

Supplementary Information

Generating trunk neural crest from human pluripotent stem cells

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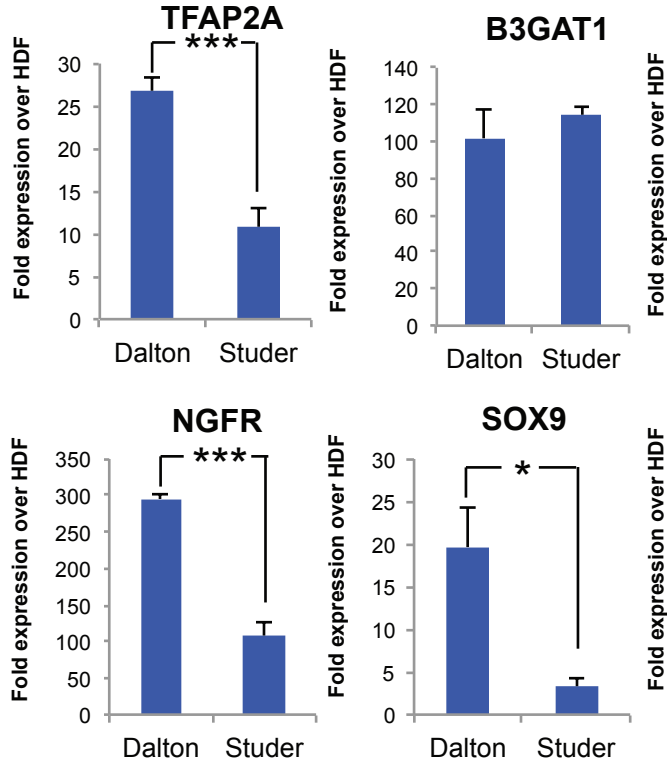
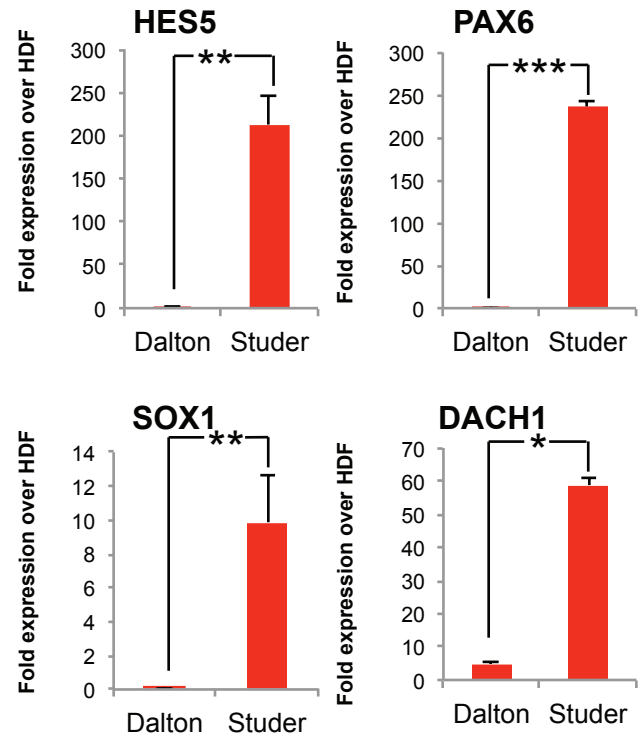
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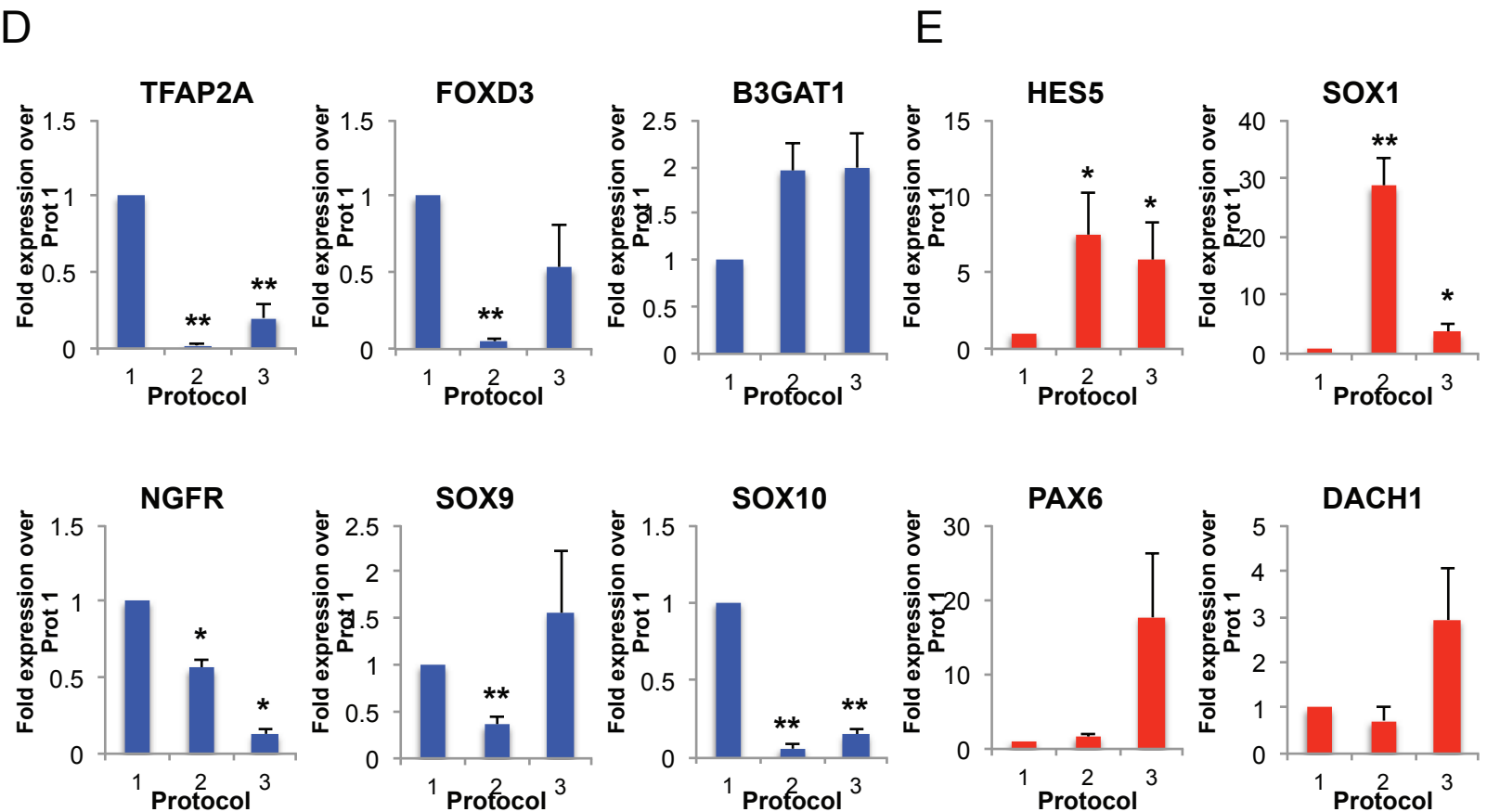
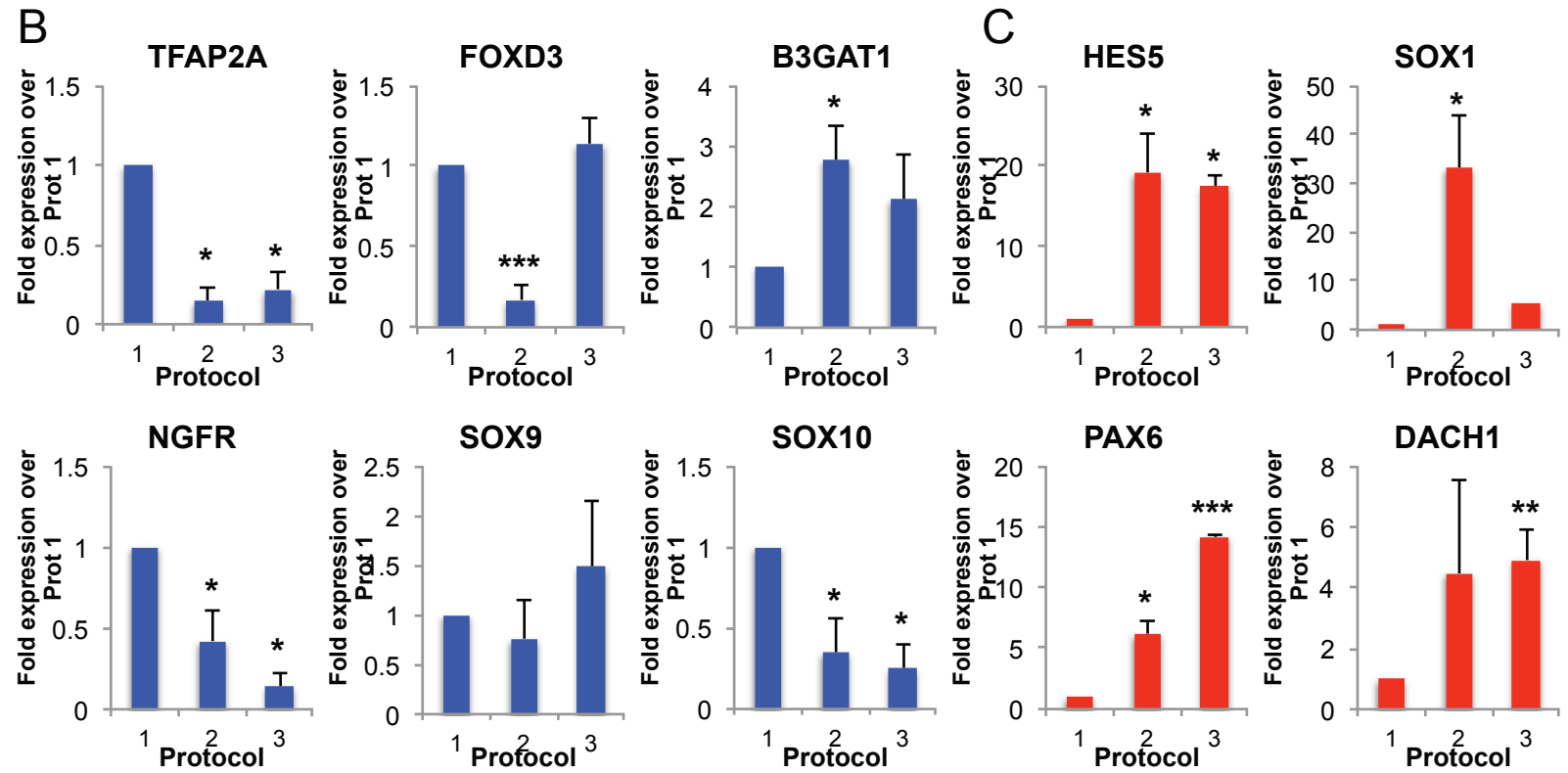
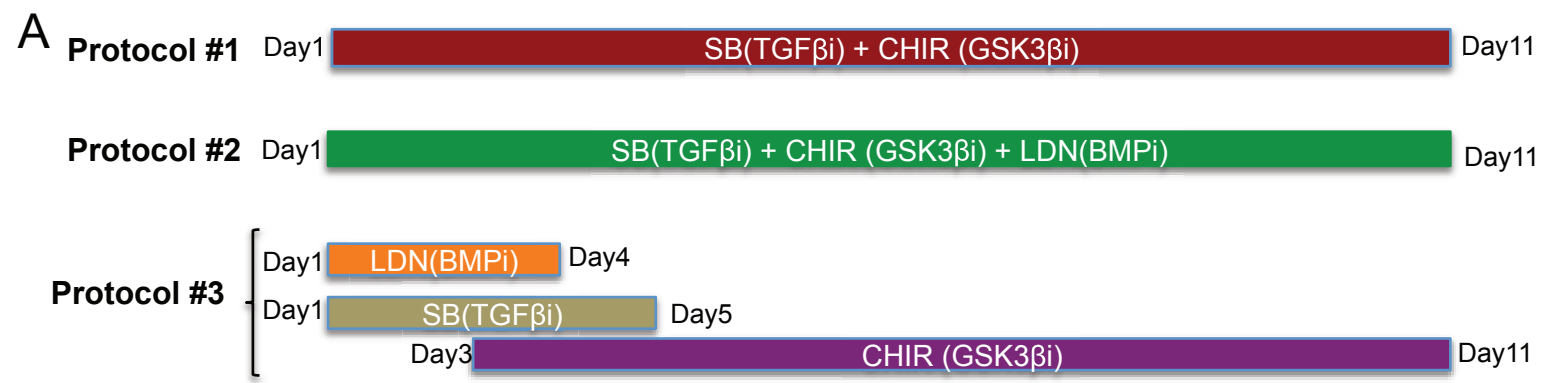
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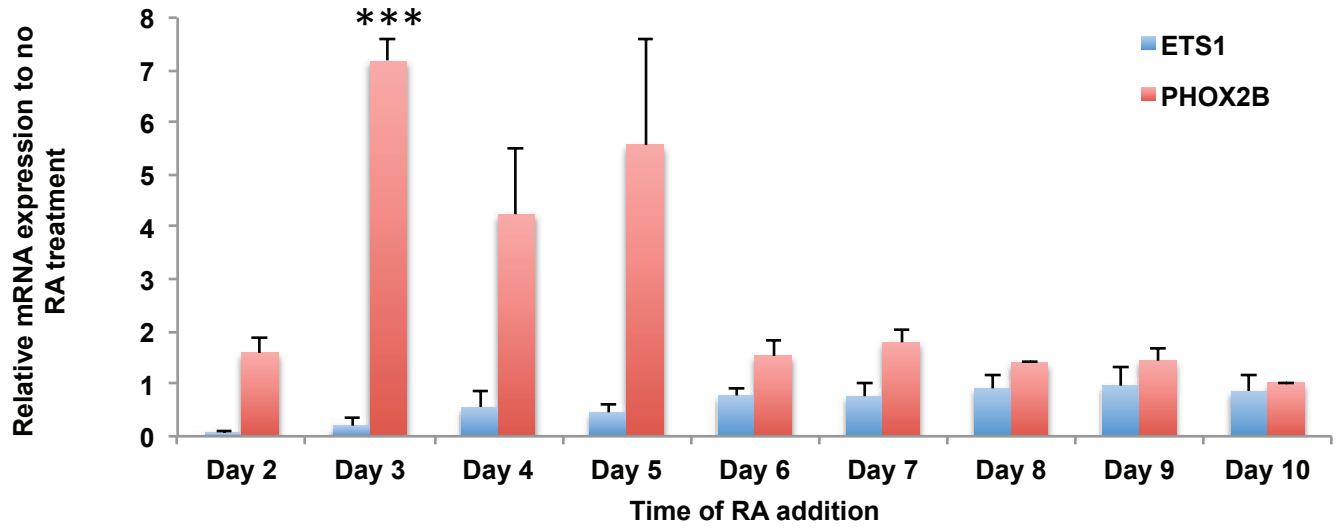
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A**B**

Supplementary Figure S1: WTC iPSC was differentiated toward NCC via protocols published by the Dalton or Studer lab. At the end of each protocol, expression of **(A)** NCC markers and **(B)** CNS-related markers were analyzed using RT-qPCR and compared against the expression of these markers in human dermal fibroblasts (HDF). Dalton protocol showed higher levels of NCC markers, while suppressing CNS markers compared to the Studer protocol. * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < 0.001$.



Supplementary Figure S2: (A) Schematic of 3 different optimizations of NCC differentiation. Protocol #1 is the original Dalton protocol using SB431542 and CHIR99021 only. Protocol #2 includes the addition of the BMP inhibitor LDN193189. Protocol #3 follows the same timeline of inhibitor treatment as in the Studer protocol. **(B, C)** H1 ESC and **(D, E)** WTC iPSC were differentiated toward NCC via all 3 protocols. At the end of each protocol, expression of NCC markers **(B, D)** or CNS-related markers **(C, E)** was analyzed using RT-qPCR and compared against the expression of these markers using the original Dalton protocol (Protocol #1). *p < 0.05, **p < 0.01, ***p < 0.001.



Supplementary Figure S3. RT-qPCR analysis for cranial (*ETS1*) and trunk (*PHOX2B*) markers from WTC cells differentiated with RA added starting at each day indicated, demonstrating that RA addition at Day 3, 4 or 5 resulted in maximal upregulation of trunk (*PHOX2B*) and suppression of cranial (*ETS1*) markers. ***p < 0.001