry or a single aromatic feature. Therefore, it is permissible to improve the accuracy in the SFR estimates by combining the three methods through template fitting. For objects with 160  $\mu$ m detections, a first-guess star-forming template is chosen to have the closest 160  $\mu$ m luminosity to the observation. If this template, however, produces higher 70  $\mu$ m luminosity than is observed, we discard it and instead choose the next colder template in the library of Rieke et al. (2009). Sometimes this process needs to be repeated until the best template is chosen. Similarly, for objects with 70  $\mu$ m detections, the best star-forming template is the one that has the closest 70  $\mu$ m luminosity to the observation. However, if the template produces 160  $\mu$ m output above the observed upper limit, a hotter template is chosen. As indicated in Figure 3, for 70  $\mu$ m based SFRs smaller than 10  $M_{\odot}$  yr<sup>-1</sup>, we reduce the SFR estimate by 0.3 dex to account statistically for the torus emission. For objects with aromatic features, the best-fit template is required to not exceed the 70 and 160  $\mu$ m upper limits: if it does it is renormalized to lower its luminosity and make it consistent. The estimated SFRs are listed in Table 4. Both guasar samples have SFR measurements for as many as 94% of the members, with upper limits for the rest. We assigned a systematic error of 0.3 dex for 160  $\mu$ m based SFRs as well as 70  $\mu$ m based SFRs above 10  $M_{\odot}$  yr<sup>-1</sup>, and 0.5 dex for 70  $\mu$ m based SFRs below 10  $M_{\odot}$  yr<sup>-1</sup> as well as aromatic based SFRs,

 Table 4

 Measured Features and Physical Parameters

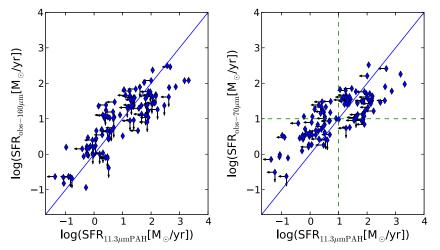
ID	Name	Str <sub>9.7 µm-Sil</sub>	$\lambda_{9.7\mu\mathrm{m-Sil}}^{\mathrm{peak}}$	Str <sub>18 µm-Sil</sub>	$\lambda_{18\mu m-Sil}^{\text{peak}}$	EW <sub>11.3 µmPAH</sub>	$\log L_{5\mu m}$	$\log L_{15\mu m}$	$\log L_{18\mu\mathrm{m}}$	$\log L_{25\mu m}$	log(SFR)
1	PG0003+158	$0.32 \pm 0.01$	(μm) 11.3	$0.28 \pm 0.03$	(µm) 19.3	(µm) <0.032	$\frac{(\log(L_{\odot}))}{11.81}$	$\frac{(\log(L_{\odot}))}{11.74}$	$\frac{(\log(L_{\odot}))}{11.78}$	$\frac{(\log(L_{\odot}))}{11.63}$	$\frac{(M_{\odot} \text{ yr}^{-1})}{1.43 \pm 0.30}$
1 2	PG0003+138 PG0003+199	$0.32 \pm 0.01$ $0.10 \pm 0.00$	10.3	$0.28 \pm 0.03$	19.5	< 0.032 $0.034 \pm 0.002$	10.55	10.40	10.33	10.19	$-0.94 \pm 0.30$
3	PG0007+106	$0.10 \pm 0.00$ $0.10 \pm 0.02$	11.4	$0.23 \pm 0.01$	17.4	$0.027 \pm 0.002$	10.90	10.93	10.96	10.94	$0.66 \pm 0.30$
4	PG0026+129	$0.30 \pm 0.02$	10.1	$0.30\pm0.02$	17.8	< 0.019	11.24	10.99	10.99	10.74	< 0.65
5	PG0043+039	$0.33\pm0.03$	9.8	$0.13\pm0.03$	19.1	< 0.043	11.75	11.62	11.66	11.58	$1.64\pm0.30$
6	PG0049+171	$0.30\pm0.03$	10.5	$0.53\pm0.03$	17.5	< 0.041	10.05	9.92	9.92	9.61	<-0.65
7	PG0050+124	$0.28\pm0.00$	10.0	$0.11\pm0.00$	17.4	$0.055\pm0.002$	11.24	11.40	11.44	11.43	$1.59\pm0.30$
8	PG0052+251	$0.22 \pm 0.04$	10.5	$0.39 \pm 0.02$	17.4	$0.046 \pm 0.014$	11.19	11.22	11.24	10.99	$1.05 \pm 0.30$
9	PG0157+001	$0.25 \pm 0.01 \\ 0.32 \pm 0.01$	9.9	$0.22 \pm 0.01$	15.7	$0.106 \pm 0.005$	11.52	11.98	12.06	12.28	$2.50 \pm 0.30$
10 11	PG0804+761 PG0838+770	$0.32 \pm 0.01$ $0.09 \pm 0.02$	10.0 10.2	$0.14 \pm 0.00$ $0.15 \pm 0.01$	20.2 17.3	$\begin{array}{c} 0.019 \pm 0.003 \\ 0.035 \pm 0.007 \end{array}$	11.43 10.86	11.23 11.03	11.25 11.06	11.13 11.02	$-0.09 \pm 0.30$ $1.01 \pm 0.30$
12	PG0844+349	$0.09 \pm 0.02$ $0.34 \pm 0.02$	10.2	$0.15 \pm 0.01$ $0.26 \pm 0.02$	19.5	$0.035 \pm 0.007$ $0.036 \pm 0.008$	10.57	10.49	10.57	10.42	$0.03 \pm 0.30$
13	PG0921+525	$0.25 \pm 0.01$	10.9	$0.58 \pm 0.01$	17.7	< 0.010	10.13	10.10	10.13	9.83	$-0.63 \pm 0.30$
14	PG0923+201	$0.31 \pm 0.02$	10.0	$0.17 \pm 0.01$	19.2	< 0.028	11.49	11.26	11.26	11.14	$1.06\pm0.30$
15	PG0923+129	$0.17\pm0.00$	11.8	$0.35\pm0.01$	18.3	$0.085\pm0.003$	9.98	10.21	10.25	10.14	$0.22\pm0.30$
16	PG0934+013	$0.08\pm0.01$	11.1	$0.15\pm0.01$	18.2	$0.077\pm0.005$	10.03	10.18	10.23	10.21	$0.16\pm0.30$
17	PG0947+396	$0.11\pm0.02$	11.8	$0.10\pm0.01$	16.9	< 0.017	11.38	11.30	11.30	11.23	$1.39\pm0.30$
18	PG0953+414	$0.28 \pm 0.04$	10.4	$0.22 \pm 0.03$	19.5	< 0.052	11.65	11.42	11.42	11.25	$1.29 \pm 0.30$
19	PG1001+054	$0.24 \pm 0.02$	11.5	$0.22 \pm 0.04$	16.6	< 0.033	11.16	10.95	10.96	10.87	$0.55 \pm 0.30$
20	PG1004+130 PG1011-040	$0.63 \pm 0.01 \\ 0.38 \pm 0.01$	10.1	$0.26 \pm 0.01$	17.8	$0.090 \pm 0.006$	11.51	11.62	11.66	11.57	$1.46 \pm 0.30$ $0.23 \pm 0.30$
21 22	PG1011-040 PG1012+008	$0.38 \pm 0.01$ $0.12 \pm 0.01$	10.7 11.7	$0.34 \pm 0.01$ $0.07 \pm 0.02$	18.1 18.7	$0.062 \pm 0.005$ < $0.021$	10.27 11.25	10.44 11.26	10.49 11.26	10.37 11.21	$0.23 \pm 0.30$ $1.26 \pm 0.30$
22	PG1012+008 PG1022+519	$0.12 \pm 0.01$ $0.11 \pm 0.01$	11.7	$0.07 \pm 0.02$ $0.17 \pm 0.01$	19.2	< 0.021 $0.236 \pm 0.006$	9.86	9.84	9.88	9.83	$-0.03 \pm 0.30$
23 24	PG1048+342	$0.09 \pm 0.02$	11.2	$0.17 \pm 0.01$ $0.21 \pm 0.02$	19.2	< 0.031	10.89	10.88	10.88	10.71	$1.05 \pm 0.30$
25	PG1048-090	$0.05 \pm 0.02$ $0.45 \pm 0.02$	10.7	$0.27 \pm 0.02$ $0.27 \pm 0.03$	19.5	< 0.047	11.62	11.48	11.49	11.41	$1.55 \pm 0.30$
26	PG1049-005	$0.23 \pm 0.01$	10.7	$0.15 \pm 0.01$	16.0	< 0.013	12.04	12.11	12.14	12.15	$2.17\pm0.30$
27	PG1100+772	$0.31\pm0.01$	11.1	$0.17\pm0.01$	18.9	< 0.021	11.75	11.70	11.70	11.62	$1.64\pm0.30$
28	PG1103-006	$0.40\pm0.01$	10.5	$0.18\pm0.02$	19.2	< 0.030	11.88	11.89	11.89	11.81	$1.76\pm0.30$
29	PG1114+445	$0.11\pm0.01$	11.4	$0.21\pm0.00$	18.5	< 0.008	11.36	11.41	11.43	11.28	$0.60\pm0.50$
30	PG1115+407	$0.14 \pm 0.01$	11.9	$0.16\pm0.02$	15.9	$0.138 \pm 0.007$	11.06	10.99	10.98	10.95	$1.51 \pm 0.30$
31	PG1116+215	$0.27 \pm 0.06$	10.8	$0.20 \pm 0.02$	19.5	< 0.051	11.76	11.48	11.48	11.35	$0.65 \pm 0.50$
32 33	PG1119+120	$0.15 \pm 0.01$ $0.22 \pm 0.02$	11.8 11.0	$0.18 \pm 0.01$ $0.17 \pm 0.04$	16.6	$0.035 \pm 0.005$ < $0.043$	10.35 11.28	10.63 10.93	10.65 10.90	10.62 10.69	$0.18 \pm 0.30 \\ < 0.65$
33 34	PG1121+422 PG1126-041	$0.22 \pm 0.02$ $-0.32 \pm 0.02$	10.0	$0.17 \pm 0.04$ $0.12 \pm 0.01$	19.2 18.0	< 0.043 $0.059 \pm 0.005$	10.90	10.93	10.90	10.89	< 0.03 $0.47 \pm 0.30$
35	PG1149-110	$0.02 \pm 0.02$ $0.14 \pm 0.01$	11.4	$0.12 \pm 0.01$ $0.32 \pm 0.01$	17.6	$0.039 \pm 0.005$ $0.017 \pm 0.005$	10.04	10.32	10.37	10.31	$0.47 \pm 0.30$ $0.20 \pm 0.30$
36	PG1151+117	$0.30 \pm 0.11$	11.3	$0.23 \pm 0.07$	16.1	< 0.225	11.11	10.99	10.99	10.85	$0.39 \pm 0.50$
37	PG1202+281	$0.32\pm0.01$	11.5	$0.22\pm0.01$	17.7	$0.052 \pm 0.006$	11.12	11.26	11.30	11.23	$1.11\pm0.30$
38	PG1211+143	$0.18\pm0.01$	10.4	$0.20\pm0.00$	19.5	$0.030\pm0.003$	11.20	11.19	11.22	11.07	$0.32\pm0.50$
39	PG1216+069	$0.14\pm0.03$	10.2	$0.20\pm0.03$	18.2	$0.049 \pm 0.013$	11.66	11.54	11.51	11.32	$1.84\pm0.50$
40	PG1226+023	$0.11 \pm 0.00$	10.4	$0.15 \pm 0.00$	19.6	< 0.004	12.24	12.11	12.12	12.05	$2.11 \pm 0.30$
41	PG1229+204	$0.25 \pm 0.02$	10.8	$0.36 \pm 0.01$	18.4	$0.059 \pm 0.010$	10.58	10.66	10.74	10.64	$0.19 \pm 0.30$
42	PG1244+026	$0.04 \pm 0.01$	10.6	$0.16 \pm 0.01$	19.3	$0.052 \pm 0.004$	10.03	10.24	10.28	10.24	$-0.06 \pm 0.30$
43 44	PG1259+593 PG1302-102	$0.37 \pm 0.01$ $0.29 \pm 0.01$	10.0 10.9	$0.17 \pm 0.01$ $0.19 \pm 0.01$	15.9 16.4	$0.049 \pm 0.005 \\ < 0.016$	12.15 11.73	11.78 11.90	11.74 11.91	11.59 11.85	$1.51 \pm 0.30$ $1.88 \pm 0.30$
45	PG1307+085	$0.29 \pm 0.01$ $0.34 \pm 0.09$	10.9	$0.19 \pm 0.01$ $0.40 \pm 0.03$	19.2	< 0.119	11.75	11.90	11.20	11.03	$0.66 \pm 0.30$
46	PG1309+355	$0.31 \pm 0.09$	10.7	$0.10 \pm 0.03$ $0.22 \pm 0.02$	19.5	< 0.070	11.47	11.48	11.53	11.42	$1.04 \pm 0.30$
47	PG1310-108	$0.08 \pm 0.01$	10.7	$0.40 \pm 0.01$	18.7	$0.028 \pm 0.003$	9.93	10.17	10.21	9.96	$-0.41\pm0.50$
48	PG1322+659	$0.20\pm0.01$	11.4	$0.20\pm0.01$	17.9	$0.021 \pm 0.005$	11.19	11.08	11.10	11.03	$1.36\pm0.30$
49	PG1341+258	$0.22\pm0.02$	10.5	$0.16\pm0.01$	19.1	$0.046 \pm 0.008$	10.42	10.46	10.49	10.42	$-0.03\pm0.30$
50	PG1351+236	$0.00\pm0.03$	3.0	$0.00\pm0.03$	3.0	$0.444 \pm 0.008$	9.99	10.02	10.06	10.05	$0.43\pm0.30$
51	PG1351+640	$0.58 \pm 0.01$	10.0	$0.20 \pm 0.00$	17.0	$0.063 \pm 0.003$	11.06	11.31	11.42	11.39	$1.32 \pm 0.30$
52	PG1352+183	$0.17 \pm 0.70$	9.8	$0.32 \pm 0.07$	16.1	< 0.969	11.23	10.87	10.87	10.73	$-0.01 \pm 0.50$
53	PG1354+213	$0.13 \pm 0.01$	10.8	$0.15 \pm 0.03$	15.9	< 0.029	11.39	11.44	11.45	11.41	$1.58 \pm 0.30$
54 55	PG1402+261 PG1404+226	$0.22 \pm 0.02$ $0.27 \pm 0.02$	10.5 10.2	$0.14 \pm 0.01$ $0.19 \pm 0.02$	16.2 17.7	$\begin{array}{c} 0.028 \pm 0.009 \\ 0.082 \pm 0.008 \end{array}$	11.52 10.41	11.39 10.39	11.39 10.40	11.38 10.29	$1.47 \pm 0.30$ $0.40 \pm 0.30$
55 56	PG1404+226 PG1411+442	$0.27 \pm 0.02$ $0.16 \pm 0.01$	10.2	$0.19 \pm 0.02$ $0.11 \pm 0.00$	17.7	$0.082 \pm 0.008$	10.41	10.39	10.40	10.29	$0.40 \pm 0.30$ $0.15 \pm 0.30$
50 57	PG1415+451	$0.04 \pm 0.01$	11.8	$0.01 \pm 0.00$ $0.08 \pm 0.01$	17.9	$0.112 \pm 0.004$	10.81	10.33	10.97	10.83	$0.13 \pm 0.30$ $0.51 \pm 0.30$
58	PG1416-129	$0.55 \pm 0.03$	11.8	$0.49 \pm 0.02$	16.7	< 0.057	10.01	10.69	10.05	10.70	$0.03 \pm 0.30$
59	PG1425+267	$0.15 \pm 0.01$	10.6	$0.06 \pm 0.01$	16.3	< 0.015	11.78	11.84	11.85	11.82	$1.78 \pm 0.30$
60	PG1426+015	$0.23\pm0.01$	10.6	$0.22\pm0.00$	17.1	$0.035\pm0.004$	11.08	11.10	11.11	11.00	$1.06\pm0.30$
61	PG1427+480	$0.14\pm0.01$	11.7	$0.15\pm0.01$	16.8	< 0.021	11.18	11.27	11.30	11.34	$1.10\pm0.30$
62	PG1435-067	$0.21\pm0.02$	10.5	$0.17\pm0.02$	18.2	< 0.034	10.91	10.83	10.82	10.64	$0.25\pm0.50$
63	PG1440+356	$0.07 \pm 0.00$	11.8	$0.12 \pm 0.00$	18.3	$0.142 \pm 0.005$	10.98	10.90	10.94	10.95	$1.33 \pm 0.30$
64 65	PG1444+407	$0.23 \pm 0.01$	10.2	$0.07 \pm 0.01$	18.6	$0.040 \pm 0.004$	11.62	11.64	11.65	11.57	$1.50 \pm 0.30$
65	PG1448+273	$0.09 \pm 0.01$	11.8	$0.33\pm0.01$	17.7	$0.048 \pm 0.004$	10.44	10.60	10.64	10.51	$0.03\pm0.30$

Table 4 (Continued)

					(Continueu)	,					
ID	Name	$\mathrm{Str}_{9.7\mu\mathrm{m-Sil}}$	$\lambda_{9.7\mu\mathrm{m-Sil}}^{\mathrm{peak}}$ ( $\mu\mathrm{m}$ )	$\operatorname{Str}_{18\mu\mathrm{m}-\mathrm{Sil}}$	$\lambda_{18\mu m-Sil}^{\text{peak}}$ ( $\mu$ m)	EW <sub>11.3 μmPAH</sub> (μm)			$\log L_{18\mu m}$ $(\log(L_{\odot}))$		log(SFR) $(M_{\odot} yr^{-1})$
66	PG1501+106	$0.00\pm0.01$	3.0	$0.25\pm0.00$	18.5	< 0.008	10.44	10.65	10.68	10.58	$-0.63\pm0.30$
67	PG1512+370	$0.39\pm0.01$	10.6	$0.13\pm0.01$	19.5	< 0.018	11.70	11.70	11.70	11.63	$1.66\pm0.30$
68	PG1519+226	$0.05 \pm 0.01$	10.4	$0.06 \pm 0.01$	17.5	$0.025\pm0.005$	11.13	11.04	11.03	10.95	$0.70\pm0.30$
69	PG1534+580	$0.12 \pm 0.00$	11.1	$0.33 \pm 0.00$	18.0	$0.020 \pm 0.002$	9.97	10.12	10.16	10.02	$-0.82 \pm 0.30$
70	PG1535+547 PG1543+489	$0.12 \pm 0.01$	10.6	$0.19 \pm 0.01$	18.4	$0.015 \pm 0.003$	10.29	10.07	10.05	9.86	$-0.65 \pm 0.30$
71 72	PG1545+210	$0.26 \pm 0.01$ $0.28 \pm 0.04$	11.8 11.6	$0.13 \pm 0.01$ $0.34 \pm 0.03$	15.6 19.1	<0.007 <0.066	12.03 11.52	12.27 11.39	12.27 11.41	12.32 11.20	$2.46 \pm 0.30$ $1.12 \pm 0.30$
73	PG1552+085	$0.28 \pm 0.04$ $0.24 \pm 0.01$	10.4	$0.34 \pm 0.03$ $0.16 \pm 0.02$	15.6	$0.035 \pm 0.007$	10.74	10.64	10.60	10.48	$-0.04 \pm 0.50$
74	PG1612+261	$0.04 \pm 0.01$	11.8	$0.24 \pm 0.01$	17.1	$0.041 \pm 0.003$	11.01	11.15	11.19	11.16	$1.02 \pm 0.30$
75	PG1613+658	$0.24\pm0.01$	10.4	$0.24\pm0.00$	17.5	$0.054 \pm 0.004$	11.59	11.58	11.59	11.55	$2.02\pm0.30$
76	PG1617+175	$0.26\pm0.02$	10.1	$0.11\pm0.01$	18.9	< 0.039	11.02	10.83	10.81	10.67	$0.13\pm0.50$
77	PG1626+554	$0.44\pm0.02$	10.3	$0.28\pm0.01$	19.6	< 0.035	10.85	10.54	10.52	10.25	$-0.09\pm0.50$
78	PG1700+518	$0.17 \pm 0.01$	10.6	$0.09 \pm 0.01$	19.5	$0.071 \pm 0.008$	12.21	12.16	12.17	12.16	$2.07 \pm 0.30$
79 80	PG1704+608	$0.39 \pm 0.01$	10.7	$0.22 \pm 0.01$	17.3	< 0.024	12.14	12.14	12.22	12.22	$2.08 \pm 0.30$
80 81	PG2112+059 PG2130+099	$0.26 \pm 0.01$ $0.07 \pm 0.00$	10.2 11.9	$0.01 \pm 0.01$ $0.15 \pm 0.01$	18.6 16.4	$\begin{array}{c} 0.056 \pm 0.004 \\ 0.012 \pm 0.003 \end{array}$	12.41 10.98	12.29 10.99	12.28 10.98	12.21 10.92	$2.08 \pm 0.30$ $0.46 \pm 0.30$
82	PG2209+184	$0.07 \pm 0.00$ $0.27 \pm 0.02$	10.4	$0.13 \pm 0.01$ $0.27 \pm 0.09$	17.6	$0.012 \pm 0.003$ $0.146 \pm 0.010$	10.29	10.12	10.11	9.91	$0.40 \pm 0.30$ $0.45 \pm 0.30$
83	PG2214+139	$0.26 \pm 0.01$	10.2	$0.18 \pm 0.01$	18.2	$0.020 \pm 0.005$	10.93	10.66	10.66	10.46	$-0.01 \pm 0.30$
84	PG2233+134	$0.20\pm0.03$	11.3	$0.20\pm0.02$	19.4	< 0.049	11.65	11.75	11.82	11.74	$1.78\pm0.30$
85	PG2251+113	$0.32\pm0.02$	11.0	$0.35\pm0.02$	17.7	< 0.027	11.79	11.71	11.70	11.54	$1.67\pm0.30$
86	PG2304+042	$0.40\pm0.01$	10.6	$0.57\pm0.01$	17.1	< 0.032	9.70	9.75	9.75	9.45	<-0.81
87	PG2308+098	$0.37 \pm 0.02$	10.8	$0.21 \pm 0.03$	18.8	< 0.033	11.88	11.74	11.73	11.59	<1.66
88	2MASSiJ000703.6+155423	$0.00 \pm 0.07$	3.0	$0.00 \pm 0.07$	3.0	$0.062\pm0.015$	10.71	10.83	10.85	10.93	$1.24 \pm 0.30$
89 90	2MASSiJ000810.8+135452 2MASSiJ004118.7+281640	$0.41 \pm 0.07$	10.7	$0.17 \pm 0.08$	15.7	< 0.127	11.53	11.45	11.43	11.40	$1.05 \pm 0.30$ $1.45 \pm 0.30$
90 91	2MASSiJ005010.1+280619	$0.41 \pm 0.07$ $0.00 \pm 0.57$	3.0	$0.17 \pm 0.03$ $0.00 \pm 0.57$	3.0	$2.357 \pm 0.141$	10.66	10.66	10.90	10.99	$1.45 \pm 0.30$ $1.90 \pm 0.30$
92	2MASSiJ005055.7+293328		10.0	$-0.12 \pm 0.02$	19.6	< 0.036	10.95	10.98	10.97	11.03	$1.20 \pm 0.30$ $1.20 \pm 0.30$
93	2MASSiJ010230.1+262337		9.9	$-0.15 \pm 0.17$	16.4	< 0.153	10.97	10.81	10.79	10.77	$0.46 \pm 0.50$
94	2MASSiJ010835.1+214818	$-0.17\pm0.03$	9.6	$0.07\pm0.01$	19.0	$0.039 \pm 0.007$	11.70	11.79	11.80	11.78	$1.71\pm0.30$
95	2MASSiJ012031.5+200327		10.0	$-0.69\pm0.50$	16.1	$0.693\pm0.188$	9.87	9.43	9.57	9.75	$0.37\pm0.50$
96	2MASSiJ015721.0+171248		10.2	$-0.36 \pm 0.08$	16.5	$0.083 \pm 0.021$	11.24	11.08	11.10	11.25	$1.77 \pm 0.30$
97 08	2MASSiJ022150.6+132741	$0.04 \pm 0.02$	11.9	$0.07 \pm 0.02$	15.5	< 0.071	11.09	11.20	11.22	11.34	$1.61 \pm 0.30$
98 99	2MASSiJ024807.3+145957 2MASSiJ034857.6+125547	$0.04 \pm 0.11$ $0.50 \pm 0.03$	11.2 10.1	$-0.08 \pm 0.10$ $-0.27 \pm 0.01$	18.6 16.8	<0.109 <0.013	10.48 12.00	10.55 11.84	10.52 11.79	10.53 11.85	$0.49 \pm 0.50$ $1.84 \pm 0.30$
100	2MASSiJ054657.0+125547 2MASSiJ081652.2+425829	$-0.30 \pm 0.03$ $0.39 \pm 0.12$	10.1	$-0.27 \pm 0.01$ $0.16 \pm 0.08$	19.6	< 0.139	12.00	10.83	10.82	10.64	< 0.94
101	2MASSiJ082311.3+435318	$0.14 \pm 0.09$	11.8	$0.19 \pm 0.07$	16.2	< 0.135	11.20	11.35	11.36	11.34	$1.67 \pm 0.30$
102	2MASSiJ091848.6+211717	$-0.13\pm0.03$	11.2	$0.06\pm0.04$	15.7	$0.099 \pm 0.013$	11.17	11.21	11.22	11.28	$1.38\pm0.30$
103	2MASSiJ092049.0+190320	$-0.70\pm0.41$	9.9	$-0.38\pm0.16$	16.2	< 0.199	10.16	10.31	10.37	10.51	< 0.65
104	2MASSiJ094636.4+205610	$0.20 \pm 0.16$	10.4	$0.19 \pm 0.12$	19.6	< 0.201	11.63	11.52	11.56	11.45	$1.37 \pm 0.30$
105	2MASSiJ095504.5+170556	$0.18 \pm 0.09$	10.2	$0.28 \pm 0.05$	19.5	< 0.100	10.75	10.60	10.59	10.41	$0.09 \pm 0.50$
	2MASSiJ100121.1+215011	$-0.95 \pm 0.94$	10.3	$-0.50 \pm 0.16$	16.7	$0.434 \pm 0.062$	11.24	11.03	10.99	11.29	$1.88 \pm 0.30$ $1.08 \pm 0.30$
	2MASSiJ101400.4+194614 2MASSiJ101649.3+215435	$0.19 \pm 0.11$	10.4	$0.14 \pm 0.07$	20.5	< 0.128	11.15	11.11	11.19	11.10	$1.08 \pm 0.30$ $1.14 \pm 0.30$
	2MASSiJ102724.9+121920		9.8	$-0.05 \pm 0.03$	16.4	$0.043 \pm 0.014$	11.61	11.61	11.63	11.64	$1.48 \pm 0.30$
	2MASSiJ105144.2+353930		10.0	$0.12\pm0.03$	16.9	< 0.062	10.73	10.88	10.90	10.89	$1.01\pm0.30$
111	2MASSiJ125807.4+232921	$-0.35\pm0.03$	10.1	$-0.13\pm0.01$	16.5	< 0.019	11.61	11.69	11.67	11.67	$1.63\pm0.30$
	2MASSiJ130005.3+163214		9.9	$-0.05\pm0.02$	15.2	< 0.030	11.02	11.01	10.99	10.83	$-0.04\pm0.50$
	2MASSiJ130700.6+233805		10.4	$-0.54 \pm 0.01$	17.1	$0.032 \pm 0.005$	11.95	11.77	11.70	12.05	$2.37 \pm 0.30$
	2MASSiJ132917.5+121340	$0.11 \pm 0.16$	11.1	$-0.12 \pm 0.19$	16.4	< 0.199	10.78	10.76	10.72	10.64	<1.02
	2MASSiJ134915.2+220032 2MASSiJ1402511+263117	$0.10 \pm 0.04$	11.0	$0.12 \pm 0.04$	10.0	-0.068	11.20	11.01	10.00	10.70	$0.22 \pm 0.30$ $0.28 \pm 0.50$
	2MASSiJ1402511+265117 2MASSiJ145331.5+135358	$0.10 \pm 0.04$ -1.78 ± 0.07	11.8 10.1	$0.12 \pm 0.04 \\ -0.37 \pm 0.01$	19.0 17.9	< 0.068 $0.041 \pm 0.005$	11.20 11.25	11.01 11.21	10.99 11.19	10.79 11.44	$0.38 \pm 0.50$ $1.82 \pm 0.30$
	2MASSiJ145406.6+195028		10.1	$-0.37 \pm 0.01$ $-0.37 \pm 0.13$	16.7	$0.041 \pm 0.003$ $0.169 \pm 0.052$	11.14	10.98	11.01	11.07	$1.02 \pm 0.30$ $1.08 \pm 0.30$
	2MASSiJ145410.1+195648			$-0.12 \pm 0.13$	16.4	< 0.132	11.47	11.28	11.27	11.18	$1.22 \pm 0.30$
	2MASSiJ145608.6+275008	$0.14 \pm 0.09$	10.9	$0.07\pm0.07$	19.0	< 0.160	11.41	11.26	11.28	11.21	$1.64\pm0.30$
	2MASSiJ150113.1+232908	$0.14\pm0.03$	11.9	$0.07\pm0.01$	18.4	< 0.042	11.41	11.45	11.53	11.62	$1.64\pm0.30$
	2MASSiJ151621.1+225944		11.2	$-0.39\pm0.22$	16.5	$0.208 \pm 0.068$	11.06	10.81	10.81	10.79	$0.68\pm0.50$
	2MASSiJ151653.2+190048	$0.25 \pm 0.02$	10.1	$0.10 \pm 0.01$	19.0	< 0.032	11.89	11.68	11.67	11.55	$1.23 \pm 0.30$
	2MASSiJ151901.5+183804	$0.37 \pm 0.07$	11.7	$-0.11 \pm 0.09$	15.7	<0.213	10.75	10.46	10.51	10.50	$0.25 \pm 0.50$
	2MASSiJ152151.0+225120 2MASSiJ154307.7+193751		10.0 12.1	$-0.28 \pm 0.11$ $0.08 \pm 0.05$	16.5 20.4	< 0.137 $0.094 \pm 0.024$	11.45 11.71	11.59 11.64	11.62 11.64	11.80 11.54	$2.46 \pm 0.30$ $1.46 \pm 0.30$
	2MASSiJ154507.7+193751 2MASSiJ163700.2+222114		9.8	$0.08 \pm 0.03$ $0.08 \pm 0.03$	20.4 18.7	$0.094 \pm 0.024$ $0.205 \pm 0.021$	10.67	10.68	10.64	11.54	$1.40 \pm 0.30$ $1.54 \pm 0.30$
	2MASSiJ163736.5+254302		10.0	$-0.51 \pm 0.20$	16.5	<0.182	11.38	11.44	11.49	11.51	$1.54 \pm 0.30$ $1.51 \pm 0.30$
	2MASSiJ165939.7+183436		10.6	$-0.16 \pm 0.01$	16.4	$0.027 \pm 0.004$	11.32	11.53	11.54	11.54	$1.60 \pm 0.30$
130	2MASSiJ170536.6+210137	$0.10\pm0.12$	12.4	$-0.38\pm0.18$	15.5	$0.486\pm0.063$	10.77	10.73	10.92	11.02	$1.53\pm0.30$

				(	Continueu)						
ID	Name	Str <sub>9.7 µm-Sil</sub>	$\lambda_{9.7\mu\mathrm{m-Sil}}^{\mathrm{peak}}$ ( $\mu\mathrm{m}$ )	$\mathrm{Str}_{18\mu\mathrm{m}-\mathrm{Sil}}$	$\lambda_{18\mu m-Sil}^{\text{peak}}$ ( $\mu$ m)	EW <sub>11.3 μmPAH</sub> (μm)	$\log L_{5\mu m}$ $(\log(L_{\odot}))$		$\log L_{18\mu m}$ $(\log(L_{\odot}))$	/ -	log(SFR) $(M_{\odot} yr^{-1})$
131	2MASSiJ171442.7+260248	$0.02\pm0.03$	11.6	$-0.30\pm0.04$	19.6	< 0.053	11.09	10.98	10.88	10.79	$0.64\pm0.50$
132	2MASSiJ222221.1+195947	$0.19\pm0.02$	11.2	$0.15\pm0.02$	19.0	< 0.038	11.40	11.35	11.35	11.21	$1.29\pm0.30$
133	2MASSiJ222554.2+195837	$-0.61\pm0.05$	10.0	$-0.08\pm0.02$	18.7	< 0.037	10.86	10.94	10.90	10.95	$1.33\pm0.30$
134	2MASSiJ223742.6+145614	$0.19\pm0.10$	10.7	$-0.21\pm0.11$	16.3	$0.229 \pm 0.049$	11.22	11.13	11.20	11.14	$1.64\pm0.30$
135	2MASSiJ223946.0+192955	$0.37\pm0.14$	12.3	$-0.44\pm0.30$	16.3	$1.134\pm0.287$	10.57	10.31	10.42	10.52	$1.24\pm0.30$
136	2MASSiJ230304.3+162440	$-0.90\pm0.60$	10.0	$-1.16\pm0.29$	17.5	$1.186\pm0.082$	10.20	10.26	10.69	10.72	$1.71\pm0.30$
137	2MASSiJ230442.4+270616	$0.29\pm0.19$	10.6	$0.29\pm0.08$	19.6	< 0.338	10.37	10.35	10.47	10.50	$0.63\pm0.50$
138	2MASSiJ234259.3+134750	$0.29\pm0.15$	10.1	$-0.25\pm0.12$	15.1	< 0.161	11.10	11.11	11.25	11.21	$1.32\pm0.30$
139	2MASSiJ234449.5+122143	$0.10\pm0.04$	11.2	$0.04\pm0.02$	20.5	< 0.054	11.26	11.29	11.32	11.33	$1.53\pm0.30$

Table 4(Continued)



**Figure 3.** Comparisons between different SFR estimates: the left panel shows the comparison between estimates from the 160  $\mu$ m and aromatic feature measurements; the right panel shows the comparison between 70  $\mu$ m based and aromatic-feature-based SFR estimates. (A color version of this figure is available in the online journal.)

based on the scatter of Figure 3. Figure 1 shows the best-fit starforming template for each quasar. The residual after subtracting the star-forming template is adopted as the radiation from the dusty torus.

## 4. RESULTS

# 4.1. Composite Quasar SEDs and Scatter about Them

Figure 4 shows the median composite spectra with  $1\sigma$  scatter for the PG and 2MASS samples normalized at 14–16  $\mu$ m. The composite spectrum from 5 to  $25\,\mu\text{m}$  is derived by taking the median of the spectroscopic data projected to a common wavelength grid with a spectral resolution of 50. We took the median of all the 70  $\mu$ m photometry with the rest-frame wavelength from 40 to 70  $\mu$ m as the composite flux density at 55  $\mu$ m, and that of 160  $\mu$ m data with the rest-frame wavelength from 100 to 160  $\mu$ m as the composite flux density at 130  $\mu$ m. We also constructed composite spectra for the radio-quite and radio-loud sub-samples of PG objects, where the radio-loudness data are from Kellermann et al. (1989), as indicated in Table 5. All the PG objects have mid-IR spectroscopic measurements, while 90% and 76% of the sample have detections at 70 and 160  $\mu$ m, respectively. Ninety-five percent of the 2MASS sample have mid-IR spectroscopic measurements and 70  $\mu$ m detections, with 160  $\mu$ m detections for 33%. The median spectra presented in Figure 4 should be representative of the whole PG sample up to rest-frame 130  $\mu$ m and of the 2MASS sample to rest-frame  $60 \,\mu\text{m}$ , while the rest-frame 130  $\mu\text{m}$  data point of the 2MASS

median spectrum should be biased by the far-IR luminous objects in the sample. There are some differences in the median spectra between the 2MASS and PG samples. While the PG median spectrum shows silicate emission, the 2MASS one has silicate absorption, consistent with the near-IR selected 2MASS quasars being viewed on average more edge-on. In addition, the 2MASS spectrum has much larger equivalent widths (EWs) of the aromatic features compared to the PG spectrum, as well as elevated rest-frame 60  $\mu$ m emission relative to the mid-IR. This behavior indicates more active SF relative to the nuclear SMBH luminosity in 2MASS quasar host galaxies (Shi et al. 2007).

Figure 3 compares the SEDs we have determined with a number of alternatives. Elvis et al. (1994) presented composite SEDs of 47 non-blazar quasars, largely based on members of the PG sample. Their IR data are based on ground-based N and Q bands (10 and 20  $\mu$ m) as well as *IRAS* broad-band photometry (12, 25, 60, and 100  $\mu$ m). As shown in Figure 4, their radioquiet composite SED shows an overall similar shape to that of radio-quiet PG quasars from our work below rest-frame  $60 \,\mu m$ but is significantly lower at rest-frame  $130 \,\mu$ m. However, their data do not include photometry at wavelengths longer than observed-frame  $100\,\mu\text{m}$  and the SED at longer wavelengths is based on extrapolation. On the other hand, their radio-loud quasar composite SED is similar to ours between rest-frame 5 and 130  $\mu$ m. Richards et al. (2006) compiled *Spitzer* broad-band photometry of 259 Sloan-Digital-Sky-Survey-selected optically bright quasars at 3.6, 4.5, 5.8, 8.0, 24, and 70  $\mu$ m. Their sample covers a redshift range from z = 0 up to z = 4.

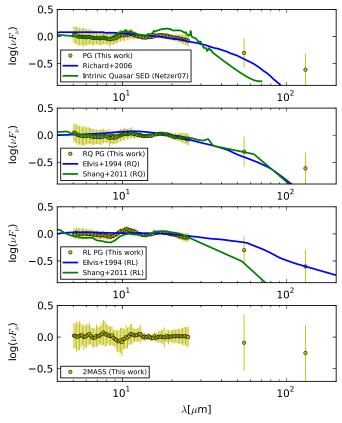
5.05           5.15           5.25           5.36           5.47           5.58           5.69           5.80           5.92           6.04           6.16           6.28	$\begin{array}{c} 0.035 \pm 0.151 \\ 0.021 \pm 0.156 \\ 0.023 \pm 0.161 \\ -0.002 \pm 0.173 \\ 0.001 \pm 0.159 \\ -0.003 \pm 0.164 \\ -0.005 \pm 0.150 \\ -0.010 \pm 0.175 \\ -0.009 \pm 0.154 \\ -0.014 \pm 0.146 \\ -0.006 \pm 0.145 \\ -0.007 \pm 0.136 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.049 \pm 0.165 \\ 0.032 \pm 0.171 \\ 0.024 \pm 0.174 \\ -0.002 \pm 0.186 \\ -0.000 \pm 0.169 \\ -0.006 \pm 0.176 \\ -0.019 \pm 0.160 \\ -0.017 \pm 0.189 \\ -0.009 \pm 0.166 \\ -0.017 \pm 0.156 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.013 \pm 0.096 \\ -0.006 \pm 0.097 \\ 0.023 \pm 0.096 \\ 0.001 \pm 0.102 \\ 0.004 \pm 0.101 \\ -0.001 \pm 0.099 \\ 0.009 \pm 0.098 \\ 0.011 \pm 0.088 \\ 0.002 \pm 0.098 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.024 \pm 0.206\\ 0.014 \pm 0.191\\ 0.008 \pm 0.246\\ 0.006 \pm 0.209\\ 0.020 \pm 0.229\\ 0.029 \pm 0.191\\ 0.025 \pm 0.150\end{array}$
5.25 5.36 5.47 5.58 5.69 5.80 5.92 6.04 6.16	$\begin{array}{c} 0.023 \pm 0.161 \\ -0.002 \pm 0.173 \\ 0.001 \pm 0.159 \\ -0.003 \pm 0.164 \\ -0.005 \pm 0.150 \\ -0.010 \pm 0.175 \\ -0.009 \pm 0.154 \\ -0.014 \pm 0.146 \\ -0.006 \pm 0.145 \\ -0.007 \pm 0.136 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.024 \pm 0.174 \\ -0.002 \pm 0.186 \\ -0.000 \pm 0.169 \\ -0.006 \pm 0.176 \\ -0.019 \pm 0.160 \\ -0.017 \pm 0.189 \\ -0.009 \pm 0.166 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.023 \pm 0.096 \\ 0.001 \pm 0.102 \\ 0.004 \pm 0.101 \\ -0.001 \pm 0.099 \\ 0.009 \pm 0.098 \\ 0.011 \pm 0.088 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.008 \pm 0.246 \\ 0.006 \pm 0.209 \\ 0.020 \pm 0.229 \\ 0.029 \pm 0.191 \\ 0.025 \pm 0.150 \end{array}$
5.36 5.47 5.58 5.69 5.80 5.92 6.04 6.16	$\begin{array}{c} -0.002 \pm 0.173 \\ 0.001 \pm 0.159 \\ -0.003 \pm 0.164 \\ -0.005 \pm 0.150 \\ -0.010 \pm 0.175 \\ -0.009 \pm 0.154 \\ -0.014 \pm 0.146 \\ -0.006 \pm 0.145 \\ -0.007 \pm 0.136 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} -0.002 \pm 0.186 \\ -0.000 \pm 0.169 \\ -0.006 \pm 0.176 \\ -0.019 \pm 0.160 \\ -0.017 \pm 0.189 \\ -0.009 \pm 0.166 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.001 \pm 0.102 \\ 0.004 \pm 0.101 \\ -0.001 \pm 0.099 \\ 0.009 \pm 0.098 \\ 0.011 \pm 0.088 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.006 \pm 0.209 \\ 0.020 \pm 0.229 \\ 0.029 \pm 0.191 \\ 0.025 \pm 0.150 \end{array}$
5.47 5.58 5.69 5.80 5.92 6.04 6.16	$\begin{array}{c} 0.001 \pm 0.159 \\ -0.003 \pm 0.164 \\ -0.005 \pm 0.150 \\ -0.010 \pm 0.175 \\ -0.009 \pm 0.154 \\ -0.014 \pm 0.146 \\ -0.006 \pm 0.145 \\ -0.007 \pm 0.136 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} -0.000 \pm 0.169 \\ -0.006 \pm 0.176 \\ -0.019 \pm 0.160 \\ -0.017 \pm 0.189 \\ -0.009 \pm 0.166 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.004 \pm 0.101 \\ -0.001 \pm 0.099 \\ 0.009 \pm 0.098 \\ 0.011 \pm 0.088 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.020 \pm 0.229 \\ 0.029 \pm 0.191 \\ 0.025 \pm 0.150 \end{array}$
5.58 5.69 5.80 5.92 6.04 6.16	$\begin{array}{c} -0.003 \pm 0.164 \\ -0.005 \pm 0.150 \\ -0.010 \pm 0.175 \\ -0.009 \pm 0.154 \\ -0.014 \pm 0.146 \\ -0.006 \pm 0.145 \\ -0.007 \pm 0.136 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} -0.006 \pm 0.176 \\ -0.019 \pm 0.160 \\ -0.017 \pm 0.189 \\ -0.009 \pm 0.166 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} -0.001 \pm 0.099 \\ 0.009 \pm 0.098 \\ 0.011 \pm 0.088 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.029 \pm 0.191 \\ 0.025 \pm 0.150 \end{array}$
5.69 5.80 5.92 6.04 6.16	$\begin{array}{c} -0.005\pm 0.150\\ -0.010\pm 0.175\\ -0.009\pm 0.154\\ -0.014\pm 0.146\\ -0.006\pm 0.145\\ -0.007\pm 0.136\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} -0.019 \pm 0.160 \\ -0.017 \pm 0.189 \\ -0.009 \pm 0.166 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.009 \pm 0.098 \\ 0.011 \pm 0.088 \end{array}$	$0.025 \pm 0.150$
5.80 5.92 6.04 6.16	$\begin{array}{c} -0.010 \pm 0.175 \\ -0.009 \pm 0.154 \\ -0.014 \pm 0.146 \\ -0.006 \pm 0.145 \\ -0.007 \pm 0.136 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} -0.017 \pm 0.189 \\ -0.009 \pm 0.166 \end{array}$	$0.011 \pm 0.088$	
5.92 6.04 6.16	$\begin{array}{c} -0.009 \pm 0.154 \\ -0.014 \pm 0.146 \\ -0.006 \pm 0.145 \\ -0.007 \pm 0.136 \end{array}$	$-0.009 \pm 0.166$		$0.001 \pm 0.201$
6.04 6.16	$\begin{array}{c} -0.014 \pm 0.146 \\ -0.006 \pm 0.145 \\ -0.007 \pm 0.136 \end{array}$			$-0.001 \pm 0.201$ $0.006 \pm 0.170$
6.16	$\begin{array}{c} -0.006 \pm 0.145 \\ -0.007 \pm 0.136 \end{array}$	$-0.017 \pm 0.150$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.002 \pm 0.089 \\ 0.013 \pm 0.085 \end{array}$	$0.000 \pm 0.170$ $0.018 \pm 0.192$
	$-0.007 \pm 0.136$	$-0.006 \pm 0.156$	$-0.001 \pm 0.083$	$0.018 \pm 0.192$ $0.038 \pm 0.158$
		$-0.008 \pm 0.147$	$-0.005 \pm 0.080$	$0.050 \pm 0.160$ $0.050 \pm 0.167$
6.40	$-0.010 \pm 0.135$	$-0.013 \pm 0.145$	$-0.004 \pm 0.084$	$0.022 \pm 0.142$
6.53	$-0.026 \pm 0.137$	$-0.031 \pm 0.148$	$-0.003 \pm 0.080$	$-0.007 \pm 0.146$
6.66	$-0.027 \pm 0.137$	$-0.034 \pm 0.147$	$-0.015 \pm 0.078$	$-0.013 \pm 0.155$
6.80	$-0.025 \pm 0.125$	$-0.028 \pm 0.135$	$-0.016 \pm 0.075$	$-0.008 \pm 0.141$
6.93	$-0.022 \pm 0.123$	$-0.029 \pm 0.133$	$-0.013 \pm 0.074$	$0.020 \pm 0.179$
7.07	$-0.028 \pm 0.121$	$-0.034 \pm 0.130$	$-0.021 \pm 0.074$	$0.012 \pm 0.152$
7.21	$-0.032 \pm 0.119$	$-0.035 \pm 0.128$	$-0.022 \pm 0.072$	$0.019 \pm 0.139$
7.36	$-0.032 \pm 0.131$	$-0.033 \pm 0.144$	$-0.031 \pm 0.068$	$0.033 \pm 0.150$
7.50	$-0.025 \pm 0.132$	$-0.029 \pm 0.145$	$-0.023 \pm 0.071$	$0.051 \pm 0.184$
7.65	$-0.017 \pm 0.119$	$-0.017 \pm 0.128$	$-0.017 \pm 0.076$	$0.072 \pm 0.198$
7.81 7.96	$-0.031 \pm 0.113$ $-0.033 \pm 0.106$	$-0.015 \pm 0.122$ $-0.023 \pm 0.113$	$\begin{array}{c} -0.031 \pm 0.069 \\ -0.034 \pm 0.069 \end{array}$	$0.051 \pm 0.199$ $0.034 \pm 0.176$
8.12	$-0.033 \pm 0.100$ $-0.042 \pm 0.105$	$-0.025 \pm 0.113$ $-0.025 \pm 0.113$	$-0.034 \pm 0.009$ $-0.045 \pm 0.062$	$0.034 \pm 0.170$ $0.041 \pm 0.145$
8.29	$-0.042 \pm 0.109$ $-0.049 \pm 0.149$	$-0.049 \pm 0.165$	$-0.049 \pm 0.002$ $-0.049 \pm 0.057$	$0.041 \pm 0.143$ $0.017 \pm 0.154$
8.45	$-0.049 \pm 0.104$	$-0.048 \pm 0.113$	$-0.053 \pm 0.053$	$0.017 \pm 0.131$ $0.019 \pm 0.149$
8.62	$-0.042 \pm 0.111$	$-0.046 \pm 0.121$	$-0.040 \pm 0.054$	$0.025 \pm 0.150$
8.79	$-0.034 \pm 0.114$	$-0.036 \pm 0.124$	$-0.033 \pm 0.060$	$-0.010 \pm 0.121$
8.97	$-0.035 \pm 0.100$	$-0.045 \pm 0.109$	$-0.023 \pm 0.049$	$-0.027 \pm 0.128$
9.15	$-0.020 \pm 0.106$	$-0.036 \pm 0.116$	$-0.003 \pm 0.051$	$-0.042 \pm 0.155$
9.33	$-0.014 \pm 0.105$	$-0.025 \pm 0.114$	$0.006\pm0.052$	$-0.066 \pm 0.174$
9.52	$0.011 \pm 0.103$	$-0.009 \pm 0.111$	$0.028 \pm 0.053$	$-0.066 \pm 0.176$
9.71	$0.017 \pm 0.106$	$-0.002 \pm 0.113$	$0.049 \pm 0.054$	$-0.051 \pm 0.200$
9.90	$0.024 \pm 0.099$	$0.009 \pm 0.106$	$0.042 \pm 0.054$	$-0.081 \pm 0.222$
10.10	$0.023 \pm 0.096$	$0.019 \pm 0.103$	$0.062 \pm 0.051$	$-0.035 \pm 0.170$
10.30 10.51	$\begin{array}{c} 0.026 \pm 0.115 \\ 0.047 \pm 0.087 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.020 \pm 0.123 \\ 0.033 \pm 0.091 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.068 \pm 0.058 \\ 0.088 \pm 0.050 \end{array}$	$-0.026 \pm 0.154$ $0.003 \pm 0.188$
10.72	$0.030 \pm 0.091$	$0.020 \pm 0.091$	$0.082 \pm 0.053$	$-0.012 \pm 0.161$
10.93	$0.038 \pm 0.091$ $0.038 \pm 0.095$	$0.025 \pm 0.100$	$0.062 \pm 0.055$ $0.066 \pm 0.051$	$0.012 \pm 0.101$ $0.018 \pm 0.142$
11.15	$0.047 \pm 0.084$	$0.041 \pm 0.090$	$0.069 \pm 0.048$	$0.047 \pm 0.155$
11.37	$0.048 \pm 0.097$	$0.048 \pm 0.105$	$0.055 \pm 0.049$	$0.046 \pm 0.167$
11.60	$0.031\pm0.072$	$0.022\pm0.076$	$0.055\pm0.046$	$0.032\pm0.115$
11.83	$0.021\pm0.076$	$0.019 \pm 0.082$	$0.044\pm0.038$	$0.025 \pm 0.099$
12.07	$0.023 \pm 0.063$	$0.018 \pm 0.067$	$0.032\pm0.038$	$0.030 \pm 0.098$
12.31	$0.006 \pm 0.050$	$0.007 \pm 0.054$	$0.005 \pm 0.034$	$0.030 \pm 0.107$
12.56	$0.002 \pm 0.047$	$0.001 \pm 0.051$	$0.002 \pm 0.029$	$0.044 \pm 0.113$
12.81	$0.005 \pm 0.046$	$0.006 \pm 0.049$	$0.001 \pm 0.030$	$0.050 \pm 0.148$
13.06 13.33	$-0.011 \pm 0.041$ $-0.017 \pm 0.035$	$-0.009 \pm 0.044$ $-0.012 \pm 0.037$	$\begin{array}{c} -0.016 \pm 0.026 \\ -0.022 \pm 0.022 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.024 \pm 0.071 \\ 0.002 \pm 0.064 \end{array}$
13.59	$-0.017 \pm 0.033$ $-0.017 \pm 0.030$	$-0.012 \pm 0.037$ $-0.015 \pm 0.032$	$-0.022 \pm 0.022$ $-0.020 \pm 0.020$	$0.002 \pm 0.004$ $0.005 \pm 0.066$
13.86	$-0.020 \pm 0.025$	$-0.015 \pm 0.052$ $-0.016 \pm 0.026$	$-0.020 \pm 0.020$ $-0.026 \pm 0.017$	$-0.004 \pm 0.000$
14.14	$-0.014 \pm 0.021$	$-0.013 \pm 0.020$	$-0.015 \pm 0.022$	$0.001 \pm 0.000$ $0.005 \pm 0.044$
14.42	$-0.007 \pm 0.020$	$-0.007 \pm 0.020$	$-0.009 \pm 0.019$	$0.014 \pm 0.059$
14.71	$-0.012 \pm 0.018$	$-0.012 \pm 0.017$	$-0.010 \pm 0.020$	$-0.002 \pm 0.047$
15.01	$-0.010 \pm 0.016$	$-0.010 \pm 0.016$	$-0.007 \pm 0.017$	$-0.015 \pm 0.047$
15.31	$-0.002 \pm 0.020$	$-0.001 \pm 0.016$	$-0.004 \pm 0.033$	$-0.013 \pm 0.059$
15.61	$0.024\pm0.027$	$0.024 \pm 0.026$	$0.028 \pm 0.029$	$0.014 \pm 0.067$
15.93	$0.015\pm0.022$	$0.015 \pm 0.021$	$0.015 \pm 0.025$	$-0.011 \pm 0.071$
16.24	$0.018 \pm 0.023$	$0.018 \pm 0.023$	$0.021 \pm 0.023$	$-0.005 \pm 0.069$
16.57	$0.024 \pm 0.027$	$0.025 \pm 0.028$	$0.021 \pm 0.025$	$0.004 \pm 0.091$
16.90	$0.028 \pm 0.031$	$0.028 \pm 0.031$	$0.027 \pm 0.030$	$0.006 \pm 0.097$
17.24 17.58	$\begin{array}{c} 0.024 \pm 0.036 \\ 0.025 \pm 0.038 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.025 \pm 0.037 \\ 0.027 \pm 0.038 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.024 \pm 0.031 \\ 0.019 \pm 0.039 \end{array}$	$0.009 \pm 0.106$ $0.000 \pm 0.107$
17.94	$0.025 \pm 0.038$ $0.019 \pm 0.036$	$0.027 \pm 0.038$ $0.019 \pm 0.035$	$0.019 \pm 0.039$ $0.019 \pm 0.037$	$-0.000 \pm 0.107$ $-0.005 \pm 0.158$

 Table 5

 The Median Composite Spectra of PG and 2MASS Samples

(Continued)						
Wave (µm)	$\log(\nu L_{\nu})$ All PG	$log(\nu L_{\nu})$ Radio-quite PG	$\log(\nu L_{\nu})$ Radio-loud PG	$\frac{\log(\nu L_{\nu})}{\text{All 2MASS}}$		
18.29	$0.015\pm0.038$	$0.014 \pm 0.038$	$0.021 \pm 0.038$	$-0.003 \pm 0.071$		
18.66	$0.018\pm0.043$	$0.021\pm0.045$	$0.013\pm0.036$	$0.018\pm0.100$		
19.03	$0.007 \pm 0.043$	$0.006\pm0.044$	$0.010\pm0.036$	$-0.003 \pm 0.116$		
19.41	$-0.003 \pm 0.044$	$-0.003 \pm 0.045$	$-0.007 \pm 0.038$	$0.006\pm0.084$		
19.80	$-0.006 \pm 0.046$	$-0.009 \pm 0.047$	$-0.001 \pm 0.043$	$0.012\pm0.098$		
20.20	$-0.016 \pm 0.053$	$-0.021 \pm 0.053$	$-0.007 \pm 0.051$	$0.011\pm0.098$		
20.60	$-0.027 \pm 0.055$	$-0.031 \pm 0.056$	$-0.013 \pm 0.052$	$0.013 \pm 0.117$		
21.01	$-0.021 \pm 0.061$	$-0.028 \pm 0.064$	$-0.014 \pm 0.049$	$0.014\pm0.098$		
21.43	$-0.028 \pm 0.068$	$-0.032 \pm 0.069$	$-0.026 \pm 0.063$	$0.014\pm0.111$		
21.86	$-0.032 \pm 0.070$	$-0.036 \pm 0.072$	$-0.029 \pm 0.061$	$0.016 \pm 0.121$		
22.30	$-0.037 \pm 0.074$	$-0.036 \pm 0.076$	$-0.045 \pm 0.067$	$0.010 \pm 0.114$		
22.75	$-0.046 \pm 0.078$	$-0.045 \pm 0.081$	$-0.048 \pm 0.060$	$0.015 \pm 0.122$		
23.20	$-0.051 \pm 0.083$	$-0.050 \pm 0.086$	$-0.051 \pm 0.069$	$0.013 \pm 0.134$		
23.66	$-0.056 \pm 0.098$	$-0.054 \pm 0.103$	$-0.066 \pm 0.071$	$0.011 \pm 0.143$		
24.14	$-0.059 \pm 0.093$	$-0.058 \pm 0.097$	$-0.064 \pm 0.074$	$0.017 \pm 0.144$		
24.62	$-0.066 \pm 0.102$	$-0.066 \pm 0.106$	$-0.067 \pm 0.081$	$0.005 \pm 0.154$		
25.11	$-0.079 \pm 0.105$	$-0.080 \pm 0.110$	$-0.065 \pm 0.078$	$0.001 \pm 0.156$		
55.00	$-0.301 \pm 0.270$	$-0.303 \pm 0.276$	$-0.301 \pm 0.249$	$-0.090 \pm 0.442$		
130.00	$-0.611 \pm 0.295$	$-0.611 \pm 0.290$	$-0.601 \pm 0.317$	$-0.251 \pm 0.442$		

Table 5



**Figure 4.** From top to bottom, filled circles indicate composite median SEDs of all PG quasars, radio-quiet PG quasars, radio-loud PG quasars, and all 2MASS quasars, respectively, where the error bar is shown at  $1\sigma$  level. The comparison SEDs include those by Elvis et al. (1994), Richards et al. (2006), Netzer et al. (2007), and Shang et al. (2011).

(A color version of this figure is available in the online journal.)

Compared to our composite spectrum of all PG quasars, their SED shows an overall similar shape between rest-frame 5 and 30  $\mu$ m but lacks silicate emission features. Above rest-frame 100  $\mu$ m, their SED drops faster than ours. Again, their observations do not contain far-IR data above observed 70  $\mu$ m and the shape at longer wavelengths is based on extrapolation.

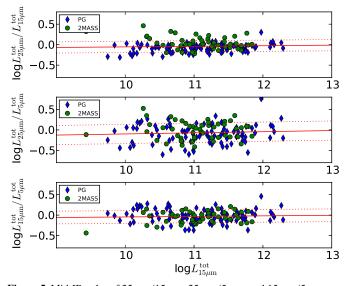
Table 6Correlation Between Different IR Color and  $15 \,\mu m$  Luminosity

Y versus X	Α	В	σ
$log(L_{25\mu m}/L_{15\mu m})$ vs. $log(L_{15\mu m})$	-0.19	0.014	0.14
$\log(L_{25\mu m}/L_{5\mu m})$ vs. $\log(L_{15\mu m})$	-0.37	0.028	0.23
$\log(L_{15\mu m}/L_{5\mu m})$ vs. $\log(L_{15\mu m})$	-0.18	0.014	0.16

Notes.  $Y = (A + BX) \pm \sigma$ . The monochromatic luminosity is defined to be the average emission over a 2  $\mu$ m width.

Netzer et al. (2007) constructed the intrinsic quasar SED of eight PG quasars after removing the star-forming emission. Their SED resembles our composite spectrum for the whole PG sample up to  $30\,\mu\text{m}$  above which theirs drops much faster, which is expected as the star-forming radiation starts to dominate the IR emission above  $30 \,\mu\text{m}$ . Shang et al. (2011) constructed a composite SED of 85 optically bright, non-blazar quasars that are selected heterogeneously. Their radio-quiet composite SED is quite similar to our radio-quiet PG spectrum between restframe 5 and 30  $\mu$ m but drops faster longward of rest-frame 55  $\mu$ m, which is also the case when comparing their radio-loud composite SED to our radio-loud PG one. The comparison of  $160\,\mu\text{m}$  photometry for about 20 objects in common reveals that their measurements are systematically lower than ours by a factor of a few. Since our independent measurements at this wavelength from Spitzer and Herschel agree much more closely than this factor, we believe our measurements are reliable.

To illustrate the scatter of the mid-IR spectra among the whole PG and 2MASS samples, we present the relationships between IR color as a function of  $15 \,\mu$ m monochromatic luminosities in Figure 5 and list the best-fit linear relations in Table 6. Almost zero slopes for all of these relationships indicate that the mid-IR spectral shape of PG and 2MASS quasars are roughly independent of quasar mid-IR luminosities. In addition, the scatter of the relationship is quite small, ranging from 0.14 to 0.23 dex. This suggests that the composite mid-IR spectra derived above are good representatives of quasar mid-IR spectra independent of quasar IR luminosities and quasar types. However, these spectra include combinations of SMBH-and SF-generated components, as would also be the case for

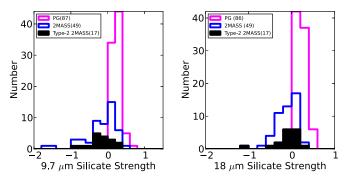


**Figure 5.** Mid-IR color of  $25 \,\mu$ m/15  $\mu$ m,  $25 \,\mu$ m/5  $\mu$ m, and  $15 \,\mu$ m/5  $\mu$ m as a function of the 15  $\mu$ m luminosity. All luminosities are monochromatic emission averaged over  $2 \,\mu$ m width of the central wavelength. The best linear fits are shown as solid lines with  $1\sigma$  scatter as the dotted line. The fitting results are also listed in Table 6.

the previously determined quasar spectral templates (e.g., Elvis et al. 1994; Richards et al. 2006; Shang et al. 2011). Obtaining an intrinsic quasar SED template in the far-IR requires subtracting the SF contribution.

## 4.2. Contribution of Star Formation to the SED

The left panel of Figure 6 shows the IR color  $\log(L_{60\,\mu\text{m}}/L_{25\,\mu\text{m}})$  as a function of the EW of the 11.3  $\mu$ m aromatic feature. This color varies from -0.8 to 0.8 for the whole quasar sample, but it clusters in a smaller range from -0.5 to 0.25. The EW<sub>11.3  $\mu$ mPAH</sub> for the sample ranges from  $<0.003 \,\mu\text{m}$  to 2.3  $\mu$ m. As shown in the figure, the two quantities are roughly related to each other, with increasing  $\log(L_{60\,\mu\text{m}}/L_{25\,\mu\text{m}})$  at increasing EW<sub>11.3  $\mu$ mPAH</sub>, which indicates that the rest-frame IR color  $\log(L_{60\,\mu\text{m}}/L_{25\,\mu\text{m}})$  is to the first order driven by the relative brightness of star-forming regions and the dusty tori. A relationship between IR color  $f_{30\,\mu\text{m}}/L_{15\,\mu\text{m}}$  and EW<sub>7.7  $\mu$ mPAH is also observed in the sample of Veilleux et al. (2009) that is composed of PG quasars and ULIRGs. However, such correla-</sub>

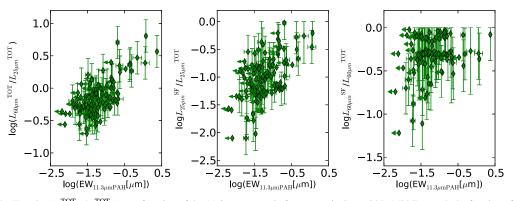


**Figure 7.** Distributions of silicate feature strengths for PG and 2MASS quasars. The 9.7  $\mu$ m feature is shown in the left panel and the 18  $\mu$ m feature is in the right panel.

(A color version of this figure is available in the online journal.)

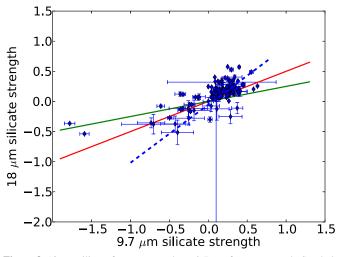
tions are not always observed in other samples of galaxies and AGNs (Wu et al. 2010; Stierwalt et al. 2013). Wu et al. (2010) investigated the IR SEDs of about 300 galaxies and AGN selected to be brighter than 5 mJy at 24  $\mu$ m. They found their objects are divided into two categories, one with low EW<sub>6.2 µmPAH</sub> and  $\log(f_{70\,\mu\text{m}}/f_{24\,\mu\text{m}})$ , and another with high EW<sub>6.2 \mumber mPAH</sub> and  $\log(f_{70\,\mu\text{m}}/f_{24\,\mu\text{m}})$  but with no apparent correlation between EW<sub>6.2  $\mu$ mPAH</sub> and log( $f_{70 \,\mu\text{m}}/f_{24 \,\mu\text{m}}$ ) within the category. Stierwalt et al. (2013) mainly focused on the IR SEDs of LIRGs and did not see a relationship between  $f_{30\,\mu\text{m}}/f_{15\,\mu\text{m}}$  and  $EW_{6.2 \mu mPAH}$  either. As mentioned by Stierwalt et al. (2013), the IR slope is not only affected by the star-forming contribution but is also affected by the obscuration, which could cause a steep IR spectrum even at low EW<sub>PAH</sub> if the energy source is heavily buried. Our quasar samples lack heavily buried sources, as indicated by the distributions of the silicate feature in Figure 7. The mid-IR slope is then mainly driven by the star-forming contribution and thus shows a correlation with the EW<sub>PAH</sub>.

We further investigated the star-forming contribution at individual wavelengths (25 or 60  $\mu$ m) and their trend with the EW<sub>PAH</sub>. As shown in the middle panel of Figure 6, the starforming fraction at rest-frame 25  $\mu$ m is usually below 30%, indicating the emission at this wavelength is generally dominated by the radiation from the dusty torus. This fraction is correlated with the EW<sub>11.3 µmPAH</sub>, as might be expected because the SF is not the dominant contributor, and both the quasar and star-forming SEDs do not change significantly from source to source. On the other hand, as shown in the right panel of Figure 6, the rest-frame 60 µm radiation is dominated by SF,



**Figure 6.** Left panel: the IR color  $(L_{60\,\mu\text{m}}^{\text{TOT}}/L_{25\,\mu\text{m}}^{\text{TOT}})$  as a function of the 11.3  $\mu$ m aromatic feature equivalent width. Middle panel: the fraction of 25  $\mu$ m emission from star formation as a function of the 11.3  $\mu$ m aromatic feature equivalent width. Right panel: the fraction of 60  $\mu$ m emission from star formation as a function of the 11.3  $\mu$ m aromatic feature equivalent width. Right panel: the fraction of 60  $\mu$ m emission from star formation as a function of the 11.3  $\mu$ m aromatic feature equivalent width.

(A color version of this figure is available in the online journal.)



**Figure 8.** 18  $\mu$ m silicate feature strength vs. 9.7  $\mu$ m feature strength. Symbols indicate the measurements of PG and 2MASS objects where the dashed line is the best linear fit. The red and green areas are the predictions for clumpy and smooth dusty tori, respectively (Feltre et al. 2012).

with the star-forming fraction mostly above 30%. This fraction does not show an apparent relation with the EW<sub>11.3 µmPAH</sub>, again as might be expected since the two indicators are mainly affected by different processes, SF dominating the 60 µm while EW<sub>11.3 µmPAH</sub> is a measure of the fraction of the output at this wavelength due to SF to that from nuclear accretion, since the latter dominates the 11.3 µm continuum.

### 4.3. Silicate Features

Figure 7 shows the distributions of the 9.7 and 18  $\mu$ m silicate feature strengths including non-detections. The non-detected features are weak with  $3\sigma$  upper limits for  $\ln(f^{\text{peak}}/f^{\text{peak}}_{\text{cont}})$ between -0.3 and 0.3. As shown in the figure, PG quasars mainly show emission features while the majority of 2MASS quasars have features in absorption, which is consistent with the expectations from the unified model where the dusty tori of the unobscured quasars are viewed face-on and those of obscured quasars are seen edge-on. However, there is no good relation between the silicate feature and quasar optical type; e.g., many type 2 quasars show silicate features in emission. As indicated in the figure, the feature strength is moderate, with the majority in the range of  $\ln(f^{peak}/f^{peak}_{cont}) = -0.5$  to 0.5. The lack of strong (>0.5 or <-0.5) 9.7  $\mu$ m silicate emission features is consistent with expectations if the dusty torus is clumpy instead of smooth (Fritz et al. 2006; Hönig et al. 2006; Nenkova et al. 2008; Schartmann et al. 2008; Stalevski et al. 2012; Feltre et al. 2012).

Figure 8 shows the relationship between two silicate feature strengths for sources with  $EW_{11.3 \mu mPAH} < 0.2$ . The two features are roughly correlated, with a Pearson value of 0.6. A regression fit to the data points gives  $S_{18 \mu m} = 0.96S_{9.7 \mu m}$ -0.05 and  $1\sigma$  scatter of 0.83. The relatively large scatter partly arises from the uncertainties in determining the underlying continuum. As shown in Figure 7, the small dynamic range of the two feature strengths will also limit the accuracy in the slope measurement. In Figure 8, we overlay some predictions of clumpy and smooth models (Feltre et al. 2012). The clumpy model produces a slope closer to the observations than the smooth model. In a dust geometry composed of clumps, the sides of individual clouds

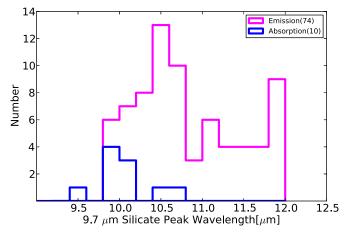


Figure 9. Distribution of the peak wavelength of the "9.7  $\mu$ m" silicate feature for all cases with S/N > 5.

(A color version of this figure is available in the online journal.)

facing the central nuclei are heated and produce silicate emission features while the absorption features are imposed on the output from the dark sides. In an inclined viewing angle toward the AGN, the foreground clouds partially block the view of the background ones. Therefore, a majority of clouds are viewed from the dark sides and silicate absorption features dominate, although some fraction of clouds are seen from their bright sides and the associated silicate emission reduces the strength of the absorption trough. As the 9.7  $\mu$ m feature has a larger optical depth than the 18  $\mu$ m one, implying a stronger emission feature at 9.7  $\mu$ m from the bright side of the cloud, the 9.7  $\mu$ m absorption feature is reduced more so that a steeper slope is produced.

Figure 9 shows the distribution of the peak wavelengths of 9.7  $\mu$ m features with signal-to-noise ratio (S/N) > 5. Almost all "9.7  $\mu$ m" features peak in emission at wavelengths longer than 9.7  $\mu$ m, the peak location of silicate features observed in Galactic sources or star-forming galaxies (Smith et al. 2010). Some of them even peak at the longest wavelength  $(12 \,\mu m)$ that is allowed by our fit, indicating that they could peak at even longer wavelength. In contrast, those in absorption show minima at the expected 9.7  $\mu$ m wavelength. The offsets in the peak wavelengths of emission features in guasars have been observed previously in small samples (Siebenmorgen et al. 2005; Hao et al. 2005; Sturm et al. 2005, 2006; Shi et al. 2006). None of the existing dusty torus models that adopt Milky Way ISM dust composition predict such offsets (Fritz et al. 2006; Hönig et al. 2006; Nenkova et al. 2008; Schartmann et al. 2008; Stalevski et al. 2012; Feltre et al. 2012). We have used the library of embedded young stellar object SEDs from Whitney (2014) to test whether the offset could arise from radiative transfer effects, but find that our fitting procedure generally centers the silicate features near 9.7  $\mu$ m for them. We conclude that the offset is intrinsic to the quasars. Such differences between silicate absorption and emission features likely indicate that the physical properties of the emitting dust grains are subject to modifications due to exposure to the strong nuclear radiation, while "normal" dust grains in the host galaxies or outer cold edges of the dusty tori are responsible for the absorption features. It has been shown that for individual cases, the silicate emission feature in quasars can be well reproduced by adopting large size dust grains or modifying the dust compositions (Molster & Waters 2003; Smith et al. 2010).

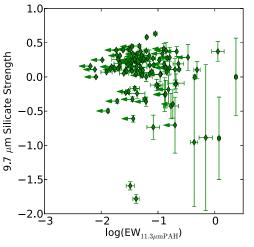


Figure 10. The 9.7  $\mu$ m silicate feature strength as a function of the 11.3  $\mu$ m aromatic feature equivalent width.

Figure 10 shows the 9.7  $\mu$ m silicate feature strength versus the EW of the 11.3  $\mu$ m aromatic feature. No relationship between the two is observed, which is also seen in other AGN samples (Hernán-Caballero et al. 2011). Unlike LIRGs and ULIRGs (Spoon et al. 2007; Stierwalt et al. 2013), our quasar sample does not show any deep silicate features (strength <-1.5) at any EW11.3 µmPAH, while LIRGs and ULIRGs contain a branch in this plane that shows deeper silicate features at decreasing  $EW_{11.3 \mu mPAH}$ , pointing to a population of deeply buried sources.

# 5. CONCLUSIONS

We report mid-IR spectroscopy and mid- and far-IR photometry of the PG and 2MASS samples of quasars. We analyze these data by fitting for spectral features due to aromatics and silicates. The broad-band IR SEDs of both guasar types are similar. However, the PG quasars tend to have silicates in emission and the 2MASS ones have them in absorption. We show that the SFRs estimated from the aromatic features and the far-IR luminosities of these quasars are consistent. Emission due to SF in the host galaxies dominates the outputs of these systems at 160  $\mu$ m, but at 70  $\mu$ m and low SFRs it is likely that the guasar contaminates the star-forming SED significantly. The peak wavelength of the "10  $\mu$ m" silicate feature tends to be longer than observed in the general ISM, suggesting that the grain properties are modified by proximity to the AGNs.

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